# TECHNICAL STANDARDS ON STRONG CUSTOMER AUTHENTICATION AND COMMON AND SECURE METHODS OF COMMUNICATION (AMENDMENT) INSTRUMENT 2021

## **Powers exercised**

- A. The Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA") makes this instrument in the exercise of the powers and related provisions in or under:
  - (1) the following Regulations of the Payment Services Regulations 2017:
    - (a) Regulation 106A (Technical Standards); and
  - (2) the following sections of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
    - (a) section 138P (Technical Standards);
    - (b) section 138Q (Standards instruments);
    - (c) section 138S (Application of Chapters 1 and 2);
    - (d) section 137T (General supplementary powers);
    - (e) section 138F (Notification of rules); and
    - (f) section 138I (Consultation by the FCA).

### **Pre-conditions to making**

- B. The FCA has consulted the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Bank of England as appropriate in accordance with section 138P of the Act.
- C. A draft of this instrument has been approved by the Treasury, in accordance with section 138R of the Act.

## Modifications

D. The FCA makes the amendments to the Technical Standards on Strong Customer Authentication and Common and Secure Methods of Communication in accordance with the Annex to this instrument.

## Commencement

E. This instrument comes into force on 3 March 2021.

# Citation

F. This instrument may be cited as the Technical Standards on Strong Customer Authentication and Common and Secure Methods of Communication (Amendment) Instrument 2021. By order of the Board 1 March 2021

### Annex

# Amendments to the Technical Standards on strong customer authentication and common and secure methods of communication

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

## Chapter 3

### **Exemptions from strong customer authentication**

Article 10

### **Payment account information**

•••

# Article 11

## **Contactless payments at point of sale**

Payment service providers shall be allowed not to apply strong customer authentication, subject to compliance with the requirements laid down in Article 2, where the payer initiates a contactless electronic payment transaction provided that the following conditions are met:

- (a) the individual amount of the contactless electronic payment transaction does not exceed  $\pounds 45 \underline{100}$ ; and
- (b) the cumulative amount of previous contactless electronic payment transactions initiated by means of a payment instrument with a contactless functionality from the date of the last application of strong customer authentication does not exceed £130 300; or
- (c) the number of consecutive contactless electronic payment transactions initiated via the payment instrument offering a contactless functionality since the last application of strong customer authentication does not exceed five.

. . .