# TRAINING AND COMPETENCE SOURCEBOOK (AMENDMENT No 9) INSTRUMENT 2021

#### **Powers exercised**

- A. The Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA") makes this instrument in the exercise of the following powers and related provisions in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "Act"):
  - (1) section 137A (The FCA's general rule-making power);
  - (2) section 137T (General supplementary powers); and
  - (3) section 139A (Power of the FCA to give guidance).
- B. The rule-making powers listed above are specified for the purpose of section 138G(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

#### Commencement

- C. Part 1 comes into force on 25 June 2021.
- D. Part 2 comes into force on 25 June 2022.

#### **Amendments to the Handbook**

E. The Training and Competence (TC) sourcebook is amended in accordance with the Annex to this instrument.

#### Citation

F. This instrument may be cited as the Training and Competence Sourcebook (Amendment No 9) Instrument 2021.

By order of the Board 24 June 2021

#### Annex

### **Amendments to the Training and Competence sourcebook (TC)**

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

#### Part 1: Comes into force on 25 June 2021

**2** Competence

#### 2.1 Assessing and maintaining competence

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Exemption from appropriate qualification requirements

- 2.1.9 R ...
  - (2) The conditions are that a *firm* should be satisfied that an *employee*:
    - (a) has at least three years' up-to-date relevant experience in the activity in question obtained while employed outside the *United Kingdom*;
    - (b) has not previously been required to comply fully with the relevant qualification requirements in *TC* 2.1.1R; and
    - (c) has passed the relevant regulatory module of an appropriate qualification;

but (b) and (c) do not apply to an *employee* who is benefiting from the "30-day rule" exemption in *SUP* 10A.10.8R or the "14 day rule" "30-day rule" exemption in *SYSC* 27.5.3R, unless the *employee* benefits from that rule because he is they are giving *personal* recommendations to retail clients on retail investment products, is are providing advice on P2P agreements to retail clients or is are a broker fund adviser.

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### **App 4.1** Appropriate Qualification tables

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Extent to which the qualification meets the qualification requirement in relation to non-RDR activities

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4.1.1C G ...

# **Part 2: Appropriate Qualifications Tables**

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Qualification provider	Qualification	Activity Number(s)	Key
Chartered Institute for Securities and Investment (CISI) -			
(Formerly the Securities and Investment Institute (SII); formerly The Securities Association)	Certificate in International Advanced Wealth Management (Level 4) (provided it is accompanied by appropriate examinations in Regulation and Ethics, Investment Principles and Risk and Personal Taxation)	2, 12	a
	Investment Advice Diploma (where candidate holds 3 modules including the securities module)	4 and 6	
	Investment Operations Certificate - Administration of Settlement & Investments Module (previously known as the Private Client Administration Module)	15, 16, 17	6
	Investment Operations Certificate - Transfer Agency Administration & Oversight Module	15, 16, 17	<u>6</u>

# App 6.1 Accredited bodies

## App 6.1.1 G

Intr	oducti	on	
Pro	cess fo	r including a body in the list of accredited bodies	
8.	spec obli <u>Han</u> para	FCA will enter into an agreement with the applicant or accredited body which will require the requirements that require the accredited body must to meet, among other gations, the criteria and expectations set out in this Appendix or other parts of the abook, as amended from time to time. These will include the matters set out in graphs 10 to 20. Approval as an accredited body becomes effective only when the e of the applicant is added to the Glossary definition of accredited body.	
Car	rying	out effective verification services	
11.	If independent verification of a <i>retail investment adviser</i> 's professional standards has been carried out by an <i>accredited body</i> , the <i>FCA</i> will expect the <i>accredited body</i> to provide the <i>retail investment adviser</i> with evidence of that verification in a <i>durable medium</i> and in a form agreed by the <i>FCA</i> . This is referred to in this Appendix and <i>TC</i> 2.1.28R <i>TC</i> 2.1 as a 'statement of professional standing'.		
14.	of u the a	The FCA will expect an accredited body to make it a contractual condition of membership (where a retail investment adviser is a member of the accredited body) or of using its verification service (where a retail investment adviser is not a member of the accredited body) that, as a minimum, the accredited body will not continue to verify a retail investment adviser's standards and will withdraw its statement of professional standing if it is provided with:	
	(a) (1)	it is provided with false information in relation to a <i>retail investment adviser's</i> qualifications or continuing professional development; or	
	(b) (2)	it is provided with a false declaration in relation to a <i>retail investment adviser's</i> compliance with <i>APER</i> or <i>COCON</i> (as applicable).; or	
	<u>(3)</u>	the retail investment adviser becomes subject to a prohibition order.	
	In this regard, an <i>accredited body</i> must have in place appropriate decision-making procedures with a suitable degree of independence and transparency.		

# Having appropriate systems and controls in place and providing evidence to the FCA of continuing effectiveness

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16. The FCA will expect an accredited body to have effective procedures in place for the management of conflicts of interest and have a well-balanced governance structure that engages a broad set of qualities and competences, with at least one member who is independent of the sector.

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## Ongoing cooperation with the FCA

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- 19. The FCA will expect an accredited body to share information as soon as reasonably practicable with the FCA (subject to any legal constraints, including those in data protection legislation) in relation to the professional standards of the retail investment advisers who use its service as appropriate. Examples might include conduct issues, complaints, dishonestly obtaining or falsifying qualifications or continuing professional development, or the accredited body's decision to withdraw or not renew a retail financial adviser's statement of professional standing. The FCA will expect an accredited body to notify the firm if issues such as these arise.
- 20. The FCA will expect an accredited body to submit to the FCA an annual, every 2 years, a report by a suitable independent auditor which sets out that auditor's assessment of the quality of the body's satisfaction of the criteria in paragraphs 10 to 19 in the preceding 12 24 months and whether, in the auditor's view, the body is capable of satisfying the criteria in the subsequent 12 24 months. The FCA will expect this annual report to be submitted to the FCA every 2 years, within three 3 months of the anniversary of the date on which the accredited body was added to the Glossary definition of accredited body.

#### Withdrawal of accreditation

21. If an accredited body fails or, in the FCA's view, is likely to fail to satisfy the criteria, the FCA will discuss this with the accredited body concerned. If, following a period of discussion, the accredited body has failed to take appropriate corrective action to ensure that it satisfies and will continue to satisfy the criteria, the FCA will withdraw the accredited body's accreditation. Withdrawal of an accredited body's accreditation will be reflected in the Handbook by removing its name from amending the list of accredited bodies published in under the Glossary definition of accredited body. The FCA will expect the body to notify each retail investment adviser holding a current statement of professional standing of the FCA's decision. A statement of professional standing issued by the accredited body before the withdrawal of accreditation will continue to be valid until its expiration.

## Part 2: Comes into force on 25 June 2022

- 2 Competence
- 2.1 Assessing and maintaining competence

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Notification requirements

- 2.1.31 R ...
- 2.1.31A R Where a *firm* is required, pursuant to *TC* 2.1.31R(3), to notify the *FCA* of a retail investment adviser's failure to comply with *APER* or *COCON*, the *firm* must also, within the same timeframe, send a similar notification to the accredited body that issued a statement of professional standing in respect of that retail investment adviser.

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