ENFORCEMENT (EU SECURITISATION REGULATION) INSTRUMENT 2019

Powers exercised

- A. The Financial Conduct Authority makes this instrument in the exercise of and/or under:
 - (1) the following powers and related provisions in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (a) section 139A (Power of the FCA to give guidance)
 - (2) the following provisions in or under the following provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Securitisation) Regulations 2018:
 - (a) regulation 9 (Statements of policy);
 - (b) paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 (Application of sections 66 to 70 of the Act);
 - (c) paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 (Application of Part 11 of the Act (information gathering and investigations));
 - (d) paragraph 4 of Schedule 1 (Application of part 14 of the Act (disciplinary measures)); and
 - (e) paragraph 7 of Schedule 1 (Application of Part 26 of the Act (notices)).

Commencement

B. This instrument comes into force on 3 January 2019.

Amendments to the Handbook

- C. The Glossary is amended in accordance with Annex A to this instrument.
- D. The Decision Procedure and Penalties manual (DEPP) is amended in accordance with Annex B to this instrument.

Material outside the Handbook

E. The Enforcement Guide (EG) is amended in accordance with Annex C to this instrument.

Citation

F. This instrument may be cited as the Enforcement (EU Securitisation Regulation) Instrument 2019.

By order of the Board 2 January 2019

Annex A

Amendments to the Glossary definitions

Insert the following new definition in the appropriate alphabetical position. The text is not underlined.

UK Securitisation the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Securitisation)

Regulations 2018 (SI 2018/1288).

Annex B

Amendments to the Decision Procedure and Penalties manual (DEPP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text.

2 Statutory notices and the allocation of decision making

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2 Annex Warning notices and decision notices under the Act and certain other 1G enactments

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UK Benchmark Regulations 2018	Description	Handbook reference	Decision maker
UK Securitisation Regulations	<u>Description</u>	<u>Handbook</u> <u>reference</u>	<u>Decision</u> <u>maker</u>
Regulation 19(1)(a) and 20(1)(a)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to impose a temporary prohibition relating to management functions under regulation 5		<u>RDC</u>
Regulation 19(1)(b) and 20(1)(b)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to publish a statement under regulation 7		<u>RDC</u>
Regulation 19(1)(c) and 20(1)(c)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to impose a financial penalty under regulation 8		<u>RDC</u>
Regulation 19(1)(d) and 20(1)(d)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to refuse an application under regulation 13		RDC or executive procedures (see Note)
Regulation 19(1)(e) and 20(1)(e)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to cancel the authorisation of a third-party verification service otherwise		<u>RDC</u>

	than at its request under regulation 16	
Regulation 19(1)(f) and 20(1)(f)	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to refuse a request to cancel the authorisation of a third-party verification service under regulation 17	RDC or executive procedures (see Note)
Paragraph 1 of Schedule 1	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to take action against an individual by exercising the disciplinary powers conferred by section 66* to publish a statement or impose a financial penalty as applied by paragraph 1 of schedule 1	<u>RDC</u>
Paragraph 4 of Schedule 1	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to publish a statement (under section 205) or impose a financial penalty (under section 206) as applied by paragraph 4 of schedule 1	<u>RDC</u>
Paragraph 6 of Schedule 1	when the FCA is proposing or deciding to require restitution	<u>RDC</u>

[Note:

The decision to give a *warning notice* will be taken by *FCA* staff under *executive procedures*. If representations are made in response to a *warning notice* then the *RDC* will take the decision to give a *decision notice*. Otherwise the decision to give a *decision notice* will be taken by *FCA* staff under *executive procedures*.]

2 Annex Supervisory notices 2G

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UK Benchmark	Description	Handbook	Decision
Regulations 2018		reference	maker
Regulation 6(6)	when the FCA is exercising its power under regulation 6(2) to impose, vary or cancel a requirement on its own initiative		Executive procedures

UK Securitisation Regulations	<u>Description</u>	<u>Handbook</u> <u>reference</u>	<u>Decision</u> <u>maker</u>
Regulation 15(3) and (6)	when the FCA is exercising its powers under regulation 14 to temporarily withdraw authorisation, vary the period for which a temporary withdrawal has effect or revoke the temporary withdrawal to provide a third-party verification service		Executive procedures
Regulation 22(3) and (6)	when the FCA is exercising its powers under regulation 21 to impose a temporary ban, vary the period for which a temporary ban has effect or revoke a temporary ban to provide simple, transparent and standardised (STS) notifications		Executive procedures

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Sch 3 Fees and other required payments

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3.2G

The FCA's power to impose financial penalties are contained in:	
the UK Benchmarks Regulations 2018	
the UK Securitisation Regulations	

Sch 4 Powers Exercised

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The following additional powers and related provisions have been exercised by the *FCA* to make the statements of policy in *DEPP*:

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Regulation 23 (Application of Part 26 of the Act (notices)) of the *UK Benchmarks Regulations 2018*

Regulation 9 (Statements of Policy) of the UK Securitisation Regulations

Paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 (Application of sections 66 to 70 of the Act) of the *UK* Securitisation Regulations

<u>Paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 (Application of Part 11 of the Act (information gathering and investigation)) of the UK Securitisation Regulations</u>

<u>Paragraph 4 of Schedule 1 (Application of Part 14 of the Act (disciplinary measures)) of the *UK Securitisation Regulations*</u>

Application of Part 26 of the Act (notices) of the UK Securitisation Regulations

Annex C

Amendments to the Enforcement Guide (EG)

Insert the following new section after EG 19.37 (UK Benchmarks Regulations 2018). The text is not underlined.

19.38 UK Securitisation Regulations

- 19.38.1 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* implement the *Securitisation Regulation*. The *FCA* has investigative and enforcement powers in relation to both criminal and non-criminal breaches of the *UK Securitisation Regulations*, *Securitisation Regulation* and any directly applicable EU regulation made under the *Securitisation Regulation*.
- 19.38.2 The Securitisation Regulation and the UK Securitisation Regulations seek to make the securitisation market work more effectively. They aim to address some of the harms to investors identified in these markets following the financial crisis, including the lack of adequate disclosure, and the misalignment between issuers' and investors' interests. The new framework consolidates existing requirements and strengthens the legislation on securitisation. The Securitisation Regulation and the UK Securitisation Regulations promote transparency and appropriate due diligence by investors for securitisation investments. They create a framework for simple, transparent and standardised (STS) securitisations. This framework will help to reduce the harm from investors making badly-informed decisions because they fail to understand and appropriately analyse the risks in their securitisation investments.
- 19.38.3 The FCA's approach to enforcement under the UK Securitisation Regulations, whether the person is authorised or not, will mirror our general approach to enforcing the Act, as set out in EG 2. We will seek to exercise our enforcement powers in a manner that is transparent, proportionate, responsive to the issue and consistent with our publicly stated policies. We will also seek to ensure fair treatment when exercising our enforcement powers. Finally we will aim to change the behaviour of the person who is the subject of our action in order to:
 - (1) deter future non-compliance by others;
 - (2) eliminate any financial gain or benefit from non-compliance; and
 - (3) remedy the harm caused by the non-compliance.
- 19.38.4 The regulatory powers which the *UK Securitisation Regulations* provide to the *FCA* include the power:
 - (1) to require information and appoint investigators;

- (2) of entry and inspection;
- (3) to publicly censure;
- (4) to impose financial penalties;
- (5) to apply for an injunction or restitution order;
- (6) to require restitution; and
- (7) to impose temporary prohibitions on individuals holding management functions.
- 19.38.5 In addition, the *UK Securitisation Regulations* provide the power for the *FCA* to take criminal or non-criminal action for misleading the *FCA*.
- 19.38.6 The *UK Securitisation Regulations*, for the most part, mirror the *FCA*'s investigative, sanctioning and regulatory powers under the *Act*. The *FCA* has decided to adopt procedures and policies in relation to the use of those powers akin to those we have under the *Act*. Key features of the *FCA*'s approach are described below.
 - The conduct of investigations under the UK Securitisation Regulations
- 19.38.7 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* apply much of Part 11 of the *Act*. The effect of this is to apply the same procedures under the *Act* for appointing investigators and requiring information when investigating breaches of the *Securitisation Regulation* and the *UK Securitisation Regulations*.
- 19.38.8 The *FCA* will notify the subject of the investigation that we have appointed investigators to carry out an investigation under the *UK Securitisation*Regulations and the reasons for the appointment, unless notification is likely to prejudice the investigation or otherwise result in it being frustrated. The *FCA* expects to carry out a scoping visit early on in the enforcement process in most cases. The *FCA*'s policy in non-criminal investigations under the *UK*Securitisation Regulations is to use powers to compel the provision of information in the same way as we would in the course of an investigation under the *Act*.
 - Decision making under the UK Securitisation Regulations
- 19.38.9 The decision-making procedures for those decisions under the *UK Securitisation Regulations* requiring the giving of a *warning notice*, *decision notice* or a *supervisory notice* are dealt with in *DEPP*.
- 19.38.10 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* do not require the *FCA* to have published procedures for commencing criminal prosecutions. However, in these situations the *FCA* expects that we will normally follow our decision-making procedures for the equivalent decisions under the *Act*, as set out in *EG* 12.

- 19.38.11 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* do not require the *FCA* to have published procedures to apply to the court for an injunction or restitution order. However, the *FCA* will normally follow our decision-making procedures for the equivalent decisions under the *Act*, as set out in *EG* 10 and *EG* 11.
- 19.38.12 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* require the *FCA* to give third party rights as set out in section 393 of the *Act* and to give access to certain material as set out in section 394 of the *Act* as applied by the *UK Securitisation Regulations*.
- 19.38.13 Certain *FCA* decisions may be referred to the Tribunal by an aggrieved party.

 Imposition of penalties under the UK Securitisation Regulations
- 19.38.14 When determining whether to take action to impose a penalty or to issue a public censure under the *UK Securitisation Regulations* the *FCA's* policy includes having regard to the relevant factors in *DEPP* 6.2 and *DEPP* 6.4. The *FCA's* policy in relation to determining the level of a financial penalty includes having regard, where relevant, to *DEPP* 6.5 to *DEPP* 6.5B and *DEPP* 6.5D.
- 19.38.15 As with cases under the *Act*, the *FCA* may settle or mediate appropriate cases involving non-criminal breaches of the *UK Securitisation Regulations* to assist us to exercise our functions under the *UK Securitisation Regulations* in the most efficient and economic way. See *DEPP 5*, *DEPP 6.7* and *EG 5* for further information on the settlement process and the *settlement discount scheme*.
 - Imposition of disciplinary prohibitions under the UK Securitisation Regulations
- 19.38.16 The FCA may impose under the UK Securitisation Regulations a temporary prohibition in respect of an individual holding an office or position involving responsibility for taking decisions about the management of an originator, sponsor or SSPE. When determining whether to impose a temporary prohibition and what the length of any temporary prohibition would be the FCA will have regard to the factors set out in DEPP 6A.
 - Statement of policy in section 169(7) (as implemented by the UK Securitisation Regulations)
- 19.38.17 The *UK Securitisation Regulations* apply section 169 of the *Act* which requires the *FCA* to publish a statement of policy on the conduct of certain interviews in response to request from overseas regulators. For the purposes of the *UK Securitisation Regulations* the *FCA* will follow the procedures described in *DEPP* 7.