#### HANDBOOK ADMINISTRATION (NO 34) INSTRUMENT 2014

#### Powers exercised by the Financial Ombudsman Service Limited

- A. The Financial Ombudsman Service Limited makes the guidance and varies the standard terms in Annex F (DISP) to this instrument for Voluntary Jurisdiction participants in the exercise of the following powers and related provisions in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
  - (1) section 227 (Voluntary jurisdiction); and
  - (2) paragraphs 8 (Guidance), 18 (Terms of reference to the scheme) and 22 (Consultation) of Schedule 17 (The Ombudsman Scheme).
- B. The making of the changes in Annex F by the Financial Ombudsman Service Limited is subject to the consent and approval of the Financial Conduct Authority.

# Powers exercised by the Financial Conduct Authority

- C. The Financial Conduct Authority makes this instrument in the exercise of the powers and related provisions listed in Schedule 4 (Powers exercised) to the General Provisions of the Handbook.
- D. The rule-making powers referred to above are specified for the purpose of section 138G(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.
- E. The Financial Conduct Authority consents to the changes in Annex F to this instrument being made by the Financial Ombudsman Service Limited.

#### Commencement

- F. This instrument comes into force as follows:
  - (1) Part 2 of Annex F (DISP) comes into force on 22 July 2014;
  - (2) Part 1 of Annex D (CASS) comes into force on 1 December 2014;
  - (3) Part 2 of Annex A (Glossary) and Part 2 of Annex D (CASS) come into force on 1 June 2015; and
  - (4) the remainder of this instrument comes into force on 1 July 2014.

#### Amendments to the FCA Handbook

G. The modules of the FCA's Handbook of rules and guidance listed in column (1) below are amended in accordance with the Annexes to this instrument listed in column (2).

(1)	(2)
Glossary of definitions	Annex A
Fees manual (FEES)	Annex B
Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (BIPRU)	Annex C

Client Assets sourcebook (CASS)	Annex D
Supervision manual (SUP)	Annex E
Dispute Resolution: Complaints sourcebook (DISP)	Annex F
Consumer Credit sourcebook (CONC)	Annex G
Investment Funds sourcebook (FUND)	Annex H

# Amendments to the material outside the Handbook

H. The Perimeter Guidance manual (PERG) is amended in accordance with Annex I to this instrument.

#### **Notes**

I. In the Annexes to this instrument, the "notes" (indicated by "Note:") are included for the convenience of readers but do not form part of the legislative text.

#### Citation

J. This instrument may be cited as the Handbook Administration (No 34) Instrument 2014.

By order of the Board of the Financial Ombudsman Service 23 June 2014

By order of the Board of the Financial Conduct Authority 26 June 2014

#### Annex A

# Amendments to the Glossary of definitions

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

# Part 1: Comes into force on 1 July 2014

(1) ...

(2) other than in (1) or (3), a day included in the calendar of trading days published by the appropriate regulator at [web addess tbc] [deleted]

(3) ...

## Part 2: Comes into force on 1 June 2015

standard method methods of ... internal client money reconciliation

#### Annex B

### Amendments to the Fees manual (FEES)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

[*Editor's Note:* The changes to FEES 3 Annex 1R and FEES 4 Annex 13G, Table 2, row (7), and the reinstatement of FEES 3 Annex 7R, confirm changes which have already been made administratively.]

# 3 Annex Authorisation fees payable 1R

• • •

Part 3 – Complexity Groupings relating to *credit-related regulated activity* 

. . .

Moderately complex cases				
Activity grouping	Description			
CC 2	Exercising, or having the rights right to exercise, the owner's rights and duties under a regulated consumer hire agreement			

• • •

. . .

# 3 Annex Fees where changes are made to firms' transaction reporting systems and the FCA is asked to check that these systems remain compatible with FCA systems

Hourly rate (£)	Method of calculating fee
<u>68.09</u>	The fee is calculated as follows:  (1) Determine the number of hours, or part of an hour, taken by the FCA (or any person acting on behalf of the FCA) to test the fee payer's transaction reporting systems for compatibility with the relevant FCA systems.  (2) Then multiply the figure in the first column by the number of hours or part hours obtained under (1). The resulting figure is the fee.  (3) The number of hours or part hours referred to in (1) shall be the

number of hours or part hours as recorded on the FCA's systems.

...

# 4 Annex Definition of annual income for the purposes of calculating fees in fee-blocks 11AR A.13, A.14, A.18 and A.19

Annual income definition

. . .

#### Where the relevant fee-block is A.19

For the purposes of calculating annual income for fee-block A.19, also include the following:

. . .

(h) if the *firm* is an *insurer* in relation to the activities in (a), the amount of *premiums* receivable on its *contracts of insurance* multiplied by  $0.7 \pm 0.07$ , excluding those *contracts of insurance* which:

. . .

...

# 4 Annex Guidance on the calculation of tariffs set out in FEES 4 Annex 1AR Part 3 13G

. . .

Table 2

...

•••						
Incl	Inclusions					
(7)	Annua	al income should include:				
	(b)	income received in relation to the provision of current account overdrafts interest charges, arrangement fees and <del>charges of credit cards by merchants</del> <u>credit cards charges</u> ;				
	(c) interchange charges for the use of credit cards by merchant					
	( <del>d)</del> ( <u>c)</u>	any payment from a <i>parent</i> to facilitate the discounting or forgoing of any amounts that would otherwise be charged in full to a <i>client</i> , to the extent that the payment exceeds the "fair value" price reported in accordance with paragraph (5) above;				
	(e) earnings from those who will become its appointed representatives					

<u>(d)</u>	immediately after authorisation; and
( <del>f)</del> ( <u>e)</u>	administrative charges and any interest from income related to its credit-related regulated activity.

...

# Reporting requirements

6.5.13 R (1) Unless exempt under *FEES* 6.2.1R or *FEES* 6.2.1AR, a *participant* firm must provide the *FSCS* by the end of February each year (or, if it has become a *participant firm* part way through the financial year, by the date requested by the *appropriate regulator*) with a statement of:

. . .

...

#### Annex C

# Amendments to the Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (BIPRU)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

8.2 Scope and basic consolidation requirements for UK consolidation groups
...

Definition of UK consolidation group

...

8.2.6 G BIPRU 8 Annex 2G (Examples of how to identify a UK consolidation group) sets out examples of how to identify a UK consolidation group.

[deleted]

#### Annex D

#### Amendments to the Client Assets sourcebook (CASS)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

#### Part 1: Comes into force on 1 December 2014

6.2.14 R ...

- (1) ...
  - (b) The *firm* must ensure that an unconditional undertaking in the terms set out in (1)(a) is made by a member of its *group* and there is suitable information available for relevant *clients* to identify the member of the *group* granting the undertaking.
- (2) Any undertaking under this *rule* must be:
  - (a) authorised by the *firm's governing body* where (1)(a) applies or the *governing body* of the *group* member where (2) (1)(b) applies;

...

(c) retained by the *firm*, and, where  $\frac{(2)}{(1)(b)}$  applies, by the *group* member, indefinitely.

...

# **Transitional Provisions and Schedules**

#### **TP1** Transitional Provisions

# TP 1.1

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Material to which the transitional provision applies		Transitional provision	Transitional provision: date in force	Handbook provisions: coming into force
10B	CASS 7.2.8AAR to CASS 7.2.8ER 7.2.8AER	R	(1) These <i>rules</i> do not apply in respect of a business relationship with a particular <i>client</i> that existed before 1 December	From 1 December 2014 to 1 June 2015	1 December 2014

	2014, unless and until the terms governing the relationship are materially amended on or after that date. <i>Firms</i> must comply with this <i>rule</i> in respect of any such relationship that is entered into on or after 1 December 2014.  (2) Where the <i>rules</i> in column (2) are disapplied by (1), <i>CASS</i> 7.2.8R to <i>CASS</i> 7.2.11G will continue to apply as they were in force as at 30 November 2014.	

. . .

# Schedule 1 Record keeping requirements

# Sch 1.3G

Handbook reference	Subject of record	Contents of record	When record must be made	Retention period
CASS 7.2.8ADR 7.2.8AER	Client's agreement to firm's use of exemption in CASS 7.2.8R	Client's written agreement	At the time of client's agreement	During the time the firm makes use or intends to make use of the exemption in CASS 7.2.8R in respect of that client's monies
CASS 7.4.19AR to CASS 7.4.1CR 7.4.19CR	Alternative approach alternative approach mandatory prudent segregation record	Details of <i>money</i> segregated under <i>CASS</i> 7.4.18BR required by these <i>rules</i>	Maintain up to date	Five years (after the firm ceases to retain <i>money</i> as client money under CASS 7.4.18BR)

•••		

#### Part 2: Comes into force on 1 June 2015

7.10.38 R (1) A trustee firm to which CASS 7.10.34R applies may elect that:

- (a) the applicable provisions of *CASS* 7.13 (Segregation of client money) and *CASS* 7.15 (Records, accounts and reconciliations) under *CASS* 7.10.34R; and
- (b) and any further provisions it elects to comply with under *CASS* 7.10.35R(1);

will apply separately and concurrently for each distinct trust that the *trustee firm* acts for.

...

. . .

7.11.21 R (1) ...

(a) ...

(ii) ... <u>; .</u>

. . .

7.11.34 R *Money* ceases to be *client money* (having regard to *CASS* 7.11.40R where applicable) if:

. . .

(9) it is transferred by the *firm* to a *clearing member* in connection with a *regulated clearing arrangement* and the *clearing member* remits payment directly to the *indirect clients* of the *firm* in accordance with *CASS* 7.11.38R(2) 7.11.37R(2); or

...

. . .

7.15.11 R If a *firm* draws a cheque, or other payable order, to discharge its fiduciary duty to its *clients* (see *CASS* 7.11.40R), it must continue to record its obligation to its *clients* until the cheque, or other payable order, is presented and paid by the bank.

7.15.31 R If any discrepancy is identified by an *external client money reconciliation*, the *firm* must investigate the reason for the discrepancy and take all reasonable steps to <u>correct resolve</u> it without undue delay, ...

...

7.16.1 G (1) Firms are required to carry out an internal client money reconciliation each business day (CASS 7.15.12R and CASS 7.15.15R). This section sets out methods of reconciliation that are appropriate for these purposes (the standard method methods of internal client money reconciliation).

...

• • •

7.16.14 G ...

(2) ...

(b) The calculation in *CASS* 7.16.22E permits a *firm* to calculate either one *individual client balance* across all its products <u>and business lines</u> for each *client* or a number of *individual client balances* per <u>for each client</u> equal to the number of products <u>or business lines</u> operated by the *firm* <del>for each client</del> in <u>connection</u> with that *client* (see *CASS* 7.16.22E(1)).

. . .

7.16.16 R Subject to CASS 7.16.25R and CASS 7.16.37R, under this method the *client money requirement* must be calculated by taking the sum of, for all *clients* and across all products and accounts:

• • •

(3) any amounts that have been segregated as *client money* according to the *firm's* records under any of the following: *CASS* 7.13.51R(1) (*prudent segregation record*), *CASS* 7.13.66R (*alternative approach mandatory prudent segregation record*) and/<u>or</u> *CASS* 7.13.74R (*clearing arrangement mandatory prudent segregation record*).

- 7.16.19 G A firm which utilises the net negative add-back method may:
  - (1) A firm which utilises the net negative add-back method may calculate its client money requirement and client money resource on a bank account by bank account basis;
  - (2) for For the purposes of CASS 7.16.17R, a firm should take into account any amounts that have been segregated as *client money* according to the firm's records under either or both CASS 7.13.50R

(prudent segregation record) and CASS 7.13.66R (alternative approach mandatory prudent segregation record).

...

- 7.16.22 E (1) A *firm* may calculate either:
  - (a) one *individual client balance* for each of its *clients* client, based on the total of the *firm's* holdings for each that client; or
  - (b) a number of *individual client balances* per for each *client*, equal to the number of products or business lines the *firm* operates for each that *client* and each balance based on the total of the *firm's* holdings for that *client* in respect of the particular product or business line.

...

(4) Compliance with (1), (2), and (3) and (4) may be relied on as tending to establish compliance with CASS 7.16.21R.

. . .

7.16.24 G If a *firm* calculates each *individual client balance* on a product-by-product <u>or business line-by-business line</u> basis under *CASS* 7.16.22E(1)(b), the result should be that the *firm* does not net *client* positions across all products and accounts.

...

7.16.27 G (1) In accordance with CASS 7.16.25R(5), where a firm has allowed another person to hold client money in connection with a client's non-margined transaction (eg, in a client transaction account under CASS 7.14 (Client money held by a third party), ...

. . .

. . .

7.16.36 R A firm with a Part 30 exemption order which also operates an LME bond arrangement for the benefit of US-resident investors must exclude the client equity balances fort transactions undertaken on the LME on behalf of those US-resident investors from the calculation of the margined transaction requirement, to the extent those transactions are provided for by an LME bond arrangement (see CASS 12.2.3G).

# Schedule 1 Record keeping requirements

# Sch 1.3G

Handbook reference	Subject of record	Contents of record	When record must be made	Retention period
CASS 7.15.7R	Internal client money reconciliations and external client money reconciliations conducted carried out by the firm	Date, actions the <i>firm</i> took in carrying out the relevant process, and the outcome of its calculation of its <i>client money requirement</i> and <i>client money resource</i> . Fact of each reconciliation and review of the <i>firm's</i> arrangements for complying with <i>CASS</i> 7.15.5R to <i>CASS</i> 7.15.8R 7.15.7R.	Immediate	Not specified (see default provision CASS 7.15.5R(3))
•••				
<i>CASS</i> 7.15.24R	Frequency of the firm's external client money reconciliations	Sufficient to show and explain decision taken under <i>CASS</i> 7.15.232R 7.15.23R when determining frequency	Immediate	<ul><li>(1) Subject to (2), indefinitely.</li><li>(2) For any decision which is superseded by a subsequent decision, five years from the subsequent decision (with (1) applying to the subsequent decision).</li></ul>

# **Schedule 2 Notification Requirements**

# Sch 2.1G

Handbook reference	Matter to be notified	Contents of notification	Trigger event	Time allowed
•••				
CASS 6.57R(1) 6.6.57R(1)	Inability to comply with the requirements in CASS 6.6.2R to CASS 6.6.4R (Records, accounts and reconciliations)	The fact that the <i>firm</i> has not complied or is unable, in any material respect, to comply with the requirements and the reasons for that	Non-compliance or inability, in any material respect, to comply with the requirements	Without delay
CASS 6.57R (2) 6.6.57R(2)	Non-compliance or material inability to comply with the requirements in CASS 6.6.2R (Records, accounts and reconciliations) or articles 89(1)(b) or 89(1)(c) (Safekeeping duties with regard to assets held in custody) of the AIFMD level 2 regulation	The fact that the firm has not complied or is materially unable to comply with the requirements and the reasons for that	Non-compliance or material inability to comply with the requirement	Without delay
CASS 7.12.42R 7.11.47R				

## Annex E

# Amendments to the Supervision manual (SUP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

3.8	Rigl	Rights and duties of auditors			
•••					
	Coo	Cooperation with the appropriate regulator			
•••					
3.8.4	R	An auditor of a <i>firm</i> must give any <i>skilled person</i> appointed by the <i>firm</i> or appointed by the <i>appropriate regulator</i> all assistance that <i>person</i> person reasonably requires (see <i>SUP</i> 5 and section 165(5) of the <i>Act</i> (Reports by skilled persons).			
12.3	What responsibility does a firm have for its appointed representatives or EEA tied agent?				
12.3.3	G	In determining whether the <i>firm</i> has committed any <u>offence</u> <u>offence</u> , however, the knowledge or intentions of an <u>appointed representative</u> are not attributable to the <i>firm</i> , unless in all the circumstances it is reasonable for them to be attributed to it (section 39(6) of the <i>Act</i> ).			

#### Annex F

# Amendments to the Dispute Resolution: Complaints sourcebook (DISP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

# Part 1: Comes into force on 1 July 2014

# 2 Annex Regulated activities for the Voluntary Jurisdiction at 1 April 2014 1G

...

The activities which (at 1 April 2014) were *regulated activities* were, in accordance with section 22 of the *Act* (The classes of activity and categories of investment), any of the following activities specified in Part II of the *Regulated Activities Order*:

. . .

which is carried on by way of business and relates to a *specified investment* applicable to that activity or, in the case of (20), (21), (21A), (22), (22A), (22B), (22C), (22D), (22E) and (23), is carried on in relation to property of any kind or, in the case of (40A) or (40B) relates to information about a *person's* financial standing.

## Part 2: Comes into force on 22 July 2014

#### 2.5 To which activities does the Voluntary Jurisdiction apply?

2.5.1 R The *Ombudsman* can consider a *complaint* under the *Voluntary Jurisdiction* if:

• • •

(2) it relates to an act or omission by a *VJ participant* in carrying on one or more of the following activities:

...

(c) activities (which at 1 April 22 July 2014) would be covered by the *Compulsory Jurisdiction*, if they were carried on from an establishment in the *United Kingdom* (these activities are listed in *DISP* 2 Annex 1G);

. . .

• • •

# 2 Annex Regulated activities for the Voluntary Jurisdiction at <del>1 April</del> <u>22 July</u> 2014 1G

. . .

The activities which (at 1-April 22 July 2014) were *regulated activities* were, in accordance with section 22 of the *Act* (The classes of activity and categories of investment), any of the following activities specified in Part II of the *Regulated Activities Order*:

...

- (20) establishing, operating or winding up a collective investment scheme (article 51(1)(a);
- (21) acting as trustee of an authorised unit trust scheme (article 51(1)(b));
- (21A) acting as the depositary of an authorised contractual scheme (article 51(1)(bb));
- (22) acting as the depositary or sole director of an open-ended investment company (article 51(1)(c));

. . .

which is carried on by way of business and relates to a *specified investment* applicable to that activity or, in the case of (20), (21), (21A), (22), (22A), (22B), (22C), (22D), (22E) and (23), is carried on in relation to property of any kind or, in the case of (40A) or (40B) relates to information about a *person's* financial standing.

#### Annex G

### Amendments to the Consumer Credit sourcebook (CONC)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

Conduct of business

2.5.3 R A firm must:

. . .

(9) take reasonable steps not to pass a *customer's* personal data to a business which carries on a *credit-related regulated activity* for which the business has no *permission* for that activity.

[Note: paragraph 3.9x of *CBG*]

. . .

Unfair business practices: credit brokers

2.5.8 R A *firm* must not:

...

(13) give preference to the <u>credit</u> products of a particular *lender* where the object of doing so is for, or can reasonably be concluded as having been for, the personal gain of the *firm* or of a *person* acting on its behalf, rather than in the best interests of the *customer*;

[**Note**: paragraph 4.41k of *CBG*]

• • •

...

Terms and conditions, and form

2.7.6 R A *firm* must communicate to the *consumer* all the contractual terms and conditions and the information referred to in the distance marketing disclosure *rules* (*CONC* 2.7.2R to *CONC* 2.7.5R) in a durable medium durable medium. That information must be made available and accessible to the *consumer* in good time before the *consumer* is bound by any *distance* contract or offer.

[**Note**: regulation 8(1) of SI 2004/2095]

[Note: articles 4(5) and 5(1) of the *Distance Marketing Directive*]

...

2.10	Men	ental capacity guidance					
2.10.2	G						
		(3)	References in this section to a <i>firm's</i> knowledge, understanding, observation, suspicion, assumption or belief <u>includes</u> <u>include</u> that of the <i>firm's</i> employees, <i>appointed representatives</i> , agents and any others who act on behalf of the <i>firm</i> .				
			[ <b>Note</b> : footnote 2 of <i>MCG</i> ]				
	Prac	tices an	d procedures				
2.10.10	G						
		(2)	CONC 7.2.1R require requires firms to establish and implement arrears policies and procedures, which include policies and procedures for the fair and appropriate treatment of <i>customers</i> the <i>firm</i> understands or reasonably suspects of having mental capacity limitations.				
2 Annex 1R		Distance marketing information					
		•••					
I		Inform	Information about the contract				
		(12)	The existence or absence of any right to cancel under section 66A or 67 of the <i>CCA</i> or the cancellation <i>rules</i> in <i>CONC</i> 11.1 and, where there is such a right, its duration and the conditions for exercising it, including information on the amount which the <i>consumer</i> may be required to pay (or which may not be returned to the <i>consumer</i> ) in accordance with those <u>provisions or <i>rules</i></u> , as well as the consequences of not exercising the right to cancel.				

# 2 Annex 2R Abbreviated distance marketing information

. . .

•••	
(5)	The existence or absence of a <u>any</u> right to cancel in accordance with the cancellation provisions or <i>rules</i> (in sections 66A or 67 of the <i>CCA</i> or in <i>CONC</i> 11.1) and, where the right to cancel exists, its duration and the conditions for exercising it, including information on the amount the <i>consumer</i> may be required to pay on the basis of the cancellation <u>provisions or rules rules</u> .

• • •

#### **3** Financial promotions and communications with customers

...

Where?

3.1.9 R ...

(3) the communication or approval for communication of a financial promotion that is an electronic commerce communication to a person in an EEA State other than  $\frac{1}{10}$  the UK;

. . .

. . .

#### Guidance on misleading introductions

3.3.11 G Misleading a *customer* as to the availability of a particular <u>credit</u> product is likely to include stating or implying that the *firm* will introduce the *customer* to a provider of a standard personal loan based on repayment by instalments or of an overdraft facility on a current account (for example, a bank or building society) or of a credit card, but instead introducing the *customer* to a provider of *high-cost short-term credit*.

[Note: paragraph 3.9p (box) of CBG]

. . .

Risk warnings

...

3.4.2 G The Money Advice Service has granted a licence to use the logo referred to in CONC 3.4.1R(3) for the purposes of that <u>rule rule</u>. The terms of the licence are available from the Money Advice Service.

...

### Restricted expressions

3.5.12 R ...

(3) In this *rule*, "cash purchaser" means a <u>person person</u> who, for money consideration, acquires *goods*, *land* or other things or is provided with services under a transaction which is not financed by *credit*.

. . .

#### Restricted expressions

3.6.8 R ...

(3) In this *rule* "cash purchaser" means a <u>person</u> <u>person</u> who for money consideration, acquires *goods*, *land* or other things or is provided with services, under a transaction which is not financed by *credit*.

. . .

#### Credit brokers' status

...

3.7.4 G A *firm* should in a *financial promotion* or in a communication with a *customer*:

• • •

(2) indicate to the *customer* in a prominent way the existence of any financial arrangements with a *lender* that might impact upon the *firm's* impartiality in promoting a *credit credit* product to a *customer*;

[Note: paragraphs 2.2, 6th bullet and 4.6 of *CBG*]

(3) only describe itself as independent if it is able to provide access to a representative range of eredit <u>credit</u> products from the relevant product market on competitive terms and is not constrained in providing such access, for example, because of one or more agreements with <u>lenders</u>; and

[**Note**: paragraph 4.5 of *CBG*]

...

• • •

# **3.10** Financial promotions not in writing

3.10.1 R This section applies:

(1) to a financial promotion in relation to consumer credit lending, credit broking, debt counselling, debt adjusting, operating an electronic systems system in relation to lending in relation to prospective borrowers or borrowers under P2P agreements;

...

. . .

### 4 Pre-contractual requirements

• • •

4.1.3 R ...

(4) When a *firm* provides a quotation to a *customer* in connection with a prospective *credit agreement* which would <u>or might</u> be secured on *land* and under which *repayments* would be made in a currency other than sterling, the *firm* must include (or cause to be included) in the quotation the following statement ...

. . .

...

4.2.7 G In deciding on the level and extent of explanation required by *CONC* 4.2.5R, the *lender* or *credit broker* should consider (and each of them should ensure that anyone acting on its behalf should consider), to the extent appropriate to do so, factors including:

• • •

(4) the channel or medium through which the <u>credit</u> transaction takes place.

[Note: paragraph 3.4 of *ILG*]

. . .

Refunds of brokers' fees

6.8.5 G ...

(3) In circumstances where *individuals* request refunds and the *firm* knows, or ought to know, that agreements to which section 155 applies would not be entered into within six *months*, the *firm* should not make the *individuals* wait for the six-month month period to elapse before making the refund.

[Note: paragraphs 6.17 and 6.18 of CBG]

. . .

# 7.3 Treatment of customers in default or arrears (including repossessions): lenders, owners and debt collectors

7.3.1 G ...

(2) In relation to *debt collecting* and *debt administration*, the definitions of *customer* and *borrower* are given extended meanings to include, as well as those other people they generally include, a person providing a guarantee or indemnity under a *credit agreement* and also a person person to whom rights and duties are under the agreement are passed by assignment or operation of law. This reflects article 39M of the *Regulated Activities Order*.

. . .

# 8.3 Pre contract information and other advice requirements

8.3.1 R A *firm* must (except where the contract is a *credit agreement* to which the *disclosure regulations* apply) provide sufficient information, on in a *durable medium*, when the *customer* first enquires about the *firm's* services, about the following matters to enable the *customer* to make a reasonable decision:

. . .

. . .

Prudential resources requirement

...

10.2.7 G The definition of *relevant debts under management* refers to a debt due under a *credit agreement* or a *consumer hire agreement* in relation to which the *firm* is carrying on *debt adjusting* or an activity connected to that activity. The reference to "debt due" covers not only amounts that are payable at the time the prudential resources requirement is calculated but also amounts the *borrower* or *hirer* is presently obliged to pay under the *credit agreement* or the *consumer hire agreement* in the future.

. . .

Requirements for firms with interim permission for credit-related regulated activities

. . .

12.1.4 R ...

Module	Disapplication or modification

Threshold Conditions (COND)	Guidance applies with necessary modifications to reflect Chapter 4 of Part 8 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No 2) Order 2013 (see Note 1).			
	Note 1	A firm is treated as having an interim permission on and after 1 April 2014 to carry on eredit related regulated activity credit-related regulated activity under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 if it met the conditions set out in Chapter 4 of Part 8 of that Order. Section 55B(3) of the Act (satisfaction of threshold conditions) does not require the FCA or PRA to ensure that the firm will satisfy, and continue to satisfy, in relation to the eredit related regulated activities credit-related regulated activities for which it has an interim permission, the threshold conditions for which that regulator is responsible. The FCA or PRA can, however, exercise its power under section 55J of the Act (variation or cancellation on initiative of regulator) or under section 55L of the Act (in the case of the FCA) or section 55M of the Act (in the case of the PRA) (imposition of requirements by the regulator) in relation to a firm if, among other things, it appears to the FCA or PRA that the firm is failing, or is likely to fail, to satisfy the threshold conditions in relation to the eredit related regulated activities credit-related regulated activities for which it has an interim permission for which the regulator is responsible. The guidance guidance in COND should be read accordingly.		

..

# Guidance on the duty to give information under sections 77, 78 and 79 of the Consumer Credit Act 1974

. . .

The copy agreement

## 13.1.4 G ...

- (7) Further, section 180(1)(b) of the *CCA* and regulation 3(2) of the Consumer Credit (Cancellation Notices and Copies of Documents) Regulations 1983 expressly allow certain matters to be omitted from the copy. There may be excluded from the copy of the executed agreement to be provided under these sections:
  - (a) any information relating to the *borrower*, *hirer* or surety, or information included for the use of the *lender* or *owner* only, which is not required to be included by the <u>CCA</u> or <u>by</u> any regulations made under the <u>CCA</u> as to the form and content of the agreement;

. . .

## 15 Second charge lending

• • •

15.1.6 G Where appropriate, the disclosure required by *CONC* 15.1.4R 15.1.5R should be explained orally to the *customer*.

[Note: paragraph 3.4 of SCLG]

. . .

## **Appendix 1** Total charge for credit rules

. . .

Statement of high net worth

1.4.7 R A statement of high net worth for the purposes of articles 60H(d) and 60Q(c) of the *Regulated Activities Order* must have the following form and content:

# "Statement of High Net Worth

...

is an individual of high net worth because he/she\*

(a) received during the previous financial year net income totalling an amount of not less that  $\underline{than} \, \pounds 150,000^*$ ; and/or

. . .

# Schedule 1 Record keeping requirements

...

Handbook reference	Subject of record	Contents of record	When record must be made	Retention period
6.6.3R		Specified details concerning taking articles in pawn pawn, redemption and sale of articles in pawn.		

#### Annex H

# Amendments to the Investment Funds sourcebook (FUND)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

## 3.11 Depositaries

. . .

Appointment of a single depositary

3.11.4 R An AIFM must, for each AIF it manages, ensure that:

...

- (2) the assets of the *AIF* are entrusted to the *depositary* for safekeeping in accordance with:
  - (a) for a *UK AIF*, *FUND* 3.11.21R and *FUND* 3.11.23R; or
  - (b) for an *EEA AIF*, the national laws and regulations in the *Home State* of the *AIF* implementing article 21(8) of *AIFMD*.

. . .

#### **TP 1** Transitional Provisions

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Material to which the transitional provision applies		Transitional provision	Transitional provision: date in force	Handbook provisions: coming into force
1					
<u>1A</u>	FUND 3.11.4R(2)	R	An AIFM that appoints a depositary in accordance with article 61(5) of AIFMD must ensure the assets of the AIF are entrusted to the depositary for safekeeping in accordance with the national laws and regulations of the EEA State of the competent authority of the depositary (as defined in article 4(1)(g) of AIFMD).	From 1 July 2014 until 22 July 2017.	1 July 2014
•••	_				

#### Annex I

# **Amendments to the Perimeter Guidance manual (PERG)**

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

## 1.4 General guidance to be found in PERG

. . .

1.4.2 G ...

Chapter:	Applicable to:	About:
PERG 13: Guidance on the scope of the Market in Financial Instruments Directive MiFID and the CRD IV (Directive on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms and the Regulation on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms)		

. . .

Guidance on the scope of the Market in Financial Instruments Directive

MiFID and the CRD IV (Directive on access to the activity of credit
institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and
investment firms and the Regulation on prudential requirements for credit
institutions and investment firms)