COMPENSATION SOURCEBOOK (DEPOSIT GUARANTEE SCHEMES DIRECTIVE AMENDMENTS) (NO 2) INSTRUMENT 2010

Powers exercised

- A. The Financial Services Authority makes this instrument in the exercise of the powers and related provisions in:
 - (1) the following sections of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (a) section 138 (General rule-making power);
 - (b) section 156 (General supplementary powers);
 - (c) section 157(1) (Guidance);
 - (d) section 213 (The compensation scheme); and
 - (e) section 214 (General); and
 - (2) the other powers and related provisions listed in Schedule 4 (Powers exercised) to the General Provisions of the Handbook.
- B. The rule-making powers listed above are specified for the purpose of section 153(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

Commencement

C. This instrument comes into force on 31 December 2010.

Amendments to the Handbook

D. The Compensation sourcebook (COMP) is amended in accordance with the Annex to this instrument.

Citation

E. This instrument may be cited as the Compensation Sourcebook (Deposit Guarantee Schemes Directive Amendments) (No 2) Instrument 2010.

By order of the Board 16 December 2010

Annex

Amendments to the Compensation sourcebook (COMP)

In this Annex underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

- 7.2.3C G (1) For example, if the claimant's overall claim for protected deposits against a relevant person was for £100,000120,000, and the FSCS paid compensation of £50,00085,000 and took assignment of all the claimant's rights in relation to that claim, and made recoveries through those rights in the sum of £80,00096,000 (after the costs of recovery and of distribution), then:
 - (a) the recovery ratio would be 80% (£80,000 $\underline{96,000} \div £100,000$ 120,000);
 - (b) the compensation shortfall would be £50,000 $\underline{35,000}$ (£100,000 $\underline{120,000}$ £50,000 $\underline{85,000}$);
 - (c) the FSCS retention sum would be £40,000 $\underline{68,000}$ (80% x £50,000 85,000);
 - (d) the top up payment would be £40,000 28,000 (80% of £50,000 35,000);
 - (e) the total payment to the claimant would be £90,000 $\underline{113,000}$ (£50,000 $\underline{85,000}$ of compensation plus £40,000 $\underline{28,000}$ of top up payment); and
 - (f) the total outlay by the *FSCS*, net of the FSCS retention sum, would be £10,000 17,000 (20% x £50,000-85,000).
 - (2) In the example above, the amount recovered exceeds the amount of compensation. However, *COMP* 7.2.1R also applies where the amount recovered is less than the amount of compensation. Therefore, for example, if the claimant's overall *claim* for *protected deposits* against a *relevant person* was for £100,000 120,000, and the *FSCS* paid compensation of £50,000 85,000 and took assignment of all the claimant's rights in relation to that claim, and made recoveries through those rights in the sum of £20,000 24,000 (after the costs of recovery and of distribution), then:
 - (a) the recovery ratio would be 20% (£20,000 $\underline{24,000} \div £100,000$ $\underline{120,000}$);
 - (b) the compensation shortfall would be £50,000 $\underline{35,000}$ (£100,000 $\underline{120,000}$ £50,000 $\underline{85,000}$);
 - (c) the FSCS retention sum would be £10,000 17,000 (20% x

£50,000 85,000);

- (d) the top up payment would be £ $10,000 \ 7,000$ (20% of £ $50,000 \ 35,000$);
- (e) the total payment to the claimant would be £60,000 92,000 (£50,000 85,000 of compensation plus £10,000 7,000 of top up payment); and
- (f) the total outlay by the *FSCS*, net of the FSCS retention sum, would be £40,000 68,000 (80% x £50,000 85,000).

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10.2.3 R Table Limits

This table belongs to COMP 10.2.1R

Type of claim	Level of cover	Maximum payment
Protected deposit or protected dormant account	100% of claim	£50,000 or €50,000 whichever is the greater on the date the relevant person is determined to be in default or the date the protected deposit was due and payable, if later. £85,000 [Note: article 7(1) articles 7(1a) and 7(1b) of the Deposit Guarantee Directive]

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Incoming EEA firms that accept deposits through UK branches and have not obtained top-up cover

16.3.3 R An *incoming EEA firm* that *accepts deposits* through a *UK branch* and has not obtained *top up cover* must disclose the following information to any *deposit* holder with that *branch* who is or is likely to be eligible to claim for compensation from the *firm's Home State* compensation scheme.

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Incoming EEA firms that accept deposits through UK branches and have obtained

top-up cover

16.3.4 R An *incoming EEA firm* that *accepts deposits* through a *UK branch* and has obtained *top-up cover* must disclose the following information to any *protected deposit* holder with that *firm* who is or is likely to be an *eligible* claimant.

"Important information about compensation arrangements

We are part of [insert name of *firm*] which is based in [insert name of *Home State*]. Most depositors are covered by [insert name of *Home State* compensation scheme] compensation scheme which is also based in [insert name of *Home State*]. In addition, for depositors with our UK branch we have joined the UK compensation scheme, the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS).

This means that if our bank is unable to meet its financial obligations, eligible depositors with our UK branch could claim up to £ [insert *Home State* compensation scheme maximum payment for *deposits*] from the [insert name of *Home State* compensation scheme] and if they have more saved with us, they could also claim for the remainder up to [insert *FSCS* maximum payment for *protected deposits*] from the FSCS.

This is because the [insert name of *Home State* compensation scheme] is only responsible for paying the first part of the compensation up to £ [insert *Home State* compensation scheme maximum payment for *deposits*] and the FSCS is only responsible for paying the second part of compensation—being above £ [insert *Home State* compensation scheme maximum payment for *deposits*] and up to [insert *FSCS* maximum payment for *protected deposits*].

The FSCS will also try to help depositors with our UK branch, for example, to get in touch with the [insert name of *Home State* compensation scheme] compensation scheme and to understand the process involved.

For further information on how compensation would apply to you please contact:

• [insert name of *firm*] by dropping into one of our branches, at [insert website link] or by calling [insert phone number].

General information is also available from:

- the FSCS by calling [insert FSCS phone number] or at www.fscs.org.uk/.
- [insert name of *Home State* compensation scheme] compensation scheme by contacting [insert relevant phone number and website link]. [deleted]

TP 1.1 Transitional Provisions Table

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Material to which the transitional provision applies		Transitional Provision	Transitional provision: dates in force	Handbook Provisions: coming into force
24	COMP 10.2.3R	<u>R</u>	The change to the limit for protected deposits made by the Compensation Sourcebook (Deposit Guarantee Schemes Directive Amendments) (No 2) Instrument 2010 does not apply in relation to a claim against a relevant person that was in default before 31 December 2010.	From 31 December 2010 indefinitely	31 <u>December</u> 2010

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