Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls

Chapter 19D

Dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code

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Detailed provisions on voiding and recovery (SYSC 19D.3.66R and SYSC 19D.3.67R)

Rendering contravening provisions of agreements void								
1	R	Any provision of an agreement that contravenes a prohibition on <i>persons</i> being <i>remunerated</i> in a way specified in a <i>rule</i> to which this <i>rule</i> applies (a 'contravening provision') is void.						
2	R	A contravening provision does not cease to be void because:						
		(1)		oncerned ceases to satisfy any of the conditions set out D.3.67R(3) to (4); or				
		(2)	concerned	per of dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code staff I starts to satisfy both of the conditions set out in SYSC 7)(a) and (b).				
3	R	3 A contravening provision that, at the time a <i>rule</i> to which this <i>rule</i> applies was first made (including any previous <i>rules</i> in the <i>FCA Handbook</i>), is contained in an agreement made before that time is not rendered void by SYSC 19D Annex 1.1R, unless it is subsequently amended so as to contravene such a <i>rule</i> .						
4	G	The effect of SYSC 19D Annex 1.3R, in accordance with sections 137H and 137I of the <i>Act</i> , is to prevent contravening provisions being rendered void retrospectively. However, contravening provisions may be rendered void if they are contained in an agreement made after the <i>rule</i> containing the prohibition is made by the <i>FCA</i> but before the <i>rule</i> comes into effect.						
5	R	(1)	A pre-exis	ting provision is not rendered void by SYSC 19D Annex				
		(2)	agreemen	nex, a pre-existing provision is any provision of an that would (but for this <i>rule</i>) be rendered void by nnex 1.1R that was agreed at a time when either:				
			(a)	the <i>firm</i> concerned did not satisfy any of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(3) to (4); or				
			(b)	the member of <i>dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code staff</i> concerned satisfied both of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(7)(a) and (b).				
		(3)	is not to b	nendment to, or in relation to, a pre-existing provision be treated as a pre-existing provision where the amend-greed at a time when both:				
			(a)	the <i>firm</i> concerned satisfies at least one of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(3) to (4); and				
			(b)	the member of <i>dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code staff</i> concerned does not satisfy both of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(7)(a) and (b).				
6	R	For the purposes of this annex, it is immaterial whether the law which (apart from this annex) governs a contravening provision is the law of the <i>United Kingdom</i> , or of a part of the <i>United Kingdom</i> .						
Recovery of payments made or property transferred pursuant to a void contravening provision								

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Renderi	ng contraver	ing provisio	ns of agreem	ents void			
7	R	of a cont	In relation to any payment made or other property transferred in pursuance of a contravening provision other than a pre-existing provision, a <i>firm</i> must take reasonable steps to:				
		(1)	recover ar the <i>firm</i> ; a	y such payment made or other property transferred by and			
		(2)	ensure tha made or o	at any other <i>person</i> (P) recovers any such payment other property transferred by that <i>person</i> .			
8 R		SYSC 19D	SYSC 19D Annex 1.7R continues to apply in one or both of the following cases:				
		(1)		oncerned ceases to satisfy any of the conditions set out 0.3.67R(3) to (4);			
		(2)	concerned	er of dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code staff starts to satisfy both of the conditions set out in SYSC (a) and (b).			
9	G	a second continue vices pro ensure th	The <i>rule</i> in SYSC 19D Annex 1.7(2)R would, for example, apply in the context of a secondment. Where a <i>group</i> member seconds an individual to a <i>firm</i> and continues to be responsible for the individual's <i>remuneration</i> in respect of services provided to the <i>firm</i> , the <i>firm</i> would need to take reasonable steps to ensure that the <i>group</i> member recovers from the secondee any <i>remuneration</i> paid in pursuance of a contravening provision.				
Replacing payments recovered or property transferred							
a <i>person</i> who has received <i>ren</i> travening provision other than travening <i>remuneration</i>) unle opinion stating that the award				st not award, pay or provide variable remuneration to who has received remuneration in pursuance of a conprovision other than a pre-existing provision (the 'conremuneration') unless the firm has obtained a legal ating that the award, payment or provision of the remon complies with the dual-regulated firms Remuneration.			
		(2)		This <i>rule</i> applies only to variable <i>remuneration</i> relating to a performance year to which the contravening <i>remuneration</i> related.			
		(3)		opinion in (1) must be properly reasoned and be pro- n appropriately qualified independent individual.			
		(4)	Paragraph cases:	Paragraph (1) continues to apply in one or both of the followin cases:			
			(a)	the <i>firm</i> concerned ceases to satisfy any of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(3) to (4);			
			(b)	the member of <i>dual-regulated firms Remuneration Code staff</i> concerned starts to satisfy both of the conditions set out in SYSC 19D.3.67R(7)(a) and (b).			
Notification to the FCA							
11	G	significar SUP 15.3.1 Such a no other <i>pei</i>	The FCA considers any breach of a rule to which this annex applies to be a significant breach which should be notified to the FCA in accordance with SUP 15.3.11R (Breaches of rules and other requirements in or under the Act). Such a notification should include information on the steps which a firm or other person has taken or intends to take to recover payments or property in accordance with SYSC 19D Annex 1.7R.				