Chapter 5

Reports by skilled persons

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SUP 5/2

## Non-exhaustive list of examples of when the FCA may use the skilled person tool (This Annex belongs to SUP 5.3.1AG)

| Toolkit purpose       | Purpose for use of tool  | Examples of reasons for use of tool  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Diagnostic            | <ul> <li>To find out more about a concern (e.g. the result of a visit, risk assessment, or notification) and determine whether action is needed to mitigate a risk to the regulatory objectives or to determine whether there may have been a breach of a rule or of a threshold condition or, in the case of an RIE, failure to meet the recognised requirements.</li> <li>To assess the implications of, and firm's* response to, a change of circumstances e.g.</li> <li>proposed entry into new business area;</li> <li>new control structure;</li> <li>merger or take-over;</li> <li>new IT system; or</li> <li>launch of an E-Commerce venture.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Concern about effectiveness of the firm's* internal audit department.</li> <li>Concern about reliability of submitted financial returns.</li> <li>Inability of a firm* to quantify its current financial position.</li> <li>Assessment of consequences of incomplete customer files.</li> <li>Concern about quality of systems and controls.</li> <li>Indication of financial crime or money laundering.</li> <li>Concern about a firm's* controller.</li> <li>Assessment of control structure when a bank (specialising in consumer lending) diversifies into commercial lending.</li> </ul> |
| Diagnostic/monitoring | • To verify information provided to the FCA.   | <ul> <li>Verification of a specific return to<br/>give the FCA assurance of the qual-<br/>ity of information provided.</li> </ul>  |
|                       | <ul> <li>To collect information required by but not provided to the FCA by the firm*.</li> <li>To update information previously provided to the FCA but not kept up to date by the firm*.</li> </ul>   | • Failure by a <i>firm</i> * to provide or keep up to date information required by the <i>FCA</i> .  |
| Monitoring            | <ul> <li>To review systems and controls</li> <li>To complement baseline monitoring</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assessment of systems and controls in <i>firms*</i> where identified as a risk mitigation priority.</li> <li>In-depth review of part of a <i>firm*</i> which is material to the <i>firm</i>'s risk profile but of which the <i>FCA</i> does not consider it has an adequate, up-to-date understanding.</li> </ul>   |
| Preventative          | • To gather and analyse information on an identified risk and develop recommendations for resolution.  | Review of identified control weak-<br>nesses over <i>client money</i> to obtain<br>recommendations to ensure compli-<br>ance with the relevant <i>rules</i> .  |

| Toolkit purpose  | Purpose for use of tool  | Examples of reasons for use of tool   |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Remedial   | <ul> <li>To assist in the design of a customer redress programme.</li> <li>To assist in the design of a remedial action plan.</li> <li>To oversee and report on remedial action plan.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Where possible, the FCA has identified possible losses from failure to reconcile assets or from mis-posting of transactions to the general ledger.</li> <li>To report on quality of work undertaken and adherence to milestones in the action plan.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| * or, where applicable, the other <i>persons</i> in SUP 5.2.1 G. |  |   |  |  |

Non-exhaustive list of examples of when the FCA may itself appoint a skilled person rather than require a firm to do so

| Toolkit purpose                                   | Purpose for use of tool | Examples of reasons for use of tool  |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Diagnostic/ monitoring/<br>preventative/ remedial | (any of the above)      | <ul> <li>To provide a report or information that is urgently required.</li> </ul>  |
|   |                         | • To assert a greater degree of control over the appointment and oversight of the <i>skilled person</i> due to the sensitive nature of the matter concerned.   |
|   |                         | • To assert a greater degree of control over the appointment and oversight of the <i>skilled person</i> in circumstances where more than one <i>firm*</i> is the subject of the same report or information required. |