Own funds

Chapter 3

Own funds



3.1 **Application and purpose**

Application

- 3.1.1 This chapter applies to:
 - (1) a MIFIDPRU investment firm; and
 - a *UK parent entity* that is required by MIFIDPRU 2.5.7R to comply with MIFIDPRU 3 on the basis of its consolidated situation.
- 3.1.2 R This chapter also applies to a parent undertaking that is subject to the group capital test in accordance with ■ MIFIDPRU 2.6.5R, but with the following modifications:
 - (1) the definitions in MIFIDPRU 2.6.2R apply when calculating the own funds instruments of the parent undertaking for the purposes of the group capital test; and
 - (2) MIFIDPRU 3.2.2R and MIFIDPRU 3.2.3R do not apply, but ■ MIFIDPRU 3.7 applies instead.
- 3.1.3 For the purposes of this chapter:
 - (1) any reference to the "UK CRR" is to the UK CRR in the form in which it stood on 1 January 2022, read together with any CRR rules (as defined in section 144A of the Act) made by the PRA that applied on that date:
 - (2) where a term is not italicised but is defined in the UK CRR, the definition in the UK CRR applies;
 - (3) where this chapter applies to a parent undertaking that is not a firm, reference to a "MIFIDPRU investment firm" or a "firm" includes a reference to that parent undertaking; and
 - (4) where this chapter applies on the basis of the consolidated situation of an entity under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.1.1R(2), a reference in this chapter to a "firm" is a reference to the hypothetical single MIFIDPRU investment firm created under the consolidated situation.

Purpose

3.1.4 G

This chapter contains requirements for the calculation of a *MIFIDPRU* investment firm's own funds. These requirements are based on the provisions in Title I of Part Two of the *UK CRR*, but with the modifications set out in this chapter.

Supplementary provisions

3.1.5 G

■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R (Additional provisions relating to own funds) and ■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 8R (Prudent valuation and additional valuation adjustments) contain supplementary provisions that are relevant to certain rules in this chapter or certain requirements in the UK CRR that are crossapplied by rules in this chapter. A firm, UK parent entity or GCT parent undertaking that is applying a relevant rule in this chapter should therefore also refer to those annexes.



Composition of own funds and initial 3.2 capital

- 3.2.1 R The own funds of a firm are the sum of its:
 - (1) common equity tier 1 capital;
 - (2) additional tier 1 capital; and
 - (3) tier 2 capital.
- 3.2.2 A firm must, at all times, have own funds that satisfy all the following conditions:
 - (1) the firm's common equity tier 1 capital must be equal to or greater than 56% of the firm's own funds requirement under ■ MIFIDPRU 4.3;
 - (2) the sum of the firm's common equity tier 1 capital and additional tier 1 capital must be equal to or greater than 75% of the firm's own funds requirement under ■ MIFIDPRU 4.3; and
 - (3) the firm's own funds must be equal to or greater than 100% of the firm's own funds requirement under ■ MIFIDPRU 4.3.
- 3.2.3 A firm's initial capital must be made up of own funds.
- G 3.2.4 For the purposes of this chapter, the categorisation and the valuation of assets and off-balance sheet items should be carried out in accordance with the applicable accounting framework, unless a rule directs otherwise.



3.3 Common equity tier 1 capital

- 3.3.1 R
- (1) A *firm* must determine its *common equity tier 1 capital* in accordance with Chapter 2 of Title I of Part Two of the *UK CRR*, as modified by the *rules* in this section.
- (2) Any reference to the *UK CRR* in this section is to the *UK CRR* as applied by (1) and modified by the *rules* in this section.
- 3.3.1A R Article 34 of the *UK CRR* (Additional valuation adjustments) applies only in relation to positions held in a *firm's trading book*.
- 3.3.1B G
- (1) MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R contains supplementary provisions that may be relevant when a *firm* is calculating its *common equity tier 1 capital* under MIFIDPRU 3.3.1R.
- (2) MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 8R contains supplementary provisions that apply when a *firm* is calculating any additional valuation adjustments under article 34 of the *UK CRR* (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3.3.1AR).

Prior permission to include interim profits or year-end profits in common equity tier 1 capital

3.3.2 R

To apply for permission to include interim or year-end profits in its common equity tier 1 capital before the firm has taken a formal decision confirming the final profit or loss for the year in accordance with article 26(2) of the UK CRR, a firm must complete the form in ■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 1R and submit it to the FCA using the online notification and application system.

Prior permission and notification of issuances of common equity tier 1 capital

- 3.3.3 R
- (1) To apply for permission to classify an issuance of capital instruments as common equity tier 1 capital in accordance with article 26(3) of the UK CRR, a firm must complete the form in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 2R and submit it to the FCA using the online notification and application system.
- (2) To notify the FCA in accordance with article 26(3) subparagraph two of the UK CRR about subsequent issuances of capital instruments for which it has already received the permission in (1), a firm must complete the form in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 3R and submit it to the FCA using the online notification and application system.

3.3.4 G

- (1) Under article 26(3) of the UK CRR, a firm must normally obtain the FCA's permission before classifying an issuance of capital instruments as common equity tier 1 capital.
- (2) However, where a firm has already obtained permission from the FCA for a previous issuance of instruments that have been classified as common equity tier 1 capital, the firm is not required to obtain the FCA's permission for a subsequent issuance of the same form of instruments if:
 - (a) the provisions governing the subsequent issuance are substantially the same as the provisions governing the issuance for which the firm has already received permission; and
 - (b) the firm has notified the FCA of the subsequent issuance sufficiently far in advance of the classification of the relevant instruments as common equity tier 1 capital.
- (3) The FCA generally expects to receive a notification of a subsequent issuance of an existing form of common equity tier 1 capital instruments under article 26(3) of the UK CRR at least 20 business days before the firm intends to classify that issuance as common equity tier 1 capital.

Close correspondence between the value of a firm's covered bonds and the value of its assets

3.3.4A

When determining whether there is a close correspondence between the value of a firm's covered bonds and the value of the firm's assets for the purposes of article 33(3)(c) of the UK CRR, the Covered Bonds RTS applies with the following modifications:

- (1) any reference to an "institution" is a reference to the firm; and
- (2) any reference to "Regulation (EU) No 575/2013" is a reference to the UK CRR as applied and modified by the rules in MIFIDPRU.

[Note: article 33(4) of the UK CRR and BTS 523/2014.]

Deductions from common equity tier 1 capital

3.3.5 R For the purposes of *MIFIDPRU*:

- (1) MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R replaces article 36 of the UK CRR; and
- (2) any reference to article 36 of the UK CRR or any part of that article in the following is a reference to ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R (or the equivalent part of it):
 - (a) another provision of the UK CRR that is incorporated by reference into MIFIDPRU; or
 - (b) any technical standard that applies to a MIFIDPRU investment firm under a provision of the UK CRR to which (a) applies.

3.3.6 R A MIFIDPRU investment firm must deduct the following from its common equity tier 1 items:

- (1) losses for the current financial year;
- (2) intangible assets;
- (3) deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability;
- (4) the value of any defined benefit pension fund assets on the balance sheet of the firm after deducting the amount of any associated deferred tax liability where that liability would be extinguished if the assets became impaired or were derecognised under the applicable accounting framework;
- (5) direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the *firm* of its own *common* equity tier 1 instruments, including own common equity tier 1 instruments that the *firm* is under an actual or contingent obligation to purchase by virtue of an existing contractual obligation;
- (6) direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the common equity tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities have a reciprocal cross holding with the firm that the FCA considers has been designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the firm;
- (7) direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the *firm* of *common equity tier 1 instruments* of *financial sector entities* where the *firm* does not have a significant investment in those entities;
- (8) direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the *firm* of the *common* equity tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities where the firm has a significant investment in those entities;
- (9) the amount of items required to be deducted from additional tier 1 items under article 56 of the *UK CRR* that exceeds the additional tier 1 items of the *firm*; and
- (10) any tax charge relating to common equity tier 1 items foreseeable at the moment of its calculation, except where the *firm* suitably adjusts the amount of common equity tier 1 items insofar as such tax charges reduce the amount up to which those items may be used to cover risks or losses.
- (11) where a *firm* is a *partnership* or a *limited liability partnership*, the amount by which the aggregate of any amounts withdrawn by its *partners* or members exceeds the profits of the *firm*, except to the extent that the amount:
 - (a) has already been deducted from the *firm's own funds* as a loss under (1);
 - (b) was repaid in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3.3.16R(2) or MIFIDPRU 3.3.17R(2); or
 - (c) is already reflected in a reduction of the *firm's own funds* that was permitted under articles 77 and 78 of the *UK CRR*, as applied in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3.6 (General requirements for own funds instruments).

3.3.7 R

- (1) For the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R and MIFIDPRU 3.3.15R, holdings in a fund are to be treated as holdings in a non-financial sector entity.
- (2) The requirement in (1) does not affect the meaning of the terms "financial sector entity" or "non-financial sector entity" when used in any other context in the Handbook.

Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability

- 3.3.8 R A firm must deduct deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability from its common equity tier 1 items under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(3) without applying:
 - (1) article 39 of the UK CRR (tax overpayments, tax loss carry backs and deferred tax assets that do not rely on future profitability); or
 - (2) article 48 of the UK CRR (threshold exemptions from deduction from common equity tier 1 items).

Defined benefit pension fund assets on the firm's balance sheet

A firm must deduct defined benefit pension fund assets on its balance sheet 3.3.9 R from its common equity tier 1 items under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(4) without applying article 41 of the UK CRR (deduction of defined benefit pension fund assets).

Holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities

- 3.3.10 R
- (1) This rule applies to a firm's holdings of capital instruments that are not held in its trading book.
- (2) Subject to MIFIDPRU 3.3.14R, a firm must deduct its direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(7) without applying article 46 of the UK CRR (deduction of holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments where an institution does not have a significant investment in a financial sector entity).
- 3.3.11 The following provisions do not apply to common equity tier 1 instruments held in the *trading book* of a *firm*:
 - (1) MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(7); and
 - (2) article 46 of the UK CRR.
- 3.3.12 Subject to ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.14R, a firm must deduct its direct, indirect and synthetic holdings in the common equity tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(8) without applying article 48 of the UK CRR (threshold exemptions from deduction from common equity tier 1 items).

conditions are met:

Article 49 of the *UK CRR* (requirement for deduction where consolidation, supplementary supervision or institutional protection schemes are applied) does not apply for the purposes of this section.

Holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments issued by a financial sector entity within an investment firm group

A firm is not required to deduct holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments issued by a financial sector entity from the firm's common equity tier 1 items in accordance with ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R if all of the following

- (1) the financial sector entity forms part of the same investment firm group as the firm;
- (2) there is no current or foreseen material, practical or legal impediment to the prompt transfer of capital or repayment of liabilities by the *financial sector entity*;
- (3) the *investment firm group* is subject to prudential consolidation under MIFIDPRU 2.5; and
- (4) the risk evaluation, measurement and control procedures of a parent undertaking included within the consolidated situation of the UK parent entity of the investment firm group include the financial sector entity.

Qualifying holdings outside the financial sector

- (1) A *firm* must deduct from its common equity tier 1 items any amounts in excess of the following limits:
 - (a) a qualifying holding in a non-financial sector entity which exceeds 15% of the firm's own funds; and
 - (b) the total of all the *qualifying holdings* of the *firm* in *non-financial sector entities* which exceeds 60% of the *firm's own funds*.
 - (2) When calculating any amounts in (1), the following must not be included:
 - (a) shares in *non-financial sector entities* where any of the following conditions is met:
 - (i) the shares are held temporarily during a financial assistance operation referred to in article 79 of the *UK CRR*;
 - (ii) the holding of the shares is an underwriting position held for five *business days* or fewer; or
 - (iii) the shares are held in the name of the *firm* on behalf of others; and
 - (b) shares which are not fixed financial assets under Directive 86/635/ EEC UK law (as defined in article 4(1)(128B) of the *UK CRR*).

3.3.15

Common equity tier 1 instruments of partnerships

3.3.16

A partner's account in relation to a firm that is a partnership satisfies the conditions in article 28(1)(e) (perpetual) and article 28(1)(f) (reduction or repayment) of the UK CRR if:

- (1) capital contributed by partners is paid into the account; and
- (2) under the terms of the partnership agreement an amount representing capital may be withdrawn from the account by a partner ("A"), otherwise than with prior FCA consent pursuant to ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.2R or deemed consent under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R, only if:
 - (a) A ceases to be a partner and an equal amount is transferred to another partner's account by A's former partners or any person replacing A as their partner;
 - (b) any reduction in the capital credited to A's account is immediately offset by additional contributions of at least an equal aggregate amount to other partner accounts by one or more of A's partners (including any person becoming a partner of A at the time that the additional contribution is made);
 - (c) the partnership is wound up or dissolved; or
 - (d) the firm ceases to be authorised or no longer has a Part 4A permission.

Common equity tier 1 instruments of limited liability partnerships

3.3.17



A member's account in relation to a firm that is a limited liability partnership will meet the conditions in article 28(1)(e) (perpetual) and article 28(1)(f) (reduction or repayment) of the UK CRR if:

- (1) capital contributed by the members is paid into the account; and
- (2) under the terms of the *limited liability partnership* agreement, an amount representing capital may be withdrawn from the account by a partner ("B"), otherwise than with prior FCA consent pursuant to ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.2R or deemed consent under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R, only if:
 - (a) B ceases to be a member and an equal amount is transferred to another member account by B's former fellow members or any person replacing B as a member;
 - (b) any reduction in the capital credited to B's account is immediately offset by additional contributions of at least an equal aggregate amount to other member accounts by one or more of B's fellow members (including any person becoming a fellow member of B at the time that the additional contribution is made);
 - (c) the *limited liability partnership* is wound up or dissolved; or
 - (d) the firm ceases to be authorised or no longer has a Part 4A permission.



3.4 Additional Tier 1 capital

- 3.4.1 R
- (1) A *firm* must determine its *additional tier 1 capital* in accordance with Chapter 3 of Title I of Part Two of the *UK CRR*, as modified by the rules in this section.
- (2) Any reference to the *UK CRR* in this section is to the *UK CRR* as applied by (1) and modified by the *rules* in this section.
- 3.4.1A G

■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R contains supplementary provisions relating to the calculation of a *firm's additional tier 1 capital* and to write-down and conversion requirements for *additional tier 1 instruments*.

Trigger events and write-down or conversion

3.4.2 R

The following provisions of the *UK CRR* do not apply in relation to the additional tier 1 capital of a MIFIDPRU investment firm:

- (1) article 54(1)(a); and
- (2) article 54(4)(a).
- 3.4.3 R
- (1) A firm must specify in the terms of an additional tier 1 instrument one or more trigger events for the purposes of article 52(1)(n) of the UK CRR.
- (2) The trigger events specified under (1) must include a trigger event that occurs where the *common equity tier 1 capital* of the *firm* falls below a level specified by the *firm* that is no lower than 64% of the *firm's own funds requirement*.
- (3) Article 54 of the *UK CRR* applies as if references to the trigger event in article 54(1)(a) of the *UK CRR* are references to the trigger event in (1).
- (4) The full principal amount of an *additional tier 1 instrument* must be written down or converted when a trigger event occurs.
- 3.4.4 G

■ MIFIDPRU 3.4.3R requires that the principal amount of an additional tier 1 instrument will convert into common equity tier 1 capital or will be written down if the firm's common equity tier capital falls below a specified level. This level must be set at no lower than 64% of the firm's own funds requirement. The firm may set the relevant trigger at a higher level (such as

70% of its own funds requirement) if it wishes. The firm may also specify additional trigger events alongside the required trigger event in ■ MIFIDPRU 3.4.3R(1).

Holdings of additional tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities

3.4.5

R

- (1) This rule applies to a firm's holdings of capital instruments that are not held in its trading book.
- (2) A firm must deduct its direct, indirect and synthetic holdings in additional tier 1 instruments of financial sector entities under article 56(c) of the UK CRR without applying article 60 of the UK CRR (deduction of holdings of additional tier 1 instruments where an institution does not have a significant investment in a financial sector entity).
- (3) The requirement in article 56(c) of the UK CRR does not apply where ■ MIFIDPRU 3.4.7R applies.
- 3.4.6 The following provisions do not apply to additional tier 1 instruments held in the trading book of a firm:
 - (1) article 56(c) of the UK CRR; and
 - (2) article 60 of the UK CRR.

Holdings of additional tier 1 instruments issued by a financial sector entity within an investment firm group

3.4.7 R A firm is not required to deduct holdings of additional tier 1 instruments issued by a financial sector entity from the firm's additional tier 1 items in accordance with article 56 of the UK CRR if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) the financial sector entity forms part of the same investment firm group as the firm;
- (2) there is no current or foreseen material, practical or legal impediment to the prompt transfer of capital or repayment of liabilities by the financial sector entity;
- (3) the risk evaluation, measurement and control procedures of the parent undertaking include the financial sector entity; and
- (4) the group capital test under MIFIDPRU 2.5 does not apply to the investment firm group.



3.5 Tier 2 capital

- 3.5.1 R
- (1) A *firm* must determine its *tier 2 capital* in accordance with Chapter 4 of Title I of Part Two of the *UK CRR*, as modified by the *rules* in this section.
- (2) Any reference to the *UK CRR* in this section is to the *UK CRR* as applied by (1) and modified by the rules in this section.
- 3.5.1A G

■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R contains additional provisions relating to the calculation of a *firm's tier 2 capital*.

Holdings of tier 2 instruments of financial sector entities

- 3.5.2 R
- (1) This *rule* applies to a *firm's* holdings of capital instruments that are not held in its *trading book*.
- (2) A *firm* must deduct its direct, indirect and synthetic holdings in the *tier 2 instruments* of *financial sector entities* under article 66(c) of the *UK CRR* without applying article 70 of the *UK CRR* (deduction of tier 2 instruments where an institution does not have a significant investment in the relevant entity).
- (3) The requirement in article 66(c) of the *UK CRR* does not apply where MIFIDPRU 3.5.4R applies.
- 3.5.3 R

The following provisions do not apply to *tier 2 instruments* held in the *trading book* of the *firm*:

- (1) article 66(c) of the UK CRR; and
- (2) article 70 of the UK CRR.

Holdings of tier 2 instruments issued by a financial sector entity within an investment firm group

- 3.5.4 R
- A firm is not required to deduct holdings of tier 2 instruments issued by a financial sector entity from the firm's tier 2 items in accordance with article 66 of the UK CRR if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) the financial sector entity forms part of the same investment firm group as the firm;

- (2) there is no current or foreseen material, practical or legal impediment to the prompt transfer of capital or repayment of liabilities by the financial sector entity;
- (3) the risk evaluation, measurement and control procedures of the parent undertaking include the financial sector entity; and
- (4) the group capital test under MIFIDPRU 2.6 does not apply to the investment firm group.



3.6 General requirements for own funds instruments

- 3.6.1 R
- (1) A *firm* must comply with Chapter 6 of Title I of Part Two of the *UK CRR*, as modified by the *rules* in this section.
- (2) Any reference to the *UK CRR* in this section is to the *UK CRR* as applied by (1) and modified by the *rules* in this section.
- 3.6.1A G
- MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R contains additional provisions relating to the eligibility of instruments to be classified as *own funds* and to the reduction of *own funds*.

Reduction of own funds instruments

- 3.6.2 R
- To apply for permission for the purposes of articles 77 and 78 of the *UK CRR* to do any of the following, a *firm* must save in the circumstances set out in MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R, complete the form in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 4R and submit it to the *FCA* using the *online notification and application system*:
 - (1) reduce, redeem or repurchase any of its common equity tier 1 instruments:
 - (2) reduce, distribute or reclassify as another *own funds* item the share premium accounts related to any of its *own funds instruments*; or
 - (3) effect the call, redemption, repayment or repurchase of its additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments prior to the date of their contractual maturity;
- 3.6.3 R

Permission under ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.2R is deemed to have been granted if the following conditions are met:

- (1) either of the conditions in MIFIDPRU 3.6.4R apply;
- (2) at least 20 *business days* before the *day* on which the reduction, repurchase, call or redemption is proposed to occur, the *firm* has notified the *FCA* of:
 - (a) the proposed reduction, repurchase, call or redemption; and
 - (b) the basis on which the *firm* has concluded that either condition in (1) is satisfied;

- (3) the notification in (2) is made using the form in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 5R and submitted using the online notification and application system; and
- (4) the FCA has not notified the firm of any objection to the proposal before the day on which the reduction, repurchase, call or redemption is proposed to occur.

3.6.4 R The conditions referred to in ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R are that:

- (1) before or at the same time as the reduction, repurchase, call or redemption, the firm replaces the relevant own funds instruments with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality on terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the firm; or
- (2) the firm is redeeming additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments within five years of their date of issue and either:
 - (a) there is a change in the regulatory classification of the instruments that is likely to result in their exclusion from own funds or reclassification as a lower quality form of own funds, and both the following conditions are met:
 - (i) there are reasonable grounds to conclude that the change is sufficiently certain; and
 - (ii) the regulatory reclassification of the instruments was not reasonably foreseeable at the time of their issuance; or
 - (b) there is a change in the applicable tax treatment of those instruments which is material and was not reasonably foreseeable at the time of their issuance.

Notification of issuance of additional tier 1 and tier 2 instruments

R 3.6.5

- (1) A firm must notify the FCA at least 20 business days before the intended issuance date of the firm's intention to issue:
 - (a) additional tier 1 instruments; or
 - (b) tier 2 instruments.
- (2) The notification requirement in (1) does not apply if:
 - (a) the firm has previously notified the FCA of an issuance of the same class of additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments; and
 - (b) the terms of the new instruments are identical in all material respects to the terms of the instruments in the issuance previously notified to the FCA.
- (3) The notification under (1) must:

be submitted to the FCA through the online notification and application system using the form in ■ MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 6R; and

- (b) include the following:
 - (i) confirmation of whether the instruments are intended to be classified as additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments;

- (ii) confirmation of whether the instruments are intended to be issued to external investors or only to other members of the firm's group or connected parties;
- (iii) a copy of the term sheet and details of any features of the capital instrument which are novel, unusual or different from a capital instrument of a similar nature previously issued by the *firm* or widely available in the market;
- (iv) confirmation from a member of the firm's senior management or governing body who has oversight of the intended issuance that the instrument meets the conditions in MIFIDPRU 3.4 or MIFIDPRU 3.5 (as applicable, and including any conditions in the UK CRR applied by those sections) to be classified as additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments; and
- (v) a properly reasoned legal opinion from an appropriately qualified *individual*, confirming that the capital instruments meet the conditions in (iv).
- 3.6.6 G
- (1) MIFIDPRU investment firms that were classified as CRR firms immediately before 1 January 2022 should refer to ■ MIFIDPRU TP 1 for transitional provisions relating to own funds permissions that were issued, and notifications that were made, before that date.
 - Those *firms* should also refer to MIFIDPRU TP 7, which contains transitional provisions about capital instruments issued before 1 January 2022 and in respect of which the *firm* had not obtained *own funds* permissions or made notifications under the legal requirements in force at that time.
- (2) MIFIDPRU investment firms that were in existence immediately before 1 January 2022, but were not classified as CRR firms, should refer to ■ MIFIDPRU TP 7 for transitional provisions relating to own funds instruments issued before that date.
- (3) Parent undertakings should also refer to the following:
 - (a) ■MIFIDPRU TP 1, where they were subject to the *UK CRR* on an individual or a consolidated basis immediately before 1 January 2022 and had obtained permissions or made notifications under the *UK CRR* relating to *own funds* instruments issued before that date; or
 - (b) MIFIDPRU TP 7 in either of the following cases:
 - (i) where they were not subject to the UK CRR on either an individual or a consolidated basis immediately before 1 January 2022, but wish to rely on transitional provisions relating to capital instruments issued before that date; or
 - (ii) where they were subject to the *UK CRR* on an individual or a consolidated basis immediately before 1 January 2022, but wish to rely on transitional provisions relating to capital instruments issued before that date in respect of which the *parent undertaking* had not obtained *own funds* permissions or made notifications under the legal requirements in force at that time.

- 3.6.7 Firms that are proposing to classify an issuance of capital instruments as common equity tier 1 capital should refer to the obligations and guidance in ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.3R and ■ MIFIDPRU 3.3.4G. In particular, firms must obtain the FCA's prior permission for the first issuance of a class of instruments that is intended to comprise common equity tier 1 capital.
- 3.6.8 R (1) A UK parent entity must apply the modifications in (2) when either of the following apply on a consolidated basis in accordance with ■ MIFIDPRU 2.5.7R:
 - (a) MIFIDPRU 3.3.2R to MIFIDPRU 3.3.4G; and
 - (b) MIFIDPRU 3.6.5R.
 - (2) The Handbook provisions in (1)(a) and (b) apply as if a reference to:
 - (a) a "firm" is a reference to the UK parent entity;
 - (b) "capital instruments" is a reference to capital instruments issued by the UK parent entity;
 - (c) "additional tier 1 instruments" and "tier 2 instruments" is a reference to these instruments issued by the UK parent entity;
 - (d) "common equity tier 1 capital" is a reference to that type of capital as calculated on a consolidated basis.
- 3.6.9 Submitting a notification in accordance with ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.5R to ■ MIFIDPRU 3.6.8R does not guarantee that the relevant instruments meet the required conditions in ■ MIFIDPRU 3.4 or ■ MIFIDPRU 3.5 to qualify as own funds. The firm or parent undertaking must ensure that an instrument continues to meet the conditions to be counted as own funds, including if its terms are varied on a later date.

MIFIDPRU 3/18



3.7 Composition of capital for parent undertakings subject to the group capital test

- This section applies to a *parent undertaking* in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3.1.2R.
- 3.7.2 R A parent undertaking must, at all times, have own funds instruments that satisfy the following conditions:
 - (1) the parent undertaking's common equity tier 1 capital must be at least equal to:
 - (a) the sum of the book value of the parent undertaking's holdings of the common equity tier 1 capital of the relevant financial undertakings under MIFIDPRU 2.6.5R; plus
 - (b) the total amount of all the parent undertaking's contingent liabilities in favour of the relevant financial undertakings under
 ■ MIFIDPRU 2.6.5R;
 - (2) the sum of common equity tier 1 capital and additional tier 1 capital of the parent undertaking must be at least equal to the sum of:
 - (a) the amounts in (1)(a) and (1)(b); plus
 - (b) the sum of the book value of the parent undertaking's holdings in the additional tier 1 capital of the relevant financial undertakings under MIFIDPRU 2.6.5R; and
 - (3) the sum of the parent undertaking's own funds instruments must be at least equal to the total requirement under MIFIDPRU 2.6.5R.
- 3.7.3 G As explained in MIFIDPRU 2.6.6G, the *group capital test* effectively applies to each intermediate parent undertaking, as well as to the ultimate *parent undertaking* of the *investment firm group*.
- 3.7.4 R (1) Subject to (2), a parent undertaking must comply with:
 - (a) MIFIDPRU 3.3.2R to MIFIDPRU 3.3.4G when issuing own funds instruments which are intended to qualify as common equity tier 1 capital;
 - (b) MIFIDPRU 3.6.5R when issuing own funds instruments which are intended to qualify as additional tier 1 instruments or tier 2 instruments.

- (12) Where the Handbook provisions in (1)(a) and (b) apply, they apply as if a reference to:
 - (a) a "firm" is a reference to the parent undertaking;
 - (b) "capital instruments" is a reference to capital instruments issued by the parent undertaking;
 - (c) "additional tier 1 instruments" and "tier 2 instruments" is a reference to these instruments issued by the parent undertaking;
 - (d) "common equity tier 1 capital" is a reference to this type of capital as held by the parent undertaking.
- 3.7.5 R
- (1) This rule applies where a responsible UK parent applies the approach in ■ MIFIDPRU 2.6.7R(2)(a) in relation to an undertaking established in a third country.
- (2) Where this rule applies, a responsible UK parent must comply with ■ MIFIDPRU 3.7.4R in relation to any issuance of own funds instruments by the undertaking established in a third country.

Application under MIFIDPRU 3.3.2R - permission to include interim or year-end profits as CET1

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/form/mifidpru/MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 1R Application under MIFIDPRU 3.3.2R for permission to include interim or year-end profits as common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital before the firm.pdf

Application under MIFIDPRU 3.3.3R(1) - permission to classify capital instruments as CET1

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk//form/mifidpru/MIFIDPRU_3Annex2R_27.09.2022.pdf

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Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.3.3R(2) - issuance of additional capital instruments that have already been approved as CET1 instruments

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/form/MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 3R Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.3.3R(2) of issuance of additional capital instruments that have already been approved as CET1 instruments.pdf

Application under MIFIDPRU 3.6.2R - permission to reduce own funds instruments when neither condition in MIFIDPRU 3.6.4R applies

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/form/MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 4R Application under MIFIDPRU 3.6.2R for permission to reduce own funds instruments where neither condition in MIFIDPRU 3.6.4R applies.pdf

Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R - intended reduction in own funds instruments where a condition in MIFIDPRU 3.6.4R applies

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/form/MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 5R Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.6.3R of the intended reduction in own funds instruments where a condition in MIFIDPRU 3.6.4R applies.pdf

Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.6.5R of issuance of additional tier 1 or tier 2 instruments

[Editor's note: The form can be found at this address: https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/form/MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 6R Notification under MIFIDPRU 3.6.5R of the intended issuance of AT1 or T2 instruments.pdf

Additional provisions relating to own funds

Additional provisions relating to own funds

| | on and purpose | to o turius | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 7.1 | R | | pplies to any of the following entities when that en- nining its own funds under MIFIDPRU 3: | |
| | | (1) | a MIFIDPRU investment firm; | |
| | | (2) | a UK parent entity; and | |
| | | (3) | a GCT parent undertaking. | |
| 7.2 | G | the requiren | This annex contains additional <i>rules</i> and <i>guidance</i> that supplement the requirements in MIFIDPRU 3 and <i>UK CRR</i> (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) relating to the calculation of <i>own funds</i> . | |
| 7.3 | R | | Any reference in this annex to the <i>UK CRR</i> is to the <i>UK CRR</i> as applied and modified by MIFIDPRU 3. | |
| Definition | of cooperative soci | eties and similar (| undertakings | |
| 7.4 | R | R For the purposes of article 27(1)(a)(ii) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , a <i>firm</i> is a <i>cooperative society</i> where the following conditions are met: | | |
| | | (1) | the <i>firm</i> is a registered society within the meaning of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, or a society registered or treated as registered under the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act (Northern Ireland) 1969; | |
| | | (2) | with respect to common equity tier 1 capital, the firm is able to issue, under the applicable law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it) or the firm's statutes, at the level of the legal entity, only capital instruments referred to in article 29 of the UK CRR; | |
| | | (3) | where, under the applicable law of the <i>United Kingdom</i> (or any part of it), the holders of the <i>firm's common equity tier 1 instruments</i> (whether they are members or non-members of the <i>firm</i>) have the ability to resign and return the capital instrument to the <i>firm</i> , this must be subject to any applicable restrictions under the following: | |
| | | | (a) the law of the <i>United Kingdom</i> (or any part of it); | |
| | | | (b) the statutes of the firm; | |
| | | | (c) any provision of the <i>UK CRR</i> that is applied by <i>MIFIDPRU</i> ; and | |
| | | | (d) any provision of the <i>Handbook</i> . | |
| | [Note: article 4 of BTS 241/2014] | | | |
| 7.5 | R | For the purp similar instit | For the purposes of article 27(1)(a)(iv) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , a <i>firm</i> is a <i>similar institution</i> where the following conditions are met: | |

(1) with respect to common equity tier 1 capital, the firm is able to issue, under the applicable law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it) or the firm's statutes, at the level of the legal entity, only capital instruments referred to in article 29 of the UK CRR; and

(2)at least one of the following applies:

> where the holders of the firm's (a) common equity tier 1 instruments (whether they are members or non-members of the firm) have the ability to resign under the applicable law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it) and have the right to put the capital instrument back to the firm, this must be subject to any applicable restrictions under the following:

> > (i) the law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it);

> > > the statutes of

(ii) the firm;

any provision (iii) of the UK CRR that is applied by MIFIDPRU;

and

(iv) any provision of the

Handbook;

(b) the sum of capital, reserves and interim or year-end profits is not allowed, under the applicable law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it), to be distributed to holders of the common equity tier 1 instruments of the

firm, except where:

(i)

the common equity tier instruments grant the holders, on a going concern basis, a right to a part of the profits and reserves that is proportionate to their contribution to the capital and reserves of the firm or is other-

MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R/2

wise determined in ac

(ii)

cordance with an alternative arrangement, and in either case, this is permitted under applicable law;

the common equity tier 1 instruments grant the holders, in the case of the insolvency or liquidation of the firm, the right to reserves that need not be proportionate to the contribution to capital and reserves, provided that the conditions in article 29(4) and article 29(5) of the *UK* CRR are met; or

(iii)

the total amount or a partial amount of the sum of capital and reserves is owned by members of the firm who do not, in the ordinary course of business, benefit from direct distribution of the reserves, in particular through the payment of dividends.

[Note: article 7 of BTS 241/2014.]

7.6

R

MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.4R(3) and MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.5(2)(a) do not prevent the firm from issuing, whether under the law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it) or of a third country, common equity tier 1 instruments to members or non-members that comply with article 29 of the UK CRR and do not grant a right to return the capital instrument to the firm.

[Note: article 4(4) and article 7(4)(a) of BTS 241/2014.]

Distributions constituting disproportionate drags on capital or preferential distributions

7.7

R

(1)

This rule applies for the purpose of determining whether a distribution on an instrument intended to qualify as a common equity tier 1 capital instrument constitutes a disproportionate drag

■ Release 34 Mar 2024

on capital under article 28(1)(h)(iii) and 28(3) of the UK CRR.

- (2)References in this rule to the "dividend multiple" are to the dividend multiple referred to in article 28(3) of the UK CRR.
- Distributions on an instrument will not constitute (3)a disproportionate drag on capital for the purposes of (1) where:
 - (a) the dividend multiple is a multiple of the distribution paid on the voting instruments and is not a predetermined fixed amount;
 - (b) the dividend multiple is set contractually or under the statutes of the firm;
 - (c) the dividend multiple is not revisable;
 - the same dividend multiple ap-(d) plies to all instruments with a dividend multiple;
 - (e) the amount of distribution on one instrument with a dividend multiple does not represent more than 125% of the amount of the distribution on one voting common equity tier 1 instrument, as determined in accordance with the formula in (6);
 - (f) the total amount of the distributions paid on all common equity tier 1 instruments during a oneyear period does not exceed 105% of the amount that would have been paid if instruments with fewer or no voting rights received the same distributions as voting instruments, as determined in accordance with the formula in (7).
- (4)Where the conditions in (3)(a) to (3)(e) are not met, all outstanding instruments with a dividend multiple shall be deemed to cause a disproportionate drag on capital for the purposes of (1).
- (5)Where the condition in (3)(f) is not met, only the amount of the instruments with a dividend multiple that exceeds the threshold in that provision shall be deemed to cause a disproportionate drag on capital for the purposes of (1).
- (6)The formula referred to in (3)(e) is:

I ≤ 1.25 x *k*

where:

k = the amount of the distribution on one instrument without a dividend multiple; and

I = the amount of the distribution on one instrument with a dividend multiple.

| | | (7) | | referred to in (3)(f) applies on a is and is as follows: |
|-----|---|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | $kX + IY \leq (1.0)$ | 05) x k x (X + Y) |
| | | | | nt of the distribution on one instru- t a dividend multiple; |
| | | | / =the amour | nt of the distribution on one instrudividend multiple; |
| | | | | per of voting instruments; and |
| | | | | |
| | | [Neter orticle | | per of non-voting instruments. |
| 7.0 | В | | e 7a of BTS 241/20 | |
| 7.8 | R | in article 28 distribution other commo | of the <i>UK CRR</i> sha under article 28(1) on equity tier 1 in of distributions, u | quity tier 1 instrument referred to all be deemed to be a preferential (h)(i) of the UK CRR relative to estruments where there are differentials the conditions in MIFIDPRU 3 An- |
| | | [Note: article | 7b(1) of BTS 241 | /2014.] |
| 7.9 | R | (1) | This <i>rule</i> app | |
| | | | (a) | a common equity tier 1 instru- ment has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or a similar institution; |
| | | | (b) | the instrument in (a) has fewer or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; |
| | | | (c) | the distribution on the instru- ment in (a) is a multiple of the distribution on the voting in- struments; and |
| | | | (d) | the distribution in (c) is set contractually or under statute. |
| | | (2) | strument in (tial relative t <i>ment</i> in (1)(b | ule applies, a distribution on the in- (1)(a) is deemed not to be preferen- to the common equity tier 1 instru- (a) for the purposes of article (b) the UK CRR where: |
| | | | (a) | the dividend multiple is a multiple of the distribution paid on the voting instruments and not a predetermined fixed amount; |
| | | | (b) | the dividend multiple is set con- tractually or under the statutes of the <i>firm</i> ; |
| | | | (c) | the dividend multiple is not revisable; |
| | | | (d) | the same dividend multiple applies to all instruments with a dividend multiple; |
| | | | (e) | the amount of the distribution on one instrument with a divi- dend multiple does not repres- ent more than 125% of the |
| | | | | |

| amount of the distribution on one voting common equity tier 1 instrument, as determined in accordance with the formula in |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (5); and |
| |

- (f) the total amount of distributions paid on all common equity tier 1 instruments during a one-year period does not exceed 105% of the amount that would have been paid if instruments with fewer or no voting rights received the same distributions as the voting instruments, as determined in accordance with the formula in (6).
- (3)Where any of the conditions in (2)(a) to (2)(e) are not met, all outstanding instruments with a dividend multiple shall be disqualified from the common equity tier 1 capital of the firm.
- (4)Where the condition in (2)(f) is not met, only the amount of the instruments with a dividend multiple that exceeds the threshold defined in that provision shall be disqualified from the common equity tier 1 capital of the firm.
- (5) Subject to (7), the formula referred to in (2)(e) is:

 $I \le 1.25 \text{ x k}$

where:

k = the amount of the distribution on one instrument without a dividend multiple; and

I = the amount of the distribution on one instrument with a dividend multiple.

(6)Subject to (7), the formula referred to in (2)(f) applies on a one-year basis and is as follows:

$$kX + IY \le (1.05) \times k \times (X + Y)$$

k = the amount of the distribution on one instrument without a dividend multiple;

I = the amount of the distribution on one instrument with a dividend multiple;

X = the number of voting instruments; and

Y = the number of non-voting instruments.

- (7)Where the distributions on common equity tier 1 instruments (whether for voting or non-voting instruments) are expressed with reference to the purchase price of the instrument at issuance, the formulae in (5) and (6) shall be adapted as follows for those instruments:
 - I shall represent the amount of (a) the distribution on one instrument without a dividend multiple divided by the purchase price at issuance of that instrument; and

| (b) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| emed to end on the date of the last financial statements of the firm. [Note: article 7b(2) to 7b(5) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.10 R (1) This rule applies where: (a) a common equity tier 1 instrument has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or a similar institution. (b) the instrument in (a) has fewer or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; and full voting rights; and (c) the distribution on the instrument in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instruments. (2) Where this rule applies, a distribution on the instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting instruments is and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting instruments is sued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (b) | the distribution on one instru- ment with a dividend multiple divided by the purchase price at |
| 7.10 R (1) This rule applies where: (a) a common equity tier 1 instrument ment has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or a similar institution; (b) the instrument in (a) has fewer or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; and (c) the distribution on the instrument in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instruments. (2) Where this rule applies, a distribution on the instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | (8) | emed to end o | on the date of the last financial |
| (a) a common equity tier 1 instrument has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or a similar institution; (b) the instrument in (a) has fewer or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; and (c) the distribution on the instrument in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | [Note: article | e 7b(2) to 7b(5) of E | BTS 241/2014.] |
| (a) a common equity tier 1 instrument has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or a similar institution; (b) the instrument in (a) has fewer or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; and (c) the distribution on the instrument in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instruments. (2) Where this rule applies, a distribution on the instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | 7.10 | R | (1) | This rule appli | es where: |
| or no voting rights when compared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with full voting rights; and (c) the distribution on the instrument in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instruments. (2) Where this rule applies, a distribution on the instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | | a common equity tier 1 instru- ment has been issued by a firm that is a cooperative society or |
| ment in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting instruments. (2) Where this rule applies, a distribution on the instrument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (b) | or no voting rights when com- pared to a common equity tier 1 instrument of the firm with |
| strument in (1)(a) shall be deemed not to be preferential relative to the common equity tier 1 instrument in (1)(b) for the purposes of article 28(1)(h)(i) of the UK CRR where: (a) either of the conditions in (3) is met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (c) | ment in (a) is not a multiple of the distribution on the voting |
| met; and (b) both of the conditions in (5) are met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | (2) | strument in (1) erential relativ strument in (1 | (a) shall be deemed not to be pref- ve to the common equity tier 1 in-)(b) for the purposes of article |
| met. (3) The relevant conditions in (2)(a) are that either: (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (a) | |
| (a) both of the following points are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (b) | |
| are satisfied: (i) the instrument with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | (3) | The relevant c | onditions in (2)(a) are that either: |
| with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instruments; and (ii) the number of the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | (a) | |
| the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in (4); or (b) the distributions on the voting instruments issued by the firm are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | | with fewer or no voting rights can only be subscribed and held by the holders of voting instru- |
| instruments issued by the <i>firm</i> are subject to a cap set out un- | | | | | the voting rights of any single holder is limited, as specified in |
| | | | | (b) | instruments issued by the <i>firm</i> are subject to a cap set out un- |

United Kingdom (or any part of it), or of a third country.

- (4)For the purposes of (3)(a)(ii), the voting rights of any single holder shall be deemed to be limited in the following cases:
 - where each holder only receives (a) one voting right irrespective of the number of voting instruments for any holder;
 - (b) where the number of voting rights is capped irrespective of the number of voting instruments held by any holder; or
 - (c) where the number of voting instruments any holder may hold is limited under the statutes of the firm or under the applicable law of the United Kingdom (or any part of it), or of a third country.
- (5)The relevant conditions in (2)(b) are that:
 - the average of the distributions (a) on voting instruments of the firm during the preceding 5 years is low in relation to other comparable instruments; and
 - (b) the payout ratio as calculated under MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.12R is under 30%.
- (6)A firm must assess compliance with the conditions in (3) and (5) and notify the FCA of the results of that assessment in the following situations:
 - (a) every time the firm takes a decision on the amount of distributions on common equity tier 1 instruments; and
 - (b) every time the firm issues a new class of common equity tier 1 instruments with fewer or no voting rights when compared with common equity tier 1 instruments of the firm with full voting rights.
- (7)A firm must make the notification in (6) by completing the form in MIFIDPRU 1 Annex 6R and submitting it to the FCA using the online notification and application system.
- (8)Where neither of the conditions in (3) are met, the distributions on all outstanding non-voting instruments are deemed to be preferential unless they meet the conditions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.9R(2).
- (9)Where the condition in (5)(a) is not met, the distributions on all outstanding non-voting instruments shall be deemed to be preferential unless

| | | | they meet the 7.9R(2). | conditions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex |
|------|---|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (10) | the amount of which distribut | dition in (5)(b) is not met, only the non-voting instruments for ions exceed the threshold speci- ovision shall be deemed to entail stributions. |
| | | [Note: article 7 | 'b(6) to 7b(14) of | BTS 241/2014.] |
| 7.11 | G | A firm may ap | ply under section nts in MIFIDPRU 3 A | 138A of the <i>Act</i> for a waiver of nnex 7.10R(3)(a)(i) or MIFIDPRU 3 An- |
| | | (1) | teriorating fina near future to in <i>MIFIDPRU</i> (o | reach of, or due to a rapidly de- incial condition, is likely in the be in breach of, the requirements ther than those in MIFIDPRU 3 An- or MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.10R(5)(b)); |
| | | (2) | | quired the <i>firm</i> to increase its <i>com-</i> r 1 capital within a specified |
| | | (3) | ify or avoid the specified period | ers that it will not be able to recte breach of <i>MIFIDPRU</i> within that d unless the relevant requirement nnex 7.10R(3)(a)(i) or MIFIDPRU 3 Answaived. |
| | | [Note: article 7 | b(15) of BTS 241/2 | 2014.] |
| 7.12 | R | (1) | | Iculate the payout ratio under MIF- 10R(5)(b) using the following |
| | | | R= D/P | |
| | | | where: | |
| | | | R =the payout | ratio; |
| | | | | the distributions related to total y tier 1 instruments over the previriods; and |
| | | | <i>P</i> =the sum of pyearly periods. | profits related to the previous 5 |
| | | (2) | For the purpose be: | es of paragraph (1), profits shall |
| | | | (a) | in the case of a period for which the <i>firm</i> submitted <i>data item</i> FSA030 (Income Statement), the amount of profit after taxation reported in cell 25A of that <i>data item</i> ; |
| | | | (b) | in the case of a period for which the <i>firm</i> submitted <i>data item</i> FSA002 (Income Statement), the amount of net profit reported in cell 46B of that <i>data item</i> ; and |
| | | | (c) | in the case of a period for which the <i>firm</i> submitted FIN-REP return F02.00 (Statement of profit or loss), whether under IFRS or GAAP, the amount of |
| | | | | |

| | | | profit after tax reported in row 670. |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | [Note: article 7d | of BTS 241/2014.] |
| 7.13 | R | common equity | es of article 28 of the <i>UK CRR</i> , a distribution on a vier 1 instrument shall be deemed to be preferenther common equity tier 1 instruments regarding stribution payments where at least one of the folcos is met: |
| | | (1) | distributions are decided at different times; |
| | | (2) | distributions are paid at different times; |
| | | (3) | there is an obligation on the firm to pay the distributions on one type of common equity tier 1 instruments before paying the distributions on another type of common equity tier 1 instruments; or |
| | | (4) | a distribution is paid on some <i>common equity tier 1 instruments</i> but not on others, unless the condition in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.10R3(a) is satisfied. |
| | | [Note: article 7d | d of BTS 241/2014.] |
| Deduction of fo | reseeable divider | nds from interim | or year-end profits to be recognised as CET1 items |
| 7.14 | R | (1) | This <i>rule</i> applies for the purpose of determining the amount of any foreseeable dividend that must be deducted by a <i>MIFIDPRU investment firm</i> from its interim or year-end profits under article 26(2)(b) of the <i>UK CRR</i> . |
| | | (2) | Where the <i>firm's management body</i> has formally taken a decision or proposed a decision to the <i>firm's relevant body</i> regarding the amount of dividends to be distributed, that amount must be deducted from the corresponding interim or year-end profits. |
| | | (3) | Before the <i>firm's management body</i> has formally taken a decision or proposed a decision to the <i>firm's relevant body</i> on the distribution of dividends, the amount of foreseeable dividends to be deducted by the <i>firm</i> from the interim or year-end profits must equal the amount of interim or year-end profits multiplied by the dividend payout ratio (as calculated in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.16R). |
| | | (4) | Where the <i>firm</i> pays an interim dividend, the residual amount of interim profit which is to be added to the <i>firm's common equity tier 1</i> items must be reduced (taking into account the requirement in (3)), by the amount of any foreseeable dividend which can be expected to be paid out from that residual interim profit with the final dividends for the full business year. |
| | | (5) | This <i>rule</i> is subject to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.15R. |
| | | [Note: article 2 | of BTS 241/2014.] |
| 7.15 | R | (1) | Where a foreseeable dividend is to be paid in a form that does not reduce the common equity tier 1 items of the <i>firm</i> (such as through a scrip dividend), the amount of that dividend does not need to be deducted from a <i>firm's</i> interim or |

| | | | year-end profit of the <i>UK CRR</i> . | s for the purposes of article 26(2) |
|------|---|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (2) | tion on the am the amount of | s subject to a regulatory restric- count of any dividend it can pay, any foreseeable dividend to be be determined taking into ac- riction. |
| | | [Note: article 2 | (9) and 2(10) of B | TS 241/2014.] |
| 7.16 | R | (1) | | es for the purposes of determining ayout ratio referred to in MIFIDPRU . |
| | | (2) | determined on approved for tl | the dividend payout ratio must be the basis of the dividend policy he relevant period by the firm's pody or relevant body. |
| | | (3) | payout range in end of the rang | n's dividend policy in (2) contains a nstead of a fixed value, the upper ge must be used when determinad payout ratio. |
| | | (4) | | n does not have an approved divi- e dividend payout ratio is the ollowing: |
| | | | (a) | the average dividend payout ra- tio over the three years prior to the year under consideration; or |
| | | | (b) | the dividend payout ratio of the year preceding the year un- der consideration. |
| | | (5) | | ayout ratio in (4)(a) and (4)(b) ated using the following formula: |
| | | | R=D/N where: | |
| | | | R =the dividend period; | d payout ratio for the relevant |
| | | | | distributions made by the firm evant period; and |
| | | | N =the net inco | ome of the <i>firm</i> during the relev- |
| | | [Note: article 2 | (4) to 2(6) of BTS | 241/2014.] |
| 7.17 | G | (1) | ive calculation FIDPRU 3 Annex 7 | equire a <i>firm</i> to use the alternat- of the dividend payout ratio in MI- 7.16R(4) where, even though the proved dividend policy, the <i>FCA</i> |
| | | | (a) | the <i>firm</i> would not apply the dividend policy in practice; or |
| | | | (b) | the policy is not a prudent basis on which to determine the amount to be deducted from interim or year-end profits for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.14R. |
| | | | | |

| | (2) | invite the firm quirement on the Act to app ternatively, th | to apply for the the firm under s bly the alternativ e FCA may seek to on its own initiati | e calculation. Al- |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | [Note: article | 2(7) of BTS 241/20 |)14.] | |
| 7.18 G | modification vidends wher period for whe The FCA will call to achieve the pwhether the | e the <i>firm</i> has pai nich the dividend p | ex 7.16R(4) to exclude those dividend be ayout ratio is be including those down or would othe. This is likely to | ude exceptional dissipations during the sing determined. lividends in the calmerwise fail to depend on |
| | [Note: article | 2(8) of BTS 241/20 | 014.] | |
| Deduction of foreseeable ch | arges from interim | or year-end profit | s to be recognise | d as CET1 items |
| 7.19 R | (1) | the amount a charge that m vestment firm | nd timing of any | by a <i>MIFIDPRU in-</i> or year-end |
| | (2) | | f foreseeable chanclude the follow | |
| | | (a) | any taxes; | |
| | | (b) | ligations or ci | resulting from ob- rcumstances that ring the related re- d where: |
| | | | (i) | those amounts are likely to re- duce the profits of the firm; and |
| | | | (ii) | the firm has not made all necessary value adjustments or provisions, including AVAs under article 34 of the UK CRR, to cover such amounts. |
| | (3) | able charge in count, the cha | | |
| | (4) | curred during firm must allo | more than one i cate the amount pears a reasonabl | a charge was in- nterim period, the so that each in- e amount of the |
| | | | | |

(5) A charge that occurs from a material or non-recurrent event must be allocated in full without delay to the interim period during which the event arises.

[Note: article 3 of BTS 241/2014.]

Prohibition on direct or indirect funding of own funds instruments

7.20 R (1) This *rule* applies for the purpose of determining when an instrument has been funded indirectly by a *firm* for the purposes of any of the following provisions of the *UK CRR*:

(a) article 28(1)(b);(b) article 52(1)(c); or(c) article 63(c).

(2) Funding will be indirect funding for the purposes of (1) when it is not direct funding as defined in (3).

(3) Direct funding is either of the following:

a) a situation where a firm has granted a loan or other funding in any form to an investor that is used to purchase the firm's capital instruments; or

(b) funding granted by the firm for purposes other than those in (a) to any natural or legal person in the following situations, where the conditions in (4) are not met:

(i) the person has a qualifying holding (as defined in article 4(1)(36) of the *UK CRR*) in the

firm; or

(ii) the person is

deemed to be a related party within the meaning of the definitions in paragraph 9 of International Accounting Standard 24 on Related Party Disclosures, as applied by UK-adopted in-

ternational accounting standards on 1 January 2022.

(4) The conditions in (3)(b) are:

| | | | (a) | the transaction similar conditio actions with thi | ns to other trans- |
|-----|-----|------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | (b) | not have to rely tions or on the ital instruments the payment of repayment of t | he funding |
| | | [Note: article 8 | of BTS 241/2014.] | granted by the | 111111. |
| 7 - | 1 D | | _ | ro non ovhaustiv | a avamples of in |
| 7.2 | 1 R | (1) | direct funding f of the <i>UK CRR</i> l | or the purposes of isted in MIFIDPRU ition in (2) is also | 3 Annex 7.20R(1) |
| | | | (a) | of a <i>firm's</i> capit by entities over | ce or thereafter, cal instruments which the <i>firm</i> direct control, or |
| | | | | (i) | the scope of accounting or prudential consolidation of the <i>firm</i> ; or |
| | | | | (ii) | the scope of supplementary supervision of the firm under Directive 2002/ 87/EC UK law; |
| | | | (b) | of a firm's capit by external entitected by a guause of a credit secured in some that the credit ferred to the fitties on which | ce or thereafter, tal instruments ties that are pro- trantee or by the derivative or are e other way so risk is trans- rm or to any enthe firm has a ct control or any |
| | | | | (i) | the scope of accounting or prudential consolidation of the <i>firm</i> ; or |
| | | | | (ii) | the scope of supplementary supervision of the firm under Directive 2002/ 87/EC UK law; |
| | | | | | |

| | | | (c) | funding of a borrower that passes the funding on to the ultimate investor for the purchase, at issuance or thereafter, of a <i>firm's</i> capital instruments. |
|------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (2) | where applica | condition is that the investor or, ble, the external entity is not inof the following: |
| | | | (a) | the scope of accounting or prudential consolidation of the firm; or |
| | | | (b) | the scope of supplementary supervision of the <i>firm</i> under <i>Directive 2002/87/EC UK law</i> . |
| | | [Note: article | 9(1) and 9(2) of B | TS 241/2014.] |
| 7.22 | R | involves direc Annex 7.20R, t | t or indirect fundi | e purchase of a capital instrumenting for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 considered must be net of any indilowance made. |
| | | [Note: article | 9(3) of BTS 241/20 | 014.] |
| 7.23 | R | classified as d | loan or other forn irect or indirect for 20R, the <i>firm</i> must | n of funding or guarantee being unding for the purposes of MIFID- t: |
| | | (1) | to any natura IDPRU 3 Annex going basis th has not been | In, funding or guarantee is granted or legal person referred to in MIF-7.20R(3)(b)(i) or (ii), ensure on an onat the loan, funding or guarantee provided for the purpose of subsuly or indirectly for the firm's capital and |
| | | (2) | granted to ot best efforts to or guarantee | n, funding or guarantee has been her types of parties, use the <i>firm's</i> avoid providing the loan, funding for the purpose of subscribing dirctly for the <i>firm's</i> capital in- |
| | | [Note: article | 9(4) of BTS 241/20 | 014.] |
| 7.24 | R | (1) | This <i>rul</i> e appl | ies to a <i>firm</i> that is: |
| | | | (a) | a cooperative society; or |
| | | | (b) | a similar institution. |
| | | (2) | law of the <i>Un</i> the statutes o scribe for capi to receive a loered as direct | |
| | | | (a) | the value of the subscription amount is not material; |
| | | | (b) | the purpose of the loan is not the purchase of capital instru- ments in the <i>firm</i> ; and |
| | | | | ments in the min, and |

| | | () | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (c) | subscription for one or more capital instruments of the <i>firm</i> is necessary for the customer to become a member of the <i>firm</i> . |
| | [Notes esticle | 0/E) of DTC 2/1/20 | |
| Danishan antonolotica to | | 9(5) of BTS 241/20 | 14.] |
| Requirements relating to | | | |
| 7.25 R | | ses of MIFIDPRU 3.6 e capacity of the <i>f</i> | 5.4R(1), terms will be sustainable firm where: |
| | (1) | sound and will the foreseeabl the original ov | ty of the firm will continue to be I not see any negative change in e future after the replacement of wn funds instruments with own ents of equal or higher quality; |
| | (2) | | t of profitability in the foreseeable akes into account the <i>firm's</i> profitsed situations. |
| | [Note: article] | 27 of BTS 241/201 | 4.] |
| 7.26 R | tion, repurcha icle 77 of the repurchase or | se or reduction of UK CRR, a firm mu | the FCA is required for the redemp- f own funds instruments under art- ust not announce the redemption, lers of the relevant own funds in- that permission. |
| | [Note: article : | 28(1) of BTS 241/2 | 014.] |
| 7.27 R | (1) | ments of its ov funds instrume | educt from the corresponding ele- wn funds any amounts of its own ents to be reduced, redeemed or re- oon as the following conditions |
| | | (a) | where required, the <i>firm</i> has obtained permission from the <i>FCA</i> under article 78 of the <i>UK CRR</i> ; and |
| | | (b) | the reduction, redemption or re- purchase is expected to take place with sufficient certainty. |
| | (2) | sufficient certa limited to, who nounced its int | ses of (1)(b), a situation in which ainty will exist includes, but is not ere the <i>firm</i> has publicly antention to redeem, reduce or repurfunds instrument. |
| | [Note: article : | 28(2) of BTS 241/2 | 014.] |
| 7.28 R | (1) | on redemption | es for the purposes of limitations applied by any of the following (29(2)(b) of the <i>UK CRR</i> or article <i>K CRR</i> : |
| | | (a) | a cooperative society; or |
| | | (b) | a similar institution. |
| | (2) | ments with a permitted by t | ue common equity tier 1 instru- cossibility to redeem only where the applicable law of the <i>United</i> only part of it) or of a third country. |
| | (3) | capital instrum | a firm to limit the redemption of a nent under article 29(2)(b) or article UK CRR includes: |
| | | | |

| | | (a) | the right to defer the redemption; and |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (b) | the right to limit the amount to be redeemed. |
| | (4) | for which a <i>firm</i> capital instrume | rific limit on the period of time may defer the redemption of a ent or may limit the amount to be r (3), but the firm must comply ement in (5). |
| | (5) | cluded in the pr ments must be of sis of its pruden | ne limitations on redemption in- covisions governing the instru- determined by the <i>firm</i> on the ba- tial situation at any time, having ular to the following non-exhaust- |
| | | (a) | the overall financial, liquidity and solvency situation of the firm; |
| | | (b) | the amount of the firm's com- mon equity tier 1 capital, tier 1 capital and total own funds compared to the firm's own funds requirement. |
| | (6) | A firm must: | |
| | | (a) | document any decision to limit the redemption of a capital in- strument under this <i>rule</i> ; and |
| | | (b) | notify the FCA of the decision by completing the form in MIFID- PRU 1 Annex 6R and submitting it via the online notification and application system, explaining the reasons for the limitation and how the factors in (5) apply. |
| Coins on a sala | [Note: article 10 | and article 11(3) | and 11(4) of BTS 241/2014.] |
| Gains on a sale 7.29 R | (1) | | for the purpose of defining the in on sale under article 32(1)(a) |
| | (2) | A gain on sale is the <i>firm</i> that: | s any recognised gain on sale for |
| | | (a) | is recorded as an increase in any element of own funds; and |
| | | (b) | is associated with future margin income arising from a sale of securitised assets when they are removed from the <i>firm's</i> balance sheet in the context of a securitised transaction. |
| | (3) | as the difference | gain on sale must be determined e between the following, as de- olying the relevant accounting |
| | | | |

| (a) the net value of the assets received (including arry new asset obtained) less any other asset given or any new liability assumed; and (b) the carrying amount of the securitised assets or of the part derecognised. (4) The recognised gain on sale which is associated with the future margin income is the expected future express spread, which is determined as the finance charge collections and other fee income received in respect of the securitised exposures net of costs and expenses. [Note: article 12 of BTS 241/2014.] Deductions from own funds 7.30 R (1) Subject to (3), for the purpose of calculating its common equity the 7 Lapital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tite 1 items under MilliDRNU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period during which they are incurred so that each interim period does a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tie 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ritised assets or of the part derecognised. (4) The recognised gain on sale which is associated with the future margin income is the expected future express spread, which is determined as the finance charge collections and other fee income received in respect of the securitised exposures net of costs and expenses. [Note: article 12 of BTS 241/2014.] Deductions from own funds 7.30 R (1) Subject to (3), for the purpose of calculating its common equity tier 1 capital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purpose of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | | (a) | ceived (including any new asset obtained) less any other asset given or any new liability as- |
| with the future margin income is the expected future express spread, which is determined as the finance charge collections and other fee income received in respect of the securitised exposures net of costs and expenses. [Note: article 12 of BTS 241/2014.] Deductions from own funds 7.30 R (1) Subject to (3), for the purpose of calculating its common equity tier 1 capital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they are incurred so that each interim period events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they are incurred so that each interim come and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they are already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (d) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounting framework. | | | (b) | ritised assets or of the part dere- |
| Deductions from own funds 7.30 R (1) Subject to (3), for the purpose of calculating its common equity tier 1 capital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | (4) | with the future future express s the finance char come received i | margin income is the expected pread, which is determined as rge collections and other fee innrespect of the securitised expo- |
| 7.30 R (1) Subject to (3), for the purpose of calculating its common equity tier 1 capital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | [Note: article 12 | of BTS 241/2014. |] |
| common equity tier 1 capital during the year, and irrespective of whether the firm closes its financial accounts at the end of each interim period, the firm must determine its profit and loss accounts and deduct any resulting losses from common equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(1) as they arise. (2) For the purpose of determining a firm's profit or loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. | Deductions from own funds | | | |
| loss accounts under (1), a firm must: (a) determine its income and expenses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | 7.30 R | (1) | common equity and irrespective ancial accounts period, the firm loss accounts an from common e | tier 1 capital during the year, of whether the firm closes its finat the end of each interim must determine its profit and deduct any resulting losses equity tier 1 items under MIFIDPRU |
| penses under the same process and on the basis of the same accounting standards as those used for the year-end financial report; (b) prudently estimate income and expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | (2) | | |
| expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reasonable amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; and (c) consider material or non-recurrent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | | (a) | penses under the same process and on the basis of the same ac- counting standards as those used for the year-end financial |
| rent events in full and without delay in the interim period during which they arise. (3) Where losses for the current financial year have already reduced the firm's common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this rule, a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | | (b) | expenses and assign them to the interim period in which they are incurred so that each interim period bears a reason- able amount of the anticipated annual income and expenses; |
| already reduced the <i>firm's</i> common equity tier 1 items as a result of an interim or a year-end financial report, a deduction is not required. (4) For the purposes of this <i>rule</i> , a "financial report" means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This <i>rule</i> applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | | (c) | rent events in full and without delay in the interim period dur- |
| means that the profit and losses have been determined after a closing of the interim or the annual accounts in accordance with the applicable accounting framework. (5) This rule applies in the same manner to gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | (3) | already reduced items as a result | I the <i>firm's</i> common equity tier 1 t of an interim or a year-end fin- |
| and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income. | | (4) | means that the mined after a cl nual accounts ir | profit and losses have been deter- osing of the interim or the an- accordance with the applicable |
| [Note: article 13 of BTS 241/2014.] | | (5) | and losses include | ded in accumulated other compre- |
| | | [Note: article 13 | of BTS 241/2014. |] |

| 7.31 R (1) This rule applies for the purposes of determining the deduction of deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability under MIFIDPRU 3.3,67(3). (2) The offsetting between deferred tax assets and associated deferred tax liabilities must be done separately for each taxable entity. (3) Associated deferred tax liabilities must be limited to those that arise from the tax law of the same jurisdiction as the deferred tax assets. (4) For the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity in abilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity or consolidated stax assets and liabilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity or fitted Kingdom or of a third country. (5) The amount of associated deferred tax liabilities which are eligible for offsetting deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability is equal to the difference between the following: (a) the amount of deferred tax liabilities are segoinsed under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.338 to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where the effined benefit pension fund service the defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting institution in accordance with (4); (c) a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the parent undertaking of the firm of the | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associated deferred tax liabilities must be done separately for each taxable entity. (3) Associated deferred tax liabilities must be limited to those that arise from the tax law of the same jurisdiction as the deferred tax assets. (4) For the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity includes any number of entities which are members of the same tax group, fiscal consolidation, fiscal unity or consolidated tax return under any applicable law of the United Kingdom or of a third country. (5) The amount of associated deferred tax liabilities which are eligible for offsetting deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability is equal to the difference between the following: (a) the amount of deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting from intangible accounting from intangible accounting from intangible accounting from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.32R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity; (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund; is not independent from its supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund; is not independent from its subsorsing institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or undertaking of the firm of its subsidiaries; (ii) the firm or its subsidiaries; | 7.31 | R | (1) | the deduction of | of deferred tax as | sets that rely on |
| to those that arise from the tax law of the same jurisdiction as the deferred tax assets. (4) For the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity in cludes any number of entities which are members of the same tax group, fiscal consolidation, fiscal unity or consolidated tax return under any applicable law of the United Kingdom or of a third country. (5) The amount of associated deferred tax liabilities which are eligible for offsetting deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability is equal to the difference between the following: (a) the amount of deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund; (c) a defined benefit pension fund; where the firm is supporting the investment isk and where the defined benefit pension fund; for an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of the parent undertaking of the following: (i) the parent undertaking of the parent undertaking of the parent undertaking of the following: (ii) the parent undertaking of the paren | | | (2) | associated defe | rred tax liabilities | must be done |
| abilities at consolidated level, a taxable entity includes any number of entities which are members of the same tax group, fiscal consolidation, fiscal unity or consolidated tax return under any applicable law of the United Kingdom or of a third country. (5) The amount of associated deferred tax liabilities which are eligible for offsetting deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability is equal to the difference between the following: (a) the amount of deferred tax liabilities as recognised the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities as resigning from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund; where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund; is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the parent undertaking of | | | (3) | to those that a | rise from the tax | aw of the same |
| which are eligible for offsetting deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability is equal to the difference between the following: (a) the amount of deferred tax liabilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities arising from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the defined benefit pension fund, where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | (4) | abilities at consciudes any numbers of the same fiscal unity or capplicable law | olidated level, a taber of entities when the tax group, fiscated tax re | axable entity in- nich are mem- I consolidation, eturn under any |
| ilities as recognised under the applicable accounting framework; (b) the amount of associated deferred tax liabilities arising from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or undersignificant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | (5) | which are eligible sets that rely or | ole for offsetting n future profitabi | deferred tax as- lity is equal to |
| ferred tax liabilities arising from intangible assets and from defined benefit pension fund assets. [Note: article 14 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (a) | ilities as recogn applicable acco | ised under the |
| 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (b) | ferred tax liabil from intangible defined benefit | ities arising assets and from |
| 7.32 R (1) This rule defines an intermediate entity for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.33R to MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.40R. (2) An intermediate entity is any of the following entities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | [Note: article 14 | of BTS 241/2014 | .1 | |
| tities, where that entity holds capital instruments of a financial sector entity: (a) a collective investment undertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund; (c) a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | 7.32 | R | _ | This <i>rule</i> define purposes of MIF | es an <i>intermediate</i> | |
| dertaking; (b) a pension fund other than a defined benefit pension fund; (c) a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | (2) | tities, where th | at entity holds ca | |
| fined benefit pension fund; a defined benefit pension fund, where the firm is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (a) | | estment un- |
| where the <i>firm</i> is supporting the investment risk and where the defined benefit pension fund is not independent from its sponsoring institution in accordance with (4); (d) an entity that is directly or indirectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the <i>firm</i> or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (b) | | |
| ectly under the control or under significant influence of one of the following: (i) the firm or its subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (c) | where the firm the investment the defined ber fund is not inde its sponsoring in | is supporting risk and where nefit pension ependent from nstitution in ac- |
| subsidiaries; (ii) the parent undertaking of | | | | (d) | ectly under the der significant i | control or un- nfluence of one |
| dertaking of | | | | | (i) | |
| | | | | | (ii) | dertaking of |

| | | | | subsidiaries of that parent undertaking; |
|----|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | (iii) | the parent fin- ancial holding company of the firm or the subsidiaries of that parent financial holding company; |
| | | | (iv) | the parent investment holding company of the firm of the subsidiaries of that parent investment holding company; |
| | | | (v) | the parent mixed-activity holding com- pany of the firm or the subsidiaries of the parent mixed activity holding com- pany; or |
| | | | (vi) | the parent mixed finan- cial holding company of the firm or the subsidiaries of the parent mixed finan- cial holding company; |
| | | (e) | a special purpos | e entity; |
| | | (f) | an entity whose hold financial in financial sector | struments of |
| | | (g) | an entity that is purpose of circu rules relating to of indirect and s holdings. | mventing the the deduction |
| (3 | 3) | Except where (2) not intermediate | (g) applies, the for | ollowing are |
| | | (a) | mixed-activity ho companies; | olding |
| | | (b) | institutions; | |
| | | (c) | MIFIDPRU invest | ment firms; |
| | | | | |

- (d) insurance undertakings;
- (e) reinsurance undertakings;
- (f) financial sector entities (other than those in (a) to (e)) that are supervised and required to deduct the following from their

regulatory capital:

(i) direct and in-

direct holdings of their own capital instruments; and

(ii) holdings of

capital instruments of financial sector entities.

(4) For the purposes of (2)(c), a defined benefit pension fund will be deemed to be independent from its sponsoring institution where the following conditions are met:

(a) the defined benefit pension fund is legally separate from the sponsoring institution and its governance is independent;

(b) either:

(i) the statutes,

the instruments of incorporation and the internal rules of the specific pension fund, as applicable, have been approved by an independent regulator; or

(ii) the rules gov-

erning the incorporation and functioning of the defined benefit pension fund, as applicable, are established in the applicable law of the relevant country;

(c) the trustees or administrators

of the defined pension fund have an obligation under applic-

able national law to:

| | | (i) | act impartially in the best in- terests of the scheme be- neficiaries in- stead of those of the sponsor; |
|-----|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (ii) | manage assets of the defined pension fund prudently; and |
| | | (iii) | conform to the restrictions set out in the statutes, the instruments of incorporation and the in- ternal rules of the specific pension fund, as applicable, or statutory or regulatory framework described in point (b); and |
| | (d) | the statutes or the of incorporation governing the in and functioning benefit pension to in point (b) in tions on investmedefined pension make in own fur issued by the spostitution. | or the rules corporation of the defined fund referred clude restricents that the scheme cannots instruments |
| (5) | to in (2)(c) holds | benefit pension own funds instru ution, the sponso | ments of the |
| | (a) | treat that holdin holding of its ow equity tier 1 inst additional tier 1 own tier 2 instru plicable; and | ruments, own instruments or |
| | (b) | determine the ar ducted from its of tier 1 items, addiems or tier 2 iter able) in accordar PRU 3 Annex 7.34R Annex 7.39R. | common equity itional tier 1 it- ns (as applic- nce with MIFID- |

[Note: article 15a of BTS 241/2014.]

| 7.33 | R | (1) | holdings of cap | inancial products are synthetic ital instruments for the purposes 6R(5), (7) and (8): |
|------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | (a) | derivative instruments that have capital instruments of a financial sector entity as their underlying or have the financial sector entity as their reference entity; |
| | | | (b) | guarantees or credit protection provided to a third party in re- spect of the third party's invest- ments in a capital instrument of a <i>financial sector entity</i> . |
| | | (2) | The financial pr | roducts in (1) include the |
| | | | (a) | investments in total return swaps on a capital instrument of a <i>financial sector entity</i> ; |
| | | | (b) | call options purchased by the firm on a capital instrument of a financial sector entity; |
| | | | (c) | put options sold by the firm on a capital instrument of a finan- cial sector entity or any other actual or contingent contrac- tual obligation of the firm to purchase its own funds instru- ments; and |
| | | | (d) | investments in forward purchase agreements on a capital instrument of a <i>financial sector</i> entity. |
| | | [Note: article 15 | 5b of BTS 241/201 | 4.] |
| 7.34 | R | (1) | deduct from its der MIFIDPRU 3.3 | indirect holdings that a <i>firm</i> must common equity tier 1 items un-3.6R(5), (7) or (8) must be calcuthe following ways: |
| | | | (a) | according to the default approach set out in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.35R; or |
| | | | (b) | subject to (3), with the prior permission of the <i>FCA</i> , the structure-based approach in MIFID-PRU 3 Annex 7.36R. |
| | | (2) | To obtain the p | ermission in (1)(b), a firm must: |
| | | | (a) | complete the application form in MIFIDPRU 1 Annex 5R and submit to the FCA using the online notification and application system; and |
| | | | (b) | demonstrate to the satisfaction of the FCA that it would be impractical or excessively complex to apply the default ap- |
| | | | | |

proach in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.35R.

(3) A firm must not use the structure-based approach to calculate deductions in relation to investments in the intermediate entities in MIFID-PRU 3 Annex 7.32R(2)(d) and (e).

[Note: article 15c of BTS 241/2014.]

(a)

7.35 R

- (1) This *rule* contains the default approach for the deduction of indirect holdings under MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.34R(1)(a).
- (2)A firm must calculate the amount of indirect holdings of common equity tier 1 instruments to be deducted as follows:
 - where the exposures of all investors to the intermediate entity rank pari passu, the amount shall be equal to the percentage of funding multiplied by the amount of common equity tier 1 instruments of the financial sector entity held by the intermediate entity;
 - where the exposures of all in-(b) vestors to the intermediate entity do not rank pari passu, the amount shall be equal to the percentage of funding multiplied by the lower of the following amounts:
 - the amount of (i) common equity tier 1 instruments of the financial sector entity held by the intermediate entity;
 - (ii) the firm's exposure to the intermediate entity together with all other funding provided to the intermediate entity that rank pari passu with the firm's exposure.
- (3)A firm must use the calculation method in (2)(b) for each tranche of funding that ranks pari passu with the funding provided by the firm.
- (4)The percentage of funding in (2) is calculated as the firm's exposure to the intermediate entity divided by the sum of the firm's exposure to the intermediate entity and all other exposures to the

| | | | intermediate en firm's exposure. | tity that rank pari passu with the |
|------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (5) | ately for each ho | y out the calculation in (2) separ- olding in a <i>financial sector entity</i> <i>ermediate entity</i> . |
| | | (6) | equity tier 1 inst tity indirectly the ies, the firm mus | olds investments in common truments of a financial sector enrough several intermediate entitated determine the percentage of a dividing the amount in (a) beaunt in (b): |
| | | | (a) | the result of the multiplication of amounts of funding provided by the firm to intermediate entities by the amounts of funding provided by these intermediate entities to subsequent intermediate entities and by amounts of funding provided by these subsequent intermediate entities to the financial sector entity; |
| | | | (b) | the result of the multiplication of amounts of capital instruments or other instruments as relevant, issued by each <i>intermediate entity</i> . |
| | | (7) | must be calculat a financial sector tities and for each pari passu with the | of funding referred to in (6) ed separately for each holding in rentity held by intermediate ench tranche of funding that ranks the funding provided by the firm lent intermediate entities. |
| | | [Note: article 150 | d of BTS 241/2014 | l.] |
| 7.36 | R | (1) | | ns the structure-based approach on of indirect holdings under MIF- 4R(1)(b). |
| | | (2) | equity tier 1 item 3.3.6R(5) shall be ing, as defined in plied by the amo | be deducted from common ms referred to in MIFIDPRU equal to the percentage of fund- n MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.35R(4), multi- bunt of common equity tier 1 in- e firm held by the intermediate |
| | | (3) | equity tier 1 item 3.3.6R(7) and (8) s of funding, as do 7.35R(4), multiplic common equity | be deducted from common ms referred to in MIFIDPRU shall be equal to the percentage efined in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex ed by the aggregate amount of tier 1 instruments of financial eld by the intermediate entity. |
| | | (4) | culate separately the aggregate a instruments of the tity holds and the equity tier 1 inst | es of (2) and (3), a firm must cal- y for each intermediate entity mount of common equity tier 1 he firm that the intermediate en- ne aggregate amount of common truments of other financial sector intermediate entity holds. |
| | | | | • |

| | (5) | common equity sector entities of as a significant 43 of the UK CF | treat the amount of holdings in the street the amount of financial salculated in accordance with (3) investment referred to in article RR and must deduct the amount with MIFIDPRU 3.3.6R(8). |
|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (6) | struments are h | ents in <i>common equity tier 1 in-</i> leld indirectly through subsequent <i>mediate entities</i> , MIFIDPRU 3 Annex apply. |
| | (7) | ate amounts the in common equal or in common excial sector entity amounts it can imum amounts | not able to identify the aggregat the intermediate entity holds with tier 1 instruments of the firm equity tier 1 instruments of financies, the firm must estimate the not identify by using the maxthat the intermediate entity is the basis of its investment |
| | (8) | termine, on the date, the maxin diate entity hol ments of the in tier 1 instrumer firm must treat holds in the int in its own comm | where the firm is not able to de- basis of the investment man- num amount that the interme- ds in common equity tier 1 instru- stitution or in common equity its of financial sector entities, the the amount of funding that it ermediate entity as an investment mon equity tier 1 instruments and em in accordance with MIFIDPRU |
| | (9) | intermediate er ment and must | gation from (8), the <i>firm</i> must nt of funding that it holds in the <i>ntity</i> as a non-significant invest-deduct that investment in accord-PRU 3.3.6R(7), where all of the folons are met: |
| | | (a) | the amounts of funding are less than 0.25% of the firm's com- mon equity tier 1 capital; |
| | | (b) | the amounts of funding are less than £10 million; |
| | | (c) | the firm cannot reasonably determine the amounts of its own common equity tier 1 instruments that the intermediate entity holds. |
| | (10) | the form of uni may rely on the icle 132(5) of th tions set by tha | to the intermediate entity is in ts or shares of a CIU, the firm third parties referred to in article UK CRR, and under the conditarticle, to calculate and report amounts referred to in (7). |
| | [Note: article 15 | Se of BTS 241/201 | 4.] |
| 7.37 R | (1) | ducted from co | synthetic holdings to be de- mmon equity tier 1 items under 5), (7) and (8) is determined as |
| | | | |

| | | | (a) | for holdings in t | he <i>trading</i> |
|------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | book: (i) | for options, the delta equivalent amount of the relevant instruments calculated in accordance with Title IV of Part III of the UK CRR; and |
| | | | | (ii) | for any other synthetic holdings, the nominal or no- tional amount, as applicable; and |
| | | | (b) | for holdings that trading book: | t are not in the |
| | | | | (i) | for call op- tions, the cur- rent market value; and |
| | | | | (ii) | for any other synthetic holdings, the nominal or no- tional amount, as applicable. |
| | | (2) | from the date of | uct the synthetic f signature of the and the counterpa | contract be- |
| | | [Note: article 15 | g of BTS 241/2014 | l.] | |
| 7.38 | R | (1) | assess whether a the common equ a financial sector | s of MIFIDPRU 3.3.6 ifirm owns more uity tier 1 instrum r entity in accord UK CRR, a firm m | than 10% of ents issued by ance with art- |
| | | | (a) | its gross long po holdings in the t entity; and | |
| | | | (b) | its indirect holding cial sector entity in accordance w Annex 7.32R(2)(d) | , as calculated ith MIFIDPRU 3 |
| | | (2) | thetic holdings v | e into account any when assessing wh 43(b) or (c) of the | nether the con- |
| 7.39 | R | (1) | FIDPRU 3 Annex 7. | y in MIFIDPRU 3 Ar 38R also applies w or the purposes o o: | ith the modi- |
| | | | | | |

| | | | (a) | the deductions of holdings in additional tier 1 instruments in article 56(a), (c) and (d) of the UK CRR; and |
|------|---|----------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | (b) | the deductions of holdings in tier 2 instruments in article 66(a), (c) and (d) of the UK CRR. |
| | | (2) | When applying PRU 3 Annex 7.33 | g MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.32R to MIFID- 8R: |
| | | | (a) | for the purpose in (1)(a), references to "common equity tier 1" are references to "additional tier 1"; and |
| | | | (b) | for the purpose in (1)(b), references to "common equity tier 1" are references to "tier 2". |
| | | [Note: article | 15h of BTS 241/20 | 14.] |
| 7.40 | R | (1) | tity holds comi | and (3), where an intermediate en- mon equity tier 1 instruments, ad- instruments or tier 2 instruments ctor entities: |
| | | | (a) | the common equity tier 1 instru- ments must be deducted first; |
| | | | (b) | the additional tier 1 instru- ments must be deducted se- cond; and |
| | | | (c) | the <i>tier 2 instruments</i> must be deducted last. |
| | | (2) | instruments of | ermediate entity holds own funds the firm, when applying (1), the uct the holdings of the firm's own ents first. |
| | | (3) | <i>cial sector enti</i> ducted from th | nolds capital instruments of <i>finan-</i> ties indirectly, the amount to de- ne <i>firm's own funds</i> is limited to ne following amounts: |
| | | | (a) | the total funding provided by the <i>firm</i> to the <i>intermediate entity</i> ; or |
| | | | (b) | the amount of own funds instru- ments held by the intermediate entity in the financial sector entity. |
| | | [Note: article | 15i of BTS 241/201 | 4.] |
| 7.41 | R | (1) | tion of foresee | es for the purposes of the deduc- eable tax charges under MIFIDPRU article 56(f) of the <i>UK CRR</i> . |
| | | (2) | able tax charge | oceed on the basis that foresee- es have already been taken into ac- refore no further deduction is re- |
| | | | (a) | the <i>firm</i> applies an accounting framework and accounting policies that provide for the full recognition of current and de |
| | | | | |

| | | | ferred tax liabilities related to transactions and other events recognised in the balance sheet or the profit and loss account; and |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (b) | all other necessary deductions have been made under applicable accounting standards or other adjustments. |
| | (3) | tier 1 capital on made in accorda | is calculating its common equity the basis of financial statements ance with <i>UK-adopted internag standards</i> , the conditions in (2) be met. |
| | (4) | deemed to mee crease its comm | does not meet, and has not been t, the conditions in (2), it must de- on equity tier 1 items by the es- t of current and deferred tax recognised in: |
| | | (a) | the balance sheet profit and loss account related to transactions; and |
| | | (b) | other events in the balance sheet profit and loss account. |
| | (5) | tax charges in (4 approach equiv | amount of current and deferred 4) must be determined using an alent to the one provided by <i>UK-ational accounting standards</i> . |
| | (6) | (4) may not be | amount of deferred tax charges in netted against deferred tax assets ognised in the financial |
| | [Note: article 16 | of BTS 241/2014. |] |
| Deduction of holdings of capital | instruments issue | d by financial inst | titutions |
| 7.42 R | of the UK CRR, | | for the purposes of article 36(3) ct its holdings of capital instrufollows: |
| | (1) | tier 1 items any | educt from its common equity instruments of the financial insti- et the following conditions: |
| | | (a) | the instruments qualify as capital under the company law applicable to the <i>financial institution</i> ; and |
| | | (b) | where the financial institution is subject to solvency requirements, the instruments are included in the highest quality tier of regulatory own funds without any limits; or |
| | | (c) | where the <i>financial institution</i> is not subject to solvency requirements, the instruments: |
| | | | (i) are perpetual; |
| | | | |

| | (ii) | absorb the first and pro- portionately greatest share of losses as they occur; |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (iii) | rank below all other claims in the event of insolvency and liquidation; and |
| | (iv) | have no pref- erential or pre- determined distributions; |
| ated capital ins | truments of the f | |
| (a) | ments absorb lo concern basis (in the issuer has the | ne discretion to |
| | (i) | deduct them from the <i>firm's</i> additional tier 1 items; and |
| | (ii) | if the value of the subordinated instruments exceeds the value of the firm's additional tier 1 capital, deduct the excess amount from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; |
| (b) | subordinated in | |
| | (i) | the firm must first deduct them from the firm's tier 2 it- ems; and |
| | (ii) | if the value of the subor- dinated in- struments ex- ceeds the value of the firm's tier 2 |
| | ated capital ins tion on the foll (a) | the firm must deduct its holdings ated capital instruments of the fition on the following basis: (a) where the subordinated in included in (a) of basis: (i) (b) the firm must described by the firm must: (ii) |

| capital, the firm must deduct the excess amount from the firm's additional tier 1 items; and if if the additional tier 1 items; and if if the additional tier 1 items are not sufficient, the firm must deduct the remaining excess amount from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; the firm must deduct the remaining excess amount from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; the firm's common equity tier 1 items where: (a) the firm must deduct its holdings of any other instruments of the financial institution from the firm's common equity tier 1 items where: (a) the instruments are included in the financial institution; and the instruments on on the firm of the financial institution; and the instruments do not meet the conditions to be deducted under (a) or (b). [Note: article 36(3) of the UK CRR and article 17(1) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFID-PRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFID-PRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; or (d) an authorised payment institution; or an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm applying the deduction is able to | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|-----|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| tional tier 1 it ems are not sufficient, the firm must deduct the remaining excess amount from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; (3) the firm must deduct its holdings of any other instruments of the financial institution from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; (a) the instruments are included in the financial institution's own funds under the prudential framework applicable to the financial institution; and (b) the instruments do not meet the conditions to be deducted under (a) or (b). [Note: article 36(3) of the UK CRR and article 17(1) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised lectronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm application, and the firm application is that the firm application, and the firm application, the firm the firm application, the firm that the firm application, the firm that the firm application, the firm that the firm application is the firm application. | | | | | | firm must de- duct the ex- cess amount from the firm's additional tier |
| struments of the financial institution from the firm's common equity tier 1 items where: (a) the instruments are included in the financial institution's own funds under the prudential framework applicable to the financial institution; and (b) the instruments do not meet the conditions to be deducted under (a) or (b). [Note: article 36(3) of the UK CRR and article 17(1) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised payment institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | | | tional tier 1 items are not sufficient, the firm must deduct the remaining excess amount from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; |
| the financial institution's own funds under the prudential framework applicable to the financial institution; and (b) the instruments do not meet the conditions to be deducted under (a) or (b). [Note: article 36(3) of the UK CRR and article 17(1) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and (b) a firm must instead apply the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm approach is more and the firm approvised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm approach is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm approximate in the content of the firm approximate in the content of | | | (3) | struments of t | he financial institu | tion from the |
| the conditions to be deducted under (a) or (b). [Note: article 36(3) of the UK CRR and article 17(1) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and (b) a firm must instead apply the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (a) | the financial in funds under the framework app | stitution's own e prudential licable to the fin- |
| 7.43 R (1) In the cases set out in (2): (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and (b) a firm must instead apply the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (b) | the conditions | to be deducted |
| (a) the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.42R do not apply; and (b) a firm must instead apply the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | 36(3) of the UK CF | RR and article 17(1 |) of BTS 241/ |
| (b) a firm must instead apply the deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFID-PRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | 7.43 | R | (1) | In the cases se | t out in (2): | |
| deductions in MIFIDPRU 3 and the UK CRR (as applied by MIFID-PRU 3) for holdings of capital instruments based on the approach that would apply to the same component of capital for which those instruments would qualify if they were issued by the firm itself. (2) The relevant cases are where the financial institution is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (a) | | |
| tion is: (a) a UK AIFM; (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (b) | deductions in M the UK CRR (as PRU 3) for holdi struments based proach that wo same componer which those ins qualify if they w | MIFIDPRU 3 and applied by MIFID- ngs of capital indo on the apulation the apulation the apulation of capital for truments would |
| (b) a management company; (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | (2) | | ases are where the | financial institu- |
| (c) an authorised payment institution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (a) | a <i>UK AIFM</i> ; | |
| stitution; (d) an authorised electronic money institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (b) | a management | company; |
| institution; or (e) an entity that is authorised and supervised by an overseas regulator, provided that the firm ap- | | | | (c) | | payment in- |
| supervised by an <i>overseas regulator</i> , provided that the <i>firm</i> ap- | | | | (d) | | electronic money |
| | | | | (e) | supervised by a lator, provided | n <i>overseas regu-</i> that the <i>firm</i> ap- |

apply the approach in (1)(b) in relation to that entity.

[Note: article 17(2) and 17(3) of BTS 241/2014.]

(1)

7.44 R This rule applies to a firm's holdings of capital instruments in a third country insurance undertaking or a third country reinsurance undertaking where either of the following conditions are met:

(i)

(a) the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking is subject to a solvency regime that:

> before IP completion day, had been assessed as nonequivalent to that laid down in Title I, Chapter VI of the Solvency II Directive according to the procedure set out in article 227 of that direct-

> > ive; and

tions 2015; or

(ii) has not subsequently been subject to a determination of equivalence by **HM** Treasury under article 379A of the Solvency II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35 or by the PRA under regulation 19 of the Solvency 2 Regula-

(b) the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking is subject to a solvency regime that has not been assessed for equivalence:

> (i) before IP completion day, in accordance with the procedure in (a)(i); and

MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R/32

(ii) on or after IP completion day, in accordance with either of the procedures in (a)(ii).

(2) Where this rule applies, a firm must deduct holdings in the capital instruments of the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking in (1) as follows:

> (a) all instruments qualifying as capital under the company law applicable to the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking that issued them, and which are included in the highest quality tier of regulatory own funds without any limits under the third country regime, must be deducted from the firm's common equity tier 1 items;

> for subordinated instruments (b) absorbing losses on a going-concern basis (including where the issuer has discretion to cancel coupon payments):

> > (i) the amount

must first be deducted from the firm's additional tier 1 items; and

(ii) where the amount of the

> subordinated instruments exceeds the amount of the firm's additional tier 1 capital, the excess amount must be deducted from the firm's common equity tier 1 items;

for any subordinated instru-(c) ments other than those in (b):

> (i) the amount must first be deducted from the firm's tier

2 items;

those subor-

(ii) where the amount of

dinated instruments exceeds the amount of the firm's tier 2 capital, the excess amount must be deducted from the firm's additional tier 1 items; and

(iii) where the excess amount exceeds the amount of the firm's additional tier 1 capital, the remaining excess amount must be deducted from the firm's common

> equity tier 1 items;

any holdings of other instru-(d) ments of the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking must be deducted from the firm's common equity tier 1 items where:

(i)

the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking is subject to prudential solvency requirements;

(ii)

the instruments are included in the third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking's own funds under the applicable solvency regime; and

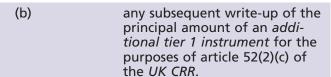
(iii)

the instruments do not meet the conditions to be

| | | | | deducted un- der (a) to (c). |
|------|---|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | [Note: article | 18(1) of BTS 241/ | ⁷ 2014.] |
| 7.45 | R | (1) | struments in ing or a third where the thing requirem the third cou | lies to a firm's holdings of capital in- a third country insurance undertak- d country reinsurance undertaking ird country solvency regime, includ- ents on own funds, applicable to ntry insurance undertaking or third urance undertaking meets either of g conditions: |
| | | | (a) | before IP completion day, it has been assessed as equivalent to the requirements laid down in Title I, Chapter VI of the Solvency II Directive, according to the procedure set out in article 227 of that directive, and that assessment has not been revoked by HM Treasury on or after IP completion day; or |
| | | | (b) | on or after <i>IP completion day</i> , it has been assessed as equivalent to the requirements laid down in the law of the <i>United Kingdom</i> that implemented Title I, Chapter VI of the <i>Solvency II Directive</i> , according to the procedure set out in article 379A of the Solvency II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35, or has been assessed as equivalent by the <i>PRA</i> according to the procedure in regulation 19 of the <i>Solvency 2 Regulations 2015</i> . |
| | | (2) | Where this ru | ule applies, a firm must: |
| | | | (a) | treat the relevant holdings of capital instruments as holdings of the capital instruments of insurance undertakings or reinsurance undertakings (as each is defined in section 417(1) of the Act); and |
| | | | (b) | apply the deductions in article 44(b), article 58(b) and article 68(b) of the UK CRR, as applicable, to the holdings in (a). |
| | | [Note: article | 18(2) and (3) of I | BTS 241/2014.] |
| 7.46 | R | | | of capital instruments of undertak- 27)(k) of the <i>UK CRR</i> as follows: |
| | | (1) | | leduct instruments meeting the foltions from the firm's common capital: |
| | | | (a) | the instruments qualify as cap- ital under the company law ap- plicable to the <i>undertaking</i> that issued them; and |
| | | | | |

| | | (b) | the instruments are included in the highest quality tier of regu- latory own funds of the <i>under-</i> <i>taking</i> that issued them with- out any limits; | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | (2) | a firm must deduct any subordinated instruments that absorb losses on a going-concern basis (including where the issuer has discretion to cancel coupon payments) on the following basis: | | | |
| | | (a) | first, the instruments must be deducted from the <i>firm's</i> additional tier 1 items; and | | |
| | | (b) | if the amount of the subordinated instruments exceeds the amount of the firm's additional tier 1 capital, the excess amount must be deducted from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; | | |
| | (3) | | duct any subordinated instru- an those in (2) on the following | | |
| | | (a) | first, the instruments must be deducted from the <i>firm's</i> tier 2 items; | | |
| | | (b) | if the amount of the subordinated instruments exceeds the amount of the firm's tier 2 capital, the excess amount must be deducted from the firm's additional tier 1 items; and | | |
| | | (c) | if the excess amount exceeds the firm's additional tier 1 cap- ital, the remaining excess amount must be deducted from the firm's common equity tier 1 items; and | | |
| | (4) | ments issued by | duct any other holdings of instru- the <i>undertaking</i> from the <i>firm's</i> tier 1 capital where the in- | | |
| | | (a) | are included in the <i>undertak-ing's</i> own funds under the solvency regime applicable to that <i>undertaking</i> ; and | | |
| | | (b) | do not fall within (1) to (3) above. | | |
| | [Note: article 19 of BTS 241/2014.] | | | | |
| Conversion and write-down of ac | | | | | |
| 7.47 R | (1) | | s for the purposes of: | | |
| | | (a) | any write-down of the principal amount of an <i>additional tier 1 instrument</i> under article 52(1)(n) of the <i>UK CRR</i> ; and | | |
| | | | | | |

(2)



- The write-down of the principal amount of an additional tier 1 instrument of a firm must apply on a pro rata basis to all holders of additional tier 1 instruments that include a similar write-down mechanism and an identical trigger level.
- (3) For a write-down to be considered temporary, all of the following conditions must be met:
 - (a) any distributions payable after a write-down must be based on the reduced amount of the principal;
 - (b) any write-up must be based on profits after the *firm* has taken a formal decision confirming the final profits;
 - (c) any write-up of the instrument or payment of coupons on the reduced amount of the principal must be operated at the full discretion of the firm, subject to the constraints arising from (d) to (f) below, and there must be no obligation for the firm to operate or accelerate a write-up under specific circumstances;
 - (d) a write-up must be operated on a pro rata basis among similar additional tier 1 instruments of the firm that have been subject to a write-down:
 - the maximum amount to be attributed to the sum of the write-up of the additional tier 1 instruments, together with the payment of coupons on the reduced amount of the principal of additional tier 1 instruments, must be calculated according to the following formula, which must be applied at the time that the write-up operates: M= $P \times A/T$ where: \dot{M} = the maximum amount to be attributed to the write-up, together with the payment of coupons on the reduced amount of principal; P = the profit of the firm; A = the sum of the nominal value (before write-down) of all additional tier instruments of the firm that have been subject to a write-down; and T =the tier 1 capital of the firm;

(e)

| (f) the sum of any write-up amounts and payments of coupons on the reduced amount of the principal of the additional tier I instruments must be treated as a payment that reduces the common equity tier 1 capital of the firm. [Note: article 21 of BTS 241/2014.] 7.48 R (1) This rule applies for the purposes of specifying the procedures and timing for determining that a trigger event has occurred in relation to an additional tier I instrument under article 52(1) of the UK CRR. (2) Where a firm establishes that its common equity tier 1 capital has fallen below the level of the trigger event of an additional tier I instrument. (a) the management body or any other relevant body of the firm must, without delay, determined that a trigger event has occurred; and (b) the firm is under an irrevocable obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier I instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier I instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review. (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier I instrument requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or converting the required write-down or converting the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MilippRus 3 Annar 7.48R. [Note: article 22(3) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 7.48 R (1) This rule applies for the purposes of specifying the procedures and timing for determining that a trigger event has occurred in relation to an additional tier 1 instrument under article 52(1)(n) of the UK CRR. (2) Where a firm establishes that its common equity tier 1 capital has fallen below the level of the trigger event of an additional tier 1 instrument: (a) the management body or any other relevant body of the firm must, without delay, determine that a trigger event han occurred; and (b) the firm is under an irrevocable obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or the relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement or to meeting the resource. (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MiFiDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or the purposes of MiFiDPRU3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (f) | amounts and payments of cou- pons on the reduced amount of the principal of the additional tier 1 instruments must be treated as a payment that re- duces the common equity tier 1 | |
| the procedures and timing for determining that a trigger event has occurred in relation to an additional tier 1 instrument under article 52(1)(n) of the UK CRR. (2) Where a firm establishes that its common equity tier 1 capital has fallen below the level of the trigger event of an additional tier 1 instrument: (a) the management body of the firm must, without deap determine that a trigger event has occurred; and (b) the firm is under an irrevocable obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review. (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument requirement or to meeting the requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or converted from the converted for the purpose of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | [Note: article | 21 of BTS 241/201 | 4.] | |
| tier 1 capital has fallen below the level of the trigger event of an additional tier 1 instrument: (a) the management body or any other relevant body of the firm must, without delay, determine that a trigger event has occurred; and (b) the firm is under an irrevocable obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU3 Annex 7.48R(3); or section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU3 Annex 7.48R. | 7.48 | R | (1) | the procedure a trigger even ditional tier 1 | s and timing for determining that t has occurred in relation to an ad- instrument under article 52(1)(n) | |
| other relevant body of the firm must, without delay, determine that a trigger event has occurred; and (b) the firm is under an irrevocable obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or converting the properties of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or converning the period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | (2) | <i>tier 1 capital</i> h | as fallen below the level of the | |
| obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 instrument. (3) The amount to be written down or converted must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (a) | other <i>relevant body</i> of the <i>firm</i> must, without delay, determine that a trigger event has oc- | |
| must be determined as soon as possible and in any case, within a maximum period of one month from the time that the firm has determined that a trigger event had occurred under (2). (4) If the terms of the additional tier 1 instrument require an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is completed as soon as possible; and (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (b) | obligation to write-down or convert the additional tier 1 in- | |
| quire an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must ensure that the review: (a) is commenced immediately; (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | (3) | must be deter any case, with month from th mined that a t | mined as soon as possible and in in a maximum period of one ne time that the <i>firm</i> has deter- | |
| (b) is completed as soon as possible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | (4) | quire an inder be written dov body or other | quire an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted, the management body or other relevant body of a firm must en- | |
| sible; and (c) does not create impediments to the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (a) | is commenced immediately; | |
| the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the requirement in (3). [Note: article 22(1), (2) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (b) | · | |
| 7.49 G In appropriate cases, the FCA may exercise its powers under: (1) section 55L of the Act to impose a requirement on a firm to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one-month period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the Act to require the firm to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | | (c) | the firm writing-down or converting the additional tier 1 instrument or to meeting the re- | |
| (1) section 55L of the <i>Act</i> to impose a <i>requirement</i> on a <i>firm</i> to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one- <i>month</i> period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or (2) section 166 of the <i>Act</i> to require the <i>firm</i> to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | [Note: article | 22(1), (2) and (4) o | of BTS 241/2014.] | |
| on a <i>firm</i> to determine the required write-down or conversion amount more quickly than the one- <i>month</i> period in MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R(3); or section 166 of the <i>Act</i> to require the <i>firm</i> to commission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | 7.49 | G | In appropriat | | | |
| mission an independent review of the amount to be written down or converted for the purposes of MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.48R. | | | (1) | on a <i>firm</i> to do | etermine the required write-down amount more quickly than the | |
| [Note: article 22(3) and (4) of BTS 241/2014.] | | | (2) | mission an ind be written dov | ependent review of the amount to wn or converted for the purposes | |
| | | | [Note: article | 22(3) and (4) of B | TS 241/2014.] | |

| 7.50 | R | For the purposes of article 52(1)(o) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , features that could hinder the recapitalisation of a <i>firm</i> include provisions that require the <i>firm</i> to compensate existing holders of capital instruments where a new capital instrument is issued. [Note: article 23 of BTS 241/2014.] | | |
|------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Incentives to re | deem | | |
| 7.51 | R | (1) | 63(h) of the <i>UK</i> ans any feature ance of a capita | es of article 52(1)(g) and article <i>CRR</i> , an incentive to redeem methat provides, at the date of issular instrument, an expectation that rument is likely to be redeemed. |
| | | (2) | An incentive to | redeem under (1) includes: |
| | | | (a) | a call option combined with an increase in the credit spread of the instrument if the call is not exercised; |
| | | | (b) | a call option combined with a requirement or an investor option to convert the instrument into a common equity tier 1 instrument where the call is not exercised; |
| | | | (c) | a call option combined with a change in reference rate where the credit spread over the se- cond reference rate is greater than the initial payment rate minus the swap rate; |
| | | | (d) | a call option combined with an increase of the redemption amount in the future; |
| | | | (e) | a remarketing option combined with an increase in the credit spread of the instrument or a change in reference rate where the credit spread over the second reference rate is greater than the initial payment rate minus the swap rate where the instrument is not remarketed; and |
| | | | (f) | a marketing of the instrument in a way which suggests to investors that the instrument will be called. |
| | | [Note: article 20 | of BTS 241/2014. | |
| | Use of special p | purpose vehicles for indirect issuance of own funds | | |
| 7.52 | R | (1) | | s for the purposes of article icle 63(n) of the <i>UK CRR</i> . |
| | | (2) | subscribed for be capital instrume firm as capital cest quality of: | issues a capital instrument that is by a special purpose entity, the ent must not be recognised by the of a higher quality than the low- |
| | | | (a) | the capital issued to the special purpose entity; and |
| | | | | |

| | | | (b) | the capital issued to third par- ties by the special purpose entity. |
|----------------------------------------|---|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (3) | Where another entity ("A") within the same consolidated situation as the firm issues a capital instrument that is subscribed for by a special purpose entity, the capital instrument must not be recognised by A as capital of a higher quality than the lowest quality of: | |
| | | | (a) | the capital issued to the special purpose entity; and |
| | | | (b) | the capital issued to third par- ties by the special purpose entity. |
| | | (4) | lent basis to a U of determining | ont in (2) also applies on an equiva- JK parent entity for the purposes its consolidated own funds, with the "firm" being read as a refer- parent entity. |
| | | (5) | by a special pur be no more fav | re holders of instruments issued rose entity in (2), (3) or (4) must courable than if the instrument ctly by the <i>firm</i> , A or the <i>UK paroplicable</i> . |
| [Note: article 24 of BTS 241/2014.] | | | | |
| Distributions on own funds instruments | | | | |
| 7.53 | R | (1) | | ns the definition of a broad mar- ne purpose of article 73(5) of the |
| | | (2) | | e index is a broad market index if he following conditions: |
| | | | (a) | it is used to set interbank lend- ing rates in one or more currencies; |
| | | | (b) | it is used as a reference rate for floating rate debt issued by the <i>firm</i> in the same currency, where applicable; |
| | | | (c) | it is calculated as an average rate by a body independent of the <i>institutions</i> or <i>MIFIDPRU</i> in- vestment firms that are contrib- uting to the index (a "panel"); |
| | | | (d) | each of the rates set under the index is based on quotes submitted by a panel of institutions or MIFIDPRU investment firms active in that interbank market; and |
| | | | (e) | the composition of the panel referred to in point (c) ensures a sufficient level of representativeness of <i>institutions</i> or <i>MIFID-PRU investment firms</i> present in the <i>United Kingdom</i> . |

| | (3) | representative | ses of (2)(e), a suffeness will be deemerollowing cases: | |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (a) | | six different con- e any discount of ed for the pur- |
| | | (b) | where both of conditions are | |
| | | | (i) | the panel in (2)(c) includes at least four different contributors before any discount of quotes is applied for the purposes of setting the rate; and |
| | | | (ii) | the contributors to the panel in (2)(c) represent at least 60% of the related market. |
| | (4) | | arket referred to i iding the amount : | |
| | | (a) | the sum of the ities of the effe utors to the pa mestic currency | nel in the do- |
| | | (b) | in the domestic credit institutio Kingdom, inclu tablished in the | ons in the United ding branches es- e United King- ey market funds |
| | (5) | dex where it is | is deemed to be a s appropriately div article 344 of the | ersified in ac- |
| | [Note: article 2 | 4a of BTS 241/20 | 14.] | |
| | Indirect holdings arising from in | dex holdings | | |
| 7.54 | R (1) | whether an es | es for the purpose stimate is sufficient ses of article 76(2) | tly conservative |
| | (2) | | sufficiently conser following condition | |
| | | (a) | index specifies strument of a f | mandate of the that a capital in- financial sector art of the index |
| | | | | |

cannot exceed a maximum percentage of that index and the firm uses that percentage as an estimate of the value of the holdings that must be deducted from:

(i) its common equity tier 1 capital, additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital (as applicable) in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3 Annex

> 7.43R(1)(b); or its common equity tier 1 capital where the firm cannot determine the precise na-

ture of the holding; or

if the firm is unable to determine the maximum percentage referred to in (a) and the index includes capital instruments of financial sector entities (as evidenced by its investment mandate or other relevant information), the firm deducts the full amount of the index holdings from:

(ii)

(i) its common

equity tier 1 capital, additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital (as applicable) in accordance with MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.43R(1)(b); or

(ii) its common

> equity tier 1 capital where the *firm* cannot determine the precise nature of the holding.

(3) For the purposes of (2):

(b)

(a) an indirect holding arising from

an index holding consists of the proportion of the index invested in the common equity tier 1 instruments, additional

| | | | | tier 1 instruments and tier 2 in- struments of financial sector en- tities included in the index; and |
|------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | (b) | an index includes, but is not limited to, index funds, equity or bond indices or any other scheme where the underlying instrument is a capital instrument issued by a <i>financial sector entity</i> . |
| | | [Note: article 2! | of BTS 241/2014 | .] |
| 7.55 | G | (1) | ply for permissi ate approach in supplemented the the firm has de erationally burd ing exposure to | 6(3) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , a <i>firm</i> may apon to use the conservative estimarticle 76(2) of the <i>UK CRR</i> (as by MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7.54R) where monstrated that it would be opposed to monitor its underlythe items referred to in articles of the <i>UK CRR</i> . |
| | | (2) | means situation proach to capit tities on an one When consider tionally burden | oses, "operationally burdensome" as in which the look-through apal holdings in <i>financial sector eng</i> oing basis would be unjustified. In a whether a situation is operasome, the <i>FCA</i> will take into acthe <i>firm's</i> index holding: |
| | | | (a) | is immaterial when compared with the <i>firm's own funds</i> ; and |
| | | | (b) | has a short holding period or is highly liquid in nature. |
| | | [Note: article 26 | of BTS 241/2014 | J |
| | Temporary wai | ver of deduction f | from own funds | |
| 7.56 | G | (1) | applied by MIFII the requirement capital instrument the firm has gradequity tier 1 ins | with article 79 of the <i>UK CRR</i> (as DPRU 3.6.1R), the <i>FCA</i> may waive t for a <i>firm</i> to deduct holdings of ents or subordinated loans that anted that qualify as <i>common struments</i> , additional tier 1 instruinstruments of a <i>financial sector</i> |
| | | | (a) | the <i>firm</i> will hold the capital instruments or subordinated loans only temporarily; and |
| | | | (b) | the FCA considers that the holdings are for the purposes of a financial assistance operational designed to reorganise and save the financial sector entity. |
| | | (2) | purposes of art ply for a waiver | hes to apply for a waiver for the icle 79 of the <i>UK CRR</i> should aport of MIFIDPRU 3.6.1R (insofar as it icle) under section 138A of the |
| | | (3) | der (2), the FCA | ng an application for a waiver un- considers that the conditions for e unlikely to be met where: |
| | | | | |

| | | (a) | the duration of the waiver exceeds the timeframe envisaged under the financial assistance operation plan or exceeds five years; |
|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (b) | the waiver is not limited to new holdings of instruments in the financial sector entity; |
| | | (c) | the financial assistance operation has not been discussed with and, where necessary, approved by the FCA; or |
| | | (d) | the financial assistance operation does not clearly state phases, timing and objectives and does not specify the interaction between the <i>firm's</i> temporary holdings and the broader financial assistance operation. |
| | [Note: article 79 | of the UK CRR a | nd article 33 of BTS 241/2014.] |
| | Own funds instruments issued by | special purpose e | entities |
| 7.57 | G (1) | MIFIDPRU 2.5.10Riclude additional ments issued by their related shaing own funds u | (1) of the <i>UK CRR</i> (as applied by (1)), a <i>UK parent entity</i> may inter 1 instruments, tier 2 instruates a special purpose entity, and are premium accounts, in qualify-under Title II of Part Two only itions in article 83(1) are met. |
| | (2) | conditions is that purpose entity is of the parent un parent undertak | (1)(d) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , one of the at the only asset of the special is its investment in the <i>own funds adertaking</i> or a <i>subsidiary</i> of that <i>sing</i> that is included within the consolidation group. |
| | (3) | waive the condinassets of the relative (other than its in the parent under | e UK CRR permits the FCA to tion in article 83(1)(d) where the evant special purpose entity extends of ertaking or subsidiary) are minficant for that entity. |
| | (4) | tain the waiver under section 13 plication of MIFI plies the conditi <i>CRR</i> . When cons <i>FCA</i> will normal whether the ass (other than the the parent under | s that a firm that wishes to obin (3) will make an application 38A of the <i>Act</i> to waive the approximate application 38A of the <i>Act</i> to waive the approximate application on in article 83(1)(d) of the <i>UK</i> defining any such application, the ly consider, among other factors, ets of the special purpose entity investments in the <i>own funds</i> of artaking or subsidiary within the consolidation group): are limited to cash assets dedicated |
| | | | ated to the payment of cou- pons and redemption of the own funds instruments that are due; and |
| | | | |

| | | | (b) | are no higher than 0.5% of the average total assets of the special purpose entity over the last three years. |
|------|---|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (5) | grant a <i>firm</i> a tity has a high | ders that it may be appropriate to waiver when a special purpose ener percentage of assets than that (b) provided that: |
| | | | (a) | the higher percentage is neces- sary exclusively to cover the run- ning costs of the special pur- pose entity; and |
| | | | (b) | the corresponding nominal amount of those assets does not exceed £500,000. |
| | | [Note: article | 83(1) of the UK C | RR and article 34 of BTS 241/2014.] |
| 7.58 | R | (1) | tion required of the UK CRR of a subsidiary CRR ("X") that an entity refer | se of the sub-consolidation calcula- under articles 84(2), 85(2) and 87(2) a, the qualifying minority interests referred to in article 81 of the <i>UK</i> it is itself a parent undertaking of red to in article 81(1) of the <i>UK</i> alculated in accordance with the re- is rule. |
| | | (2) | | olies with either of the following f its consolidated situation, the 3) applies: |
| | | | (a) | MIFIDPRU 4 and 5; or |
| | | | (b) | Part Three of the UK CRR. |
| | | (3) | The relevant t | reatment in (2) is as follows: |
| | | | (a) | the common equity tier 1 capital of X on a consolidated basis (as referred to in article 84(1)(a) of the UK CRR) shall be taken to include the eligible minority interests that arise from X's own subsidiaries calculated under article 84 of the UK CRR and MIFIDPRU 3 Annex 7R; |
| | | | (b) | for the purpose of the sub-consolidation calculation, the amount of common equity tier 1 capital required under article 84(1)(a)(i) of the UK CRR is the amount required to meet X's common equity tier 1 capital requirements at the level of its consolidated situation calculated in accordance with article 84(1)(a) of the UK CRR: |
| | | | (c) | for the purpose of the sub-consolidation calculation, the specific own funds requirements in article 84(1)(a)(i) of the <i>UK CRR</i> are: |
| | | | | |

| | | (i) | any amount in excess of X's own funds requirement that X is required to hold to meet its own funds threshold requirement; or |
|-----|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (ii) | any amount specified by the PRA under regulation 34 of the Capital Requirements Regulations 2013 in relation to X; |
| | (d) | common eq quired unde of the UK C tion of X on solidated sit mon equity quirements which the e | of consolidated uity tier 1 capital re- er article 84(1)(a)(ii) RR is the contribute basis of its con- uation to the com- tier 1 own funds re- of the firm for ligible minority in- alculated on a con- sis ("Y"); |
| | (e) | | ose of calculating ation of X under (d): |
| | | (i) | all intra-group transactions between undertakings included in the scope of prudential consolidation of Y must be eliminated; and |
| | | (ii) | X must not include capital requirements arising from its subsidiaries that are not included in the scope of prudential consolidation of Y. |
| (4) | subsidiary t | (parent entity ha hat meets the foll ent in (5) applies: | s an intermediate owing conditions, |
| | (a) | | diate <i>subsidiary</i> is to in article 81(1) <i>RR</i> ; and |
| | | | |

| | (b) the intermediate subsidiary has subsidiaries that are referred to in article 81(1) of the UK CRR. |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (5) | Where (4) applies, the UK parent entity: |
| | (a) may include in its common equity tier 1 capital the amount of minority interests arising from those subsidiaries calculated in accordance with article 84(1) of the UK CRR; but |
| | (b) must not include in its common equity tier 1 capital any minority interests arising from a subsidiary that is not referred to in article 81(1) of the UK CRR. |
| (6) | This <i>rule</i> applies on an equivalent basis to the calculation of: |
| | (a) qualifying tier 1 instruments under article 85 of the UK CRR, in which case references to "common equity tier 1" in this rule are references to "tier 1"; and |
| | (b) qualifying own funds under article 87 of the <i>UK CRR</i> , in which case references to "common equity tier 1" in this <i>rule</i> are references to "own funds". |
| | |

Prudent valuation and additional valuation adjustments

| Application an | d nurnoco | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Application an | | (4) | -1. | |
| 8.1 | R | (1) | This annex applies for the purposes of calculating additional valuation adjustments under article of the <i>UK CRR</i> (as applied by MIFIDPRU 3.3.1AR). | |
| | | (2) | | o the <i>UK CRR</i> in this annex is to applied and modified by MIFIDPRU |
| 8.2 | G | (1) | Under article 34 of the <i>UK CRR</i> , a <i>firm</i> must appl the requirements of article 105 of the <i>UK CRR</i> to the <i>firm's</i> assets measured at fair value when calculating the amount of its <i>own funds</i> . | |
| | | (2) | | 3.3.1AR, a <i>firm</i> is only required to of the <i>UK CRR</i> to positions held by book. |
| Sources of mar | ket data | | | |
| 8.3 | R | (1) | Where a <i>firm</i> calculates an <i>AVA</i> based on market data, it must consider the same range of market data as the data used in the independent price verification process referred to in article 105(8) of the <i>UK CRR</i> , subject to the adjustments in this rule. | |
| | | (2) | A firm must consider the full range of available and reliable market data sources to determine a prudent value, including each of the following to the extent relevant: | |
| | | | (a) | exchange prices in a liquid market; |
| | | | (b) | trades in the financial instru- ment or a very similar instru- ment, either from the firm's own records or, where available, trades from across the market; |
| | | | (c) | tradable quotes from brokers and other market participants; |
| | | | (d) | consensus service data; |
| | | | (e) | indicative broker quotes; and |
| | | | (f) | counterparty collateral valuations. |
| | | [Note: article 3 | of BTS 2016/101.] | |
| Determination | of AVAs | | | |
| 8.4 | R | (1) | A <i>firm</i> must calculate the value of assets for which the <i>firm</i> must determine <i>AVAs</i> in accordance with this <i>rule</i> . | |
| | | | | |

| | (2) | The value in (1) is the sum of the absolute value of fair-valued assets and liabilities, as stated in the <i>firm's</i> financial statements in accordance with the applicable accounting framework, modified as follows: | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | (a) | | ing offsetting fair- abilities must be ex- |
| | | (b) | | ge in the account- of fair-valued as- ities would: |
| | | | (i) | only be partially reflected in common equity tier 1 capital, the value of those assets or liabilities must only be included in proportion to the impact of the relevant valuation change on common equity tier 1 capital; or |
| | | | (ii) | have no impact on common equity tier 1 capital, the value of those assets or liabilities must be excluded. |
| | [Note: article 4 | of BTS 2016/101. | .] | |
| 8.5 R | der MIFIDPRU 3 | | | ssets calculated un- |
| Documentation, systems and | _ | 3 and 6 of 613 20 | 710/101.] | |
| 8.6 R | A firm must ap | ppropriately documents | | valuation meth- |
| | (1) | the range of m | | r quantifying <i>AVAs</i> |
| | (2) | | of methodologie or <i>valuation po</i> s | |
| | (3) | the hierarchy of AVA methodol | | ources used in the |
| | (4) | tify a zero AVA valuation posit | A for each asset of tion; and | market data to jus- class, product, or |
| | (5) | change in acco | | n has a partial or ier 1 capital accord- |

| | | [Note: article 18 | 3(1) of BTS 2016/1 | 01.] | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 8.7 | R | The firm must e PRU 3 Annex 8.6R | ensure that the documentation and policies in MIFIDare: | | |
| | | (1) | reviewed at leas | st annually; and | |
| | | (2) | | e firm's senior management fol- view. [Note: article 18(3) of BTS | |
| 8.8 | R | A firm must: | | | |
| | | (1) | | ls to allow the calculation of <i>AVAs</i> posure level to be analysed; and | |
| | | (2) | are provided wi culation process the level of valu | senior management of the firm th information from the AVA cals to permit them to understand uation uncertainty on the firm's revalued positions. | |
| | | [Note: article 18 | 3(3) of BTS 2016/1 | 01.] | |
| Systems and cor | ntrols requiremen | ts | | | |
| 8.9 | R | | sure that <i>AVAs</i> are n independent co | e authorised and subsequently ontrol function. | |
| | | [Note: article 19 | (1) of BTS 2016/1 | 01.] | |
| 8.10 | R | (1) | A firm must have | /e: | |
| | | | (a) | effective controls related to the governance of all fair-valued po- sitions; and | |
| | | | (b) | adequate resources to imple- ment the controls in (a) and en- sure robust valuation processes even during a stressed period. | |
| | | (2) | The controls and following: | d processes in (1) must include the | |
| | | | (a) | a review of the performance of the <i>firm's</i> valuation model at le- ast annually; | |
| | | | (b) | approval by senior management of all significant changes to valuation policies; | |
| | | | (c) | a clear statement of the firm's risk appetite for exposure to positions subject to valuation uncertainty, which must be monitored at an aggregate firmwide level; | |
| | | | (d) | independence in the valuation process between risk-taking and internal control functions; and | |
| | | | (e) | a comprehensive internal audit process relating to valuation processes and controls. | |
| | | [Note:article 19 | (2) of BTS 2016/10 | 01.] | |
| 8.11 | R | (1) | A firm must: | | |

| | (a) | applied cont | ve and consistently trols relating to the ocess for all fair-val- is; and |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (b) | | the controls in (a) to regular internal /. |
| (2) | The controls in | n (1) must inclu | de the following: |
| | (a) | product inve every <i>valuat</i> | lefined <i>firm</i> -wide entory, ensuring that <i>ion position</i> is apped to a product |
| | (b) | | ethodologies for t in the inventory |
| | | (i) | the choice and calibration of model; |
| | | (ii) | fair value ad- justments; |
| | | (iii) | independent price veri- fication; |
| | | (iv) | AVAs; |
| | | (v) | the methodolo- gies applicable to the product; and |
| | | (vi) | the measure- ment of valu- ation un- certainty. |
| | (c) | that, for eac risk-taking a functions ap level method in point (b) | |
| | (d) | served mark ing when va | esholds based on ob- et data for determin- lluation models are ufficiently robust; |
| | (e) | fication prod | lependent price veri- cess based on prices t from the relevant c; |
| | (f) | referencing ory and invo stakeholders measuremer cial reportin | the product invent- blying all internal s relevant to risk nt, risk control, finan- g and the assign- erification of valu |

ations of *financial instruments*; and

(g)

a new deal review process to ensure that pricing data from new trades are used to assess whether valuations of similar valuation exposures remain appropriately prudent.

[Note: article 19(3) of BTS 2016/101.]