**Listing Rules** 

## Chapter 15

		15.2 Requirements for listing
15.2.1	R	To be <i>listed</i> , an <i>applicant</i> must comply with:
		(1) ■ LR 2 (Requirements for listing);
		(2) the following provisions of LR 6 (Additional requirements for premium listing (commercial company):
		<ul> <li>(a) ■ LR 6.2.4R (1) and ■ LR 6.2.4R(2), if the applicant is a new applicant for the admission of equity shares and it has published or filed audited accounts;</li> </ul>
		(b) ■ LR 6.2.6R;
		(c) ■ LR 6.7.1R, ■ LR 6.9.1R(1), ■ LR 6.9.2R, ■ LR 6.14.1R to ■ LR 6.14.5G, and ■ LR 6.15.1R; and
		(3) ■ LR 15.2.2 R to ■ LR 15.2.13A R.
		Shares of a third country company
15.2.1A	R	The FCA will not admit shares of a company incorporated in a third country that are not listed either in its country of incorporation or in the country in which a majority of its shares are held, unless the FCA is satisfied that the absence of the listing is not due to the need to protect investors.
		[Note: Article 51 CARD]
		Investment activity
15.2.2	R	An <i>applicant</i> must invest and manage its assets in a way which is consistent with its object of spreading investment risk.
15.2.3	G	[deleted]
15.2.3A	R	(1) An <i>applicant</i> and its <i>subsidiary undertakings</i> must not conduct any trading activity which is significant in the context of its <i>group</i> as a whole.
		(2) This rule does not prevent the businesses forming part of the investment portfolio of the <i>applicant</i> from conducting trading activities themselves.
15.2.4	R	[deleted]

15.2.4A	G	Although there is no restriction on an <i>applicant</i> taking a controlling stake in an investee company, to ensure a spread of investment risk an <i>applicant</i> should avoid:
		(1) cross-financing between the businesses forming part of its investment portfolio including, for example, through the provision of undertakings or security for borrowings by such businesses for the benefit of another; and
		(2) the operation of common treasury functions as between the <i>applicant</i> and investee companies.
		Cross-holdings
15.2.5	R	(1) No more than 10%, in aggregate, of the value of the total assets of an <i>applicant</i> at admission may be invested in other <i>listed closed-ended investment funds</i> .
		(2) The restriction in (1) does not apply to investments in <i>closed-ended</i> <i>investment funds</i> which themselves have published investment policies to invest no more than 15% of their total assets in other <i>listed closed-ended investment funds</i> .
		Feeder funds
15.2.6	R	(1) If an applicant principally invests its funds in another company or fund that invests in a portfolio of investments (a "master fund"), the applicant must ensure that:
		<ul> <li>(a) the master fund's investment policies are consistent with the applicant's published investment policy and provide for spreading investment risk; and</li> </ul>
		(b) the master fund in fact invests and manages its investments in a way that is consistent with the <i>applicant</i> 's published investment policy and spreads investment risk.
		(2) Paragraph (1) applies whether the <i>applicant</i> invests its funds in the master fund directly or indirectly through other intermediaries.
		(3) Where the applicant invests in the master fund through a chain of intermediaries between the applicant and the master fund, the applicant must ensure that each intermediary in the chain complies with paragraphs (1)(a) and (b).
		Investment policy
15.2.7	R	An <i>applicant</i> must have a published investment policy that contains
		information about the policies which the <i>closed-ended investment fund</i> will follow relating to asset allocation, risk diversification, and gearing, and that includes maximum exposures.
15.2.8	G	The information in the investment policy, including quantitative information concerning the exposures mentioned in LR 15.2.7 R, should be sufficiently precise and clear as to enable an investor to:

	(1) assess the investment opportunity;
	(2) identify how the objective of risk spreading is to be achieved; and
	(3) assess the significance of any proposed change of investment policy.
15.2.0	
15.2.9	[deleted]
15.2.10	[deleted]
	Independence
15.2.11	The board of <i>directors</i> or equivalent body of the <i>applicant</i> must be able to act independently:
	(1) of any <i>investment manager</i> appointed to manage <i>investments</i> of the <i>applicant</i> ; and
	(2) if the <i>applicant</i> (either directly or through other intermediaries) has an investment policy of principally investing its funds in another <i>company</i> or fund that invests in a portfolio of investments ("a master fund"), of the master fund and of any <i>investment manager</i> of the master fund.
15.2.11A	LR 15.2.11R (2) does not apply if the <i>company</i> or fund which invests its funds in another <i>company</i> or fund is a <i>subsidiary undertaking</i> of the <i>applicant</i> .
15.2.12	[deleted]
15.2.12-A	For the purposes of LR 15.2.11 R:
	(1) the chair of the board or equivalent body of the <i>applicant</i> must be independent; and
	(2) a majority of the board or equivalent body of the <i>applicant</i> must be independent (the chairman may be included within that majority).
15.2.12A	For the purposes of LR 15.2.11 R and LR 15.2.12-A R, the following are not independent:
	(1) directors, employees, partners, officers or professional advisers of or to:
	(a) an <i>investment manager</i> of the <i>applicant</i> ; or
	<ul> <li>(b) a master fund or <i>investment manager</i> referred to in</li> <li>■ LR 15.2.11R (2); or</li> </ul>
	(c) any other company in the same group as the investment manager of the applicant; or
	(2) directors, employees or professional advisers of or to other investment companies or funds that are:

<i>manager</i> to the <i>applicant</i> ; or
(b) managed by any other <i>company</i> in the same <i>group</i> as the <i>investment manager</i> to the <i>applicant</i> .
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person referred to in $\blacksquare$ LR 15.2.12AR (1) or $\blacksquare$ (2) who is a <i>director</i> of the <i>plicant</i> must be subject to annual re-election by the <i>applicant</i> 's areholders.
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e board of <i>directors</i> or equivalent body of the <i>applicant</i> must be in a sition to effectively monitor and manage the performance of its key vice providers, including any <i>investment manager</i> of the <i>applicant</i> .