Investment Funds sourcebook

Chapter 4

Specialist AIF Regimes



Application 4.1

The application of this chapter is summarised in the following table; the detailed application is provided in each section. 4.1.1

Type of firm	Applicable sections
Full-scope UK AIFM of a an LTIF.	FUND 4.2 (LTIFs)
UK depositary of an LTIF.	FUND 4.2 (LTIFs)

FUND 4/2



4.2 LTIFs

Application

- 4.2.1 R
- This section applies to:
 - (1) a full-scope UK AIFM of an LTIF; and
 - (2) a UK depositary of an LTIF.

The LTIF regulation

- 4.2.2 G
- (1) The LTIF regulation lays down uniform rules on the authorisation, investment policies and operating conditions of UK AIFs, or compartments of those AIFs, that are marketed in the UK as long-term investment funds (LTIFs).
- (2) [deleted]

Interaction between the LTIF regulation and the UK AIFM regime

- 4.2.3 G
- (1) To be eligible to manage an LTIF, an AIFM needs to be a full-scope UK AIFM.
- (2) This means that the *AIFM* and the *depositary* of an *LTIF* need to comply with the applicable requirements of:
 - (a) the UK AIFM regime; and
 - (b) the LTIF regulation.

Specific depositary provisions where an LTIF is marketed to retail investors

- 4.2.4 G
- (1) Article 29 of the *LTIF regulation* contains specific provisions concerning the *depositary* of an *LTIF* that is *marketed* to *retail clients* which have the effect of amending the corresponding provisions which implemented *AIFMD* in the *United Kingdom*.
- (2) Article 29 of the *LTIF regulation* is replicated in FUND 4.2.5UK.
- (3) These specific provisions and the corresponding references in AIFMD (as implemented before IP completion day), as well as the relevant provisions in the AIFMD UK regulation and rules are summarised in FUND 4.2.6G.

(4) Where these specific provisions conflict with a rule or guidance, the relevant rule or guidance has been disapplied in ■ FUND 4.2.7R.

UK 4.2.5

Specific provisions concerning the depositary of an ELTIF marketed to retail

- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions in [FUND 3.11.10R], the depositary of an LTIF marketed to retail investors must be an entity that satisfies the criteria referred to in [COLL 6.6A.8R(1) to (3)].
- 1A. The requirements of section 243(5) and (5A) and 261D(5) of FSMA and regulation 15(8)(a) of the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001(11), as amended from time to time, do not apply to a qualifying EEA firm until the end of the period determined in accordance with regulation 17 (period during which regulation 8 or 11 is to apply) of the EEA Passport Rights (Amendment, etc., and Transitional Provisions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018
- 1B. In paragraph 1A 'qualifying EEA firm' means a body corporate which:
 - is the depositary of an LTIF; (a)
 - (b) is, by virtue of regulation 8 or 11 of the EEA Passport Rights (Amendment, etc., and Transitional Provisions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018, treated as having a Part 4A permission relating to one or more regulated activity; and
 - had immediately before IP completion day, and (c) continues to have, a Part 4A permission to carry on the regulated activity specified in Article 51ZD of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001.
- Notwithstanding regulations 30 and 32 of the AIFM Regula-2. tions, the depositary of an LTIF marketed to retail investors shall not be able to discharge itself of liability in the event of a loss of financial instruments held in custody by a third party.
- 3. The liability of the depositary referred to in regulation 30 of the AIFM Regulations shall not be excluded or limited by agreement where the LTIF is marketed to retail investors.
- Any agreement that contravenes paragraph 3 shall be void. 4.
- 5. The assets held in custody by the depositary of an LTIF shall not be reused by the depositary, or by any third party to whom the custody function has been delegated, for their own account. Reuse comprises any transaction involving assets held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lendina.

The assets held in custody by the depositary of an LTIF are only allowed to be reused provided that:

- the reuse of the assets is executed for the account (a) of the LTIF:
- the depositary is carrying out the instructions of (b) the manager of the LTIF on behalf of the LTIF;
- the reuse is for the benefit of the LTIF and in the (c) interests of the unit- or shareholders; and
- (d) the transaction is covered by high quality and liquid collateral received by the LTIF under a title transfer arrangement.

Specific provisions concerning the depositary of an ELTIF marketed to retail investors

The market value of the collateral referred to in point (d) of the second subparagraph shall at all times amount to at least the market value of the reused assets plus a premium.

[Note: article 29 of the LTIF regulation]

Summary of specific provisions concerning the depositary of an LTIF marketed to retail investors

4.2.6 G

	LTIF regulation	AIFMD reference	Relevant provisions in AIFMD UK regulation and FCA rules
(1)	Article 29(1) of the LTIF regulation	Article 21(3) of AIFMD	FUND 3.11.10R to FUND 3.11.15G
(2)	Article 29(2) of the LTIF regulation	Second paragraph of article 21(13) and 21(14) of <i>AIFMD</i>	Regulations 30(4) and (5) and 32 of the <i>AIFMD UK re-</i> <i>gulation</i> (Note 1)
(3)	Article 29(3) of the LTIF regulation	Article 21(12) of AIFMD	Regulations 30(1) to (3) and 31(1) of the <i>AIFMD UK</i> regulation (Note 2)
(4)	Article 29(5) of the <i>ELTIF regulation</i>	Article 21(10) third paragraph of <i>AIFMD</i>	FUND 3.11.24R

Note 1: Regulations 30(4) and 32 do not apply to the *depositary* of a *UK LTIF* which is marketed to retail investors under Chapter V of the *LTIF regulation*. This follows from regulations 30(7) and 32(3) of the *AIFMD UK regulation* which were amended by The European Long-term Investment Funds Regulations 2015 (SI 2015/1882) and The Alternative Investment Fund Managers (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (SI 2019/328).

Note 2: No modifications are needed to these provisions as the liability of the *depositary* referred to in article 21(12) of *AIFMD* is unaffected by the *LTIF* regulation.

Disapplication of FUND depositary provisions for an LTIF marketed to retail investors

4.2.7 R

The following provisions do not apply when an *LTIF* is *marketed* to a *retail client*:

- FUND 3.11.10R to FUND 3.11.15G (Eligible depositaries for UK AIFs); and
- (2) [deleted]
- (3) FUND 3.11.24R (Reuse of assets).

Documentation and information required to market an LTIF

- 4.2.8 G
- (1) To market an LTIF an AIFM is required to:
 - (a) notify the FCA in accordance with regulation 54 of the AIFMD UK regulation, if it wishes to market the LTIF in the UK (see article 31(1) of the LTIF regulation); and
 - (b) [deleted]
 - (c) provide the following additional documentation and information to the FCA (see article 31(4) of the LTIF regulation):
 - (i) the prospectus of the LTIF;
 - (ii) the key information document of the LTIF in the event that it is marketed to retail clients: and
 - (iii) information on the facilities referred to in article 26 of the LTIF regulation.
- (2) To market an LTIF, a full-scope UK AIFM should submit a notice to the FCA using the forms in:
 - (a) FUND 3 Annex 1D (Notification of intention to market an AIF in the United Kingdom) to market an LTIF in the United Kingdom; and
 - (b) [deleted]
 - (c) FUND 4 Annex 1R (Additional documentation and information to market an LTIF) (as required by ■ FUND 4.2.9R).
- 4.2.9

The AIFM of an ELTIF must submit a notice to the FCA using the form in ■ FUND 4 Annex 1R (Additional documentation and information to market an ELTIF) to market the ELTIF.

Interaction between ELTIFs and authorised funds

- G 4.2.10
- (1) The requirements in relation to an LTIF are set out in the LTIF regulation rather than in FCA rules.
- (2) (a) As a result, the Glossary term of an authorised fund has only limited application to an LTIF.
 - (b) This is to avoid all the requirements for an authorised AIF applying to an AIFM or depositary of an LTIF.
- (3) (a) The Glossary term of an authorised fund only applies to an LTIF (other than a body corporate that is not a collective investment scheme) in ■ FEES 6 and COMP.
 - (b) This is to allow the *rules* and *quidance* in FEES 6 and *COMP* to apply to an LTIF (other than a body corporate that is not a collective investment scheme) in the same way as other types of fund that are authorised by the FCA.
- 4.2.11 G
- (1) However, a full-scope UK AIFM of an LTIF needs to obtain the permission of managing an AIF that is an authorised AIF.

- (2) Similarly, the *depositary* of a an *LTIF* needs to obtain the *permission* of *acting as trustee or a depositary of an AIF* that is an *authorised AIF*.
- (3) (a) Where the requirements for an AIFM or a depositary of an LTIF are concerned, an LTIF bears more of a resemblance to an authorised AIF than an unauthorised AIF.
 - (b) As a result, firms that do not have the permission to manage an AIF that is an authorised AIF or act as a trustee or depositary of an AIF that is an authorised AIF will need to vary their permission to be able to act as the AIFM or depositary of an LTIF.

Additional documentation and information to market an LTIF

This annex consists only of one or more forms. Forms are to be found through the following address: - FUND 4 Annex 1R