Funeral Plan: Conduct of Business sourcebook

Chapter 10

Arrangements for the funeral

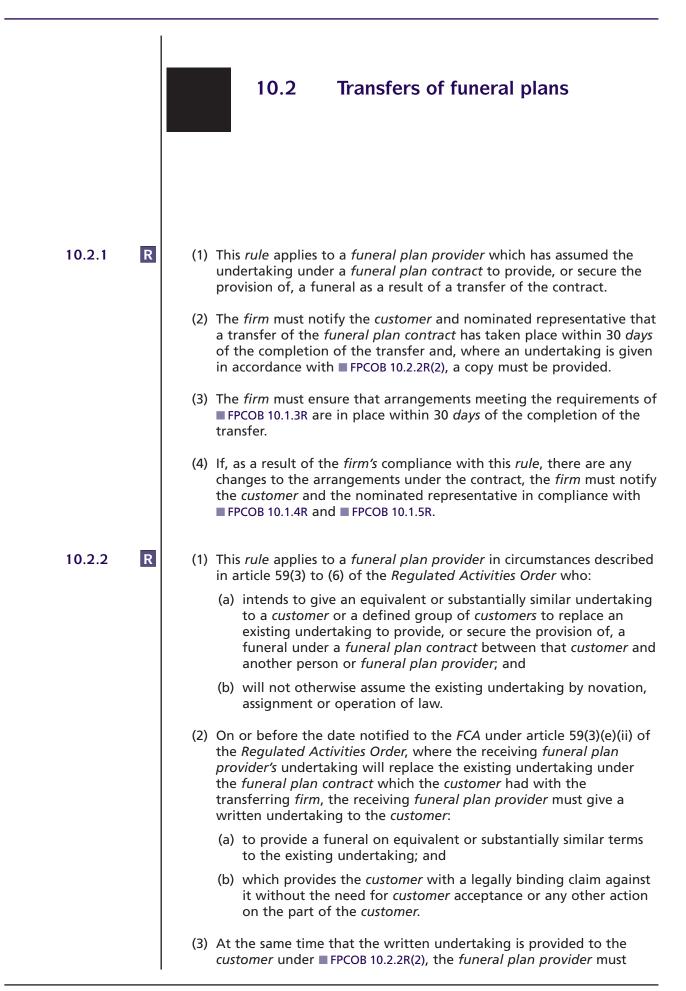
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		10.1 Application and purpose
10.1.1	R	Application This chapter applies to a <i>funeral plan provider</i> that enters into a <i>funeral plan contract</i> , under which it undertakes to secure that another <i>person</i> provides a funeral for the <i>covered individual</i> on their death.
10.1.2	G	Purpose The purpose of the requirements in this chapter is to provide certainty at the point of sale of a <i>funeral plan contract</i> that an appropriate funeral services provider will provide the services required under the contract at no additional cost to the <i>customer</i> or the <i>covered individual's</i> estate.
10.1.3	R	Arrangements with the funeral services provider A firm must, within 30 days of the customer's purchase of a funeral plan contract, make appropriate arrangements for the funeral to be carried out. The arrangements must:
		(1) be legally enforceable;(2) be made with a funeral services provider that is located within a
		reasonable distance of the covered individual's address, unless:
		 (a) it is clear from the nature of the <i>funeral plan contract</i> that this was not the intention of both the funeral services provider and the <i>customer</i>; or
		(b) the <i>customer</i> agrees otherwise;
		(3) identify the business name and address of the funeral services provider (including, as appropriate, the relevant branch) that will carry out the funeral; and
		(4) be such as to ensure that neither the <i>customer</i> nor the <i>covered individual's</i> estate are required to make further payments to the funeral services provider to provide the funeral in accordance with the <i>funeral plan contract</i> .
10.1.4	R	Following compliance with FPCOB 10.1.3R, the <i>firm</i> must within 2 <i>business days</i> provide the <i>customer</i> with a notification of:
		(1) the name, address and contact details of the relevant funeral services provider; and

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		(2) a summary of the arrangements made with the funeral services provider,
		in accordance with \blacksquare FPCOB 6.2 (Means of communication to customers).
10.1.5	R	The <i>firm</i> must provide the notification in FPCOB 10.1.4R to the nominated representative at the same time as it is provided to the <i>customer</i> unless the circumstances in FPCOB 9.3.7R apply.
10.1.6	R	The <i>firm</i> must regularly review the arrangements under FPCOB 10.1.3R to ensure that the funeral services provider will provide the services required under the <i>funeral plan contract</i> .
10.1.7	G	For the purposes of ■ FPCOB 10.1.6R, a review should take place at least every 12 months.
10.1.8	R	If at any time after a <i>firm</i> has complied with FPCOB 10.1.3R, a <i>firm</i> becomes aware that the funeral services provider is unable or likely to be unable to provide the services required under the <i>funeral plan contract</i> , the <i>firm</i> must make alternative arrangements with another funeral services provider, at no additional cost to the <i>customer</i> or <i>covered individual</i> .
10.1.9	R	In accordance with FPCOB 6.2, the <i>firm</i> must notify:
		(1) the <i>customer</i> ; and
		(2) the nominated representative, unless the ■ FPCOB 9.3.6R circumstances apply,
		of any new arrangements made under E FPCOB 10.1.8R as soon as practicable and in any event, within 2 <i>business days</i> of making the arrangements.
10.1.10	G	A funeral plan provider should consider its arrangements in respect of subsisting funeral plans and whether those arrangements would meet the purpose of the requirements in this section, what steps it might take to change those arrangements as a result and what notifications to make to the customer and the nominated representative.
10.1.11	R	[deleted]

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		notify the <i>FCA</i> that the undertaking has been given and provide a copy of the undertaking.
		(4) The funeral plan provider must:
		(a) publish and maintain a copy of the written undertaking provided to the <i>customer</i> under FPCOB 10.2.2R(2) on its website; and
		(b) maintain appropriate records, including records of the undertaking and the <i>customers</i> to whom it applies,
		until such time as there are no longer any <i>customers</i> to whom the undertaking applies.
		(5) On request by the <i>customer</i> or their nominated representative, the <i>funeral plan provider</i> must promptly provide a further copy of the undertaking by post and/or by email.
10.2.3	G	(1) The effect of ■ FPCOB 10.2.2R is that a <i>customer</i> for whom a <i>funeral</i> plan provider becomes responsible in regulatory terms following a transfer of business is provided with a binding undertaking from that receiving provider, which will provide a civil cause of action against that <i>firm</i> should it be needed.
		(2) An example of where such a civil cause of action may be needed is if the <i>funeral plan provider</i> became insolvent and the <i>customer</i> or their estate wanted to make a claim to the <i>compensation scheme</i> .
		(3) The fact that ■ FPCOB 10.2.2R is actionable under s.138D of FSMA at the suit of a private person means a customer to whom (in breach of that rule) a written undertaking is not made will in any event have a claim against that funeral plan provider.
10.2.4	G	An example of a legally binding undertaking which would fulfil the requirement at FPCOB 10.2.2R includes a deed poll executed by the <i>funeral plan provider</i> in favour of a <i>customer</i> or defined group of <i>customers</i> .
10.2.5	G	The obligation in ■ FPCOB 10.2.2R(4)(a) does not require the receiving <i>funeral</i> plan provider to publish information on its website which meets the definition of personal data under the General Data Protection Regulation.