Chapter 10

Application of other parts of the Handbook to credit unions



10.1 **Application and purpose**

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Application

10.1.1 This chapter applies to all credit unions.

Purpose

G 10.1.2 This chapter is intended to draw *credit unions*' attention to the application of other key parts of the Handbook to credit unions as set out in the table at ■ CREDS 10.1.3 G.

Application of other parts of the Handbook and of Regulatory Guides to Credit Unions

10.1.3 G

Relevance to Credit Unions The Principles for The Principles for Businesses (PRIN) set out high-level Businesses (PRIN) requirements imposed by the FCA. They provide a general statement of regulatory requirements. The Principles apply to all credit unions. In applying the Principles to credit unions, the FCA will be mindful of proportionality. In practice, the implications are likely to vary according to the size and complexity of the credit union. SYSC 1,SYSC 4 to 10 and SYSC 21 apply to all credit Senior Management Arrangements, Sysunions in respect of the carrying on of their regutems and Controls lated activities and unregulated activities in a prudential context. SYSC 23 (Senior managers and certifica-(SYSC) tion regime: Introduction and classification), SYSC 24 (Senior managers and certification regime: Allocation of prescribed responsibilities), SYSC 25 (Senior managers and certification regime: Management responsibilities maps and handover procedures and material), SYSC 26 (Senior managers and certification regime: Overall and local responsibility), SYSC 27 (Senior managers and certification regime: Certification regime) and SYSC 18 apply to all credit unions in respect of both their regulated activities and their unregulated activities. Code of Conduct This contains rules and guidance that are directly ap-(COCON) plicable to a credit union's SMF managers, certification employees and (from 2017) other conduct rules

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staff. There is also guidance for credit unions on giv-

ing their staff training about COCON.

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Threshold Condi-	In order to become <i>authorised</i> under the <i>Act</i> all
tions (COND)	firms must meet the threshold conditions. The threshold conditions must be met on a continuing basis by credit unions. Failure to meet one of the conditions is sufficient grounds for the exercise by the FCA of its powers.
The Fit and Proper test for Employees and Senior Personnel (FIT)	The purpose of FIT is to set out and describe the criteria that a firm should consider when assessing the fitness and propriety of a person (1) in respect of whom an application is being made for approval to undertake a controlled function under the senior managers regime, (2) who has already been approved, (3) who is a certification employee or (4) whom a firm is considering appointing to be a certification employee.
	It also sets out and describes criteria that the FCA will consider when assessing the fitness and propriety of a candidate for a controlled function position and that it may consider when assessing the continuing fitness and propriety of approved persons.
General Provisions (GEN)	GEN contains rules and guidance on general matters, including interpreting the Handbook, statutory status disclosure, the FCA's logo and insurance against financial penalties.
Fees manual (FEES)	This manual sets out the fees applying to <i>credit</i> unions.
Prudential sourcebook for Mortgage and Home Finance Firms, and Insurance Intermediaries (MIPRU)	MIPRU applies to any credit union carrying out insurance distribution activity or home finance mediation activity, or using these services. In particular, it sets out requirements for allocation of responsibility for the credit union's insurance distribution activity (MI-PRU 2), for the use of home finance intermediaries (MIPRU 5) and for professional indemnity insurance (MIPRU 3).
Conduct of Business sourcebook (COBS)	A credit union which acts as a CTF provider or provides a cash-deposit ISA will need to be aware of the relevant requirements in COBS. COBS 4.6 (Past, simulated past and future performance), COBS 4.7.1 R (Direct offer financial promotions), COBS 4.10 (Approving and confirming compliance of financial promotions), COBS 13 (Preparing product information) and COBS 14 (Providing product information to clients) apply with respect to accepting deposits as set out in those provisions, COBS 4.1 and BCOBS. A credit union that communicates with clients, including in a financial promotion, in relation to the promotion of deferred shares and credit union subordinated debt will need to be aware of the requirements of COBS 4.2 (Fair, clear and not misleading communications) and COBS 4.5 (Communicating with retail clients).
Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook (ICOBS)	ICOBS applies to any credit union carrying on non-investment insurance distribution activities, such as arranging or advising on general insurance contracts to be taken out by members. But ICOBS does not apply to a credit union taking out an insurance policy for itself, such as a policy against default by members on their loans where the credit union is the beneficiary of the policy, since in this circumstance the

Module	Relevance to Credit Unions
	credit union would not be acting as an insurance intermediary, but would itself be the customer. Credit unions are reminded that they are subject to the requirements of the appropriate legislation, including the Credit Unions Act 1979, relating to activities a credit union may carry on.
Mortgages and Home Finance: Con- duct of Business sourcebook (<i>MCOB</i>)	MCOB applies to any credit union that engages in any home finance activity. MCOB rules cover advising and selling standards, responsible lending (including affordability assessment), charges, and the fair treatment of customers in payment difficulties.
Banking: Conduct of Business sourcebook (<i>BCOBS</i>)	BCOBS sets out rules and guidance for credit unions on how they should conduct their business with their customers. In particular there are rules and guidance relating to communications with banking customers and financial promotions (BCOBS 2), distance communications (BCOBS 3), information to be communicated to banking customers (BCOBS 4), post sale requirements (BCOBS 5), and cancellation (BCOBS 6). The rules in BCOBS 3.1 that relate to distance contracts may apply to a credit union. This is because BCOBS 3 contains requirements which implemented the Distance Marketing Directive where there is "an organised distance sales or service-provision scheme run by the supplier" (Article 2(a)) of the Distance Marketing Directive), i.e. if the credit union routinely sells any of its services by post, telephone, fax or the internet.
Supervision manual (SUP)	The following provisions of <i>SUP</i> are relevant to <i>credit unions</i> : SUP 1A (The FCA's approach to supervision), SUP 2 (Information gathering by the FCA or PRA on its own initiative), SUP 3.1 to SUP 3.8 (Auditors), SUP 5 (Skilled persons), SUP 6 (Applications to vary or cancel Part 4Apermission), SUP 7 (Individual requirements), SUP 8 (Waiver and modification of rules), SUP 9 (Individual guidance), SUP 10C (FCA senior managers regime for approved persons in SMCR firms), SUP 11 (Controllers and Close links), SUP 15 (Notifications to the FCA or PRA) and SUP 16 (Reporting Requirements).
	Credit unions are reminded that they are subject to the requirements of the Act and SUP 11 on close links, and are bound to notify the FCA of changes. It may be unlikely, in practice, that credit unions will develop such relationships. It is possible, however, that a person may acquire close links with a credit union within the meaning of the Act by reason of holding the prescribed proportion of deferred shares in the credit union.
	In relation to SUP 16, <i>credit unions</i> are exempted from the requirement to submit annual reports of <i>close links</i> .
Consumer Credit sourcebook (CONC)	CONC contains rules that apply to firms carrying on credit-related regulated activities. PERG 2.7.19IG provides guidance on relevant exemptions. Most credit union lending is therefore outside the scope of

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	CONC. However, subject to the constraints in the Credit Unions Act 1979 or the Credit Unions (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 (as relevant), credit unions may undertake credit-related regulated activities to which CONC does apply if the activity is carried out by way of business. This could include lending under a borrower-lender-supplier agreement, or debt adjusting or debt counselling where the credit union is not the lender. A credit union carrying on such activities should consider whether it requires permission to do so. Further information can be found on the FCA's website.
Decision, Procedure and Penalties man-	DEPP is relevant to credit unions because it sets out:
ual (<i>DEPP</i>)	(1) the FCA's decision-making procedure for giving statutory notices. These are warning notices, decision notices and supervisory notices (DEPP 1.2 to DEPP 5); and
	(2) the FCA's policy with respect to the imposition and amount of penalties under the Act (see DEPP 6).
Dispute Resolution: Complaints (<i>DISP</i>)	DISP sets out rules and guidance in relation to treating complainants fairly and the Financial Ombudsman Service.
Compensation (COMP)	COMP sets out rules relating to the scheme for compensating consumers when authorised firms are unable, or likely to be unable, to satisfy claims against them.
General guidance on Benchmark Ad- ministration, Con- tribution and Use (BENCH)	BENCH provides guidance about which parts of the Handbook are relevant to a firm when carrying out benchmark activities and when using a benchmark. It also provides guidance about the benchmarks regulation.
The Enforcement Guide (<i>EG</i>)	The Enforcement Guide (EG) describes the FCA's approach to exercising the main enforcement powers given to it by the Act and by other legislation.
Financial Crime Guide: A firm's guide to countering financial crime risks (FCG) and Financial Crime Thematic Re- views (FCTR)	FCG and FCTR provide guidance on steps that a firm can take to reduce the risk that it might be used to further financial crime.