

Chapter 1

Application and purpose and guidance on financial difficulties

1.1 Application and purpose

Application

- 1.1.1
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- (1) The Consumer Credit sourcebook (CONC) is the specialist sourcebook for *credit-related regulated activities*.

(2) CONC applies as described in this chapter, unless the application of a chapter, section or a *rule* is described differently in the chapters, sections or *rules* in CONC.

Purpose

- 1.1.2
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- The purpose of CONC is to set out the detailed obligations that are specific to *credit-related regulated activities* and activities connected to those activities carried on by *firms*. These build on and add to the high-level obligations, for example, in PRIN, GEN and SYSC, and the requirements in or under the CCA.

- 1.1.3
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- Firms* are reminded that other parts of the FCA Handbook and PRA Handbook also apply to *credit-related regulated activities*. For example, the arrangements for supervising *firms*, including applicable reporting obligations, are described in the Supervision manual (SUP) and the detailed requirements for handling complaints are set out in the Dispute Resolution: Complaints sourcebook (DISP). The Client Assets sourcebook (CASS) also contains *rules* about client money that apply in certain circumstances.

The Principles for Businesses: a reminder

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- The Principles for Businesses (PRIN) apply as a whole to *firms* with respect to *credit-related regulated activities* and *ancillary activities* in relation to *credit-related regulated activities* (see ■ PRIN 3). In carrying on their activities, *firms* should pay particular attention to their obligations under:

(1) Principle 1 (a *firm* must conduct its business with integrity);

(2) Principle 2 (a *firm* must conduct its business with due skill, care and diligence);

(3) Principle 3 (a *firm* must take reasonable care to organise and control its affairs responsibly and effectively, with adequate risk management systems);

(4) Principle 6 (a *firm* must pay due regard to the interests of its customers and treat them fairly);

- (5) *Principle 7* (a *firm* must pay due regard to the information needs of its *clients*, and communicate information to them in a way which is clear, fair and not misleading);
- (6) *Principle 9* (a *firm* must take reasonable care to ensure the suitability of its advice and discretionary decisions for any *customer* who is entitled to rely upon its judgment);
- (7) *Principle 10* (a *firm* must arrange adequate protection for clients' assets when it is responsible for them); and
- (8) *Principle 11* (a *firm* must deal with its regulators in an open and cooperative way, and must disclose to the *appropriate regulator* appropriately anything relating to the *firm* of which that regulator would reasonably expect notice).

1.2 Who? What? Where?

- 1.2.1 R Subject to ■ CONC 1.2.8R and ■ MCOB 14.1.5R, *CONC* applies to a *firm* with respect to carrying on *credit-related regulated activities* and connected activities, unless otherwise stated in, or in relation to, a *rule*.
- 1.2.2 R A *firm* must:

(1) ensure that its employees and agents comply with *CONC*; and

(2) take reasonable steps to ensure that other *persons* acting on its behalf comply with *CONC*.
- 1.2.3 G

Guidance on appointed representatives

(1) Although *CONC* does not apply directly to a *firm's appointed representatives*, a *firm* will always be responsible for the acts and omissions of its *appointed representatives* in carrying on business for which the *firm* has accepted responsibility (section 39(3) of the Act). In determining whether a *firm* has complied with any provision of *CONC*, anything done or omitted by a *firm's appointed representative* (when acting as such) will be treated as having been done or omitted by the *firm* (section 39(4) of the Act).

(2) *Firms* should refer to ■ SUP 12 (Appointed representatives), which sets out requirements which apply to *firms* using *appointed representatives*.
- 1.2.4 G The *credit-related regulated activities* comprise *consumer credit lending, credit broking, debt counselling, debt adjusting, debt administration, debt collecting, providing credit information services, providing credit references, operating an electronic system in relation to lending* (but, other than in *FEES* and *SUP*, only insofar as it relates to a borrower or prospective borrower under a *P2P agreement*) and *consumer hiring*.
- 1.2.5 R

Where?

CONC, except in relation to ■ CONC 3, applies with respect to activities carried on by a *firm*:

(1) with a *customer* whose habitual residence is in the *UK* from an *establishment* maintained by the *firm* (or its *appointed representative*) in the *UK*; or

		(2) with a <i>customer</i> whose habitual residence is in the <i>UK</i> from an <i>establishment</i> of the <i>firm</i> (or its <i>appointed representative</i>) outside the <i>UK</i> .
1.2.6	R	[deleted]
		Agreements secured on land
1.2.7	G	<p>(1) <i>CONC</i> does not apply to <i>credit agreements</i> secured on <i>land</i>, with some limited exceptions as set out in (3) and (4), below.</p> <p>(2) Agreements secured by a second or subsequent charge on the <i>customer's</i> home are, where regulated, governed by <i>MCOB</i> from 21 March 2016 (subject to transitional provisions allowing for the earlier adoption of <i>MCOB</i>). For detailed guidance on the regulation of secured lending, see ■ PERG 4.</p> <p>(3) The agreements secured on <i>land</i> to which <i>CONC</i> may apply include the following agreements (unless the agreement in question, or activity in relation to it, is otherwise exempt or excluded):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an agreement under which the <i>borrower</i> is a relevant recipient of credit (within the meaning of article 60L of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i>) but is not one or more individuals or trustees; for example, a partnership comprising two or three partners, one but not all of the partners in which is a body corporate; and (b) an <i>MCD article 3(1)(b) credit agreement</i> secured on <i>land</i>, less than 40% of which is used as or in connection with a dwelling (whether by the <i>borrower</i> or anyone else) to the extent specified in ■ CONC 1.2.8R. <p>(4) Broking in relation to the above <i>agreements</i> may be <i>credit broking</i> under article 36A of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i>, whether the agreement is regulated or exempt. There are also some other secured <i>credit agreements</i> which are exempt, but the broking of which may still constitute <i>credit broking</i>, because some exemptions are disregarded by article 36A of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i>. One example is a loan of more than £25,000 entered into wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a <i>borrower's</i> business and secured by a second or subsequent charge on the <i>borrower's</i> home: such a loan is not a <i>regulated mortgage contract</i> because it is a second charge business loan (as defined by article 61A of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i>), and is an exempt agreement by virtue of article 60C(3) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i>; article 36A(4)(a) of the <i>Regulated Activities Order</i> disregards that exemption.</p>
		Application to MCD article 3(1)(b) creditors and MCD article 3(1)(b) credit intermediaries
1.2.8	R	<p>Subject to ■ CONC 1.2.10R:</p> <p>(1) the following provisions of <i>CONC</i> apply to an <i>MCD article 3(1)(b) creditor</i> and to an <i>MCD article 3(1)(b) credit intermediary</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) ■ CONC 1.2 and ■ CONC 1.3 (application and purpose and guidance on financial difficulties);

- (b) ■ CONC 2.2 (general principles for credit-related regulated activities);
 - (c) ■ CONC 2.7 (distance marketing);
 - (d) ■ CONC 2.8 (e-commerce); and
 - (e) ■ CONC 2.9 (prohibition of unsolicited credit tokens);
- (2) the following provisions of *CONC* additionally apply to an *MCD article 3(1)(b) creditor*:
- (a) ■ CONC 2.4 (credit references: conduct of business: lenders and owners);
 - (b) ■ CONC 2.10 (mental capacity guidance);
 - (c) ■ CONC 4.6 (pre-contract disclosure: continuous payment authorities);
 - (d) ■ CONC 6.4 (appropriation of payments);
 - (e) ■ CONC 6.5 (assignment of rights); and
 - (f) ■ CONC 6.7 (post contract: business practices); and
- (3) the following provisions of *CONC* additionally apply to an *MCD article 3(1)(b) credit intermediary* (unless it is also acting as an *MCD article 3(1)(b) creditor* and carrying out a direct sale of the proposed *article 3(1)(b) credit agreement*):
- (a) ■ CONC 2.5 (conduct of business: credit broking);
 - (b) ■ CONC 4.4.2R(4) (pre-contractual requirements: credit brokers);
 - (c) ■ CONC 5.4 (conduct of business: credit brokers), and the reference in that rule to *credit broking* includes a reference to *advising on regulated credit agreements for the acquisition of land*; and
 - (d) ■ CONC 6.8 (post contract business practices: credit brokers).

1.2.9 G *MCD article 3(1)(b) creditors* and *MCD article 3(1)(b) credit intermediaries* are also subject to rules in *MCOB*, in accordance with ■ *MCOB 14.1.3R* to ■ *MCOB 14.1.5R*.

1.2.10 R

- (1) ■ CONC 1.2.8R and the rules applied by ■ CONC 1.2.8R do not apply to an *MCD article 3(1)(b) creditor* or *MCD article 3(1)(b) credit intermediary* where the conditions in paragraph (2) are met.
- (2) The conditions referred to in paragraph (1) are:
 - (a) the agreement is either secured on land or for credit which exceeds £60,260;
 - (b) the agreement includes a declaration, made by the *borrower*, which provides that the *borrower* agrees to waive the protections and remedies applicable to *regulated credit agreements* except for those that transposed or implemented the *MCD* as it applied to the *United Kingdom* before *IP completion day*, and which complies with ■ CONC App 1.4;
 - (c) a statement has been made in relation to the income or assets of the *borrower* which complies with ■ CONC App 1.4; and

- (d) a copy of the statement required by sub-paragraph (c) was provided to the *lender* before the agreement was entered into.

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The regulatory status of *article 3(1)(b) credit agreements* entered into with high net worth individuals is dependent on several factors due to the different treatment of these agreements over time.

- (1) An *article 3(1)(b) credit agreement* is exempt under article 60H of the *Regulated Activities Order*:

(a) if at the time it was entered into, the conditions set out in article 60H(1) were met; and

(b) if entered into on or after 21 March 2016 (whether before or after 21 July 2022), it was outside the scope of the *MCD* as implemented in the *United Kingdom* (such agreements are currently set out in section 423A(3) of the *Act* and article 60HA(2) of the *Regulated Activities Order*).

- (2) Where an *article 3(1)(b) credit agreement* not falling within paragraph (1)(b) is entered into on or after 21 July 2022:

(a) if the *borrower* is *UK* resident or treated as present in the *United Kingdom* when the agreement is entered into (see ■ [PERG 2.7.19J](#)), the agreement is an exempt agreement where the conditions in article 60H(1) of the *Regulated Activities Order* are met.

(b) if the *borrower* is not *UK* resident or treated as present in the *United Kingdom* when the agreement is entered into, the agreement will not be an exempt agreement under article 60H. The *borrower* can, however, elect to waive the protections and remedies applicable to *regulated credit agreements* except for those that transposed or implemented the *MCD* as it applied to the *United Kingdom* before *IP completion day*. This will mean the agreement will not be subject to *CONC* but some *rules* in *MCOB* will still apply (see ■ [CONC 1.2.9G](#)).

- (3) An *article 3(1)(b) credit agreement* not falling within paragraph (1) entered into on or after 21 March 2016 and before 21 July 2022 cannot be an exempt agreement under article 60H, but the *borrower* could elect to waive the protections and remedies applicable to *regulated credit agreements* except those that transposed or implemented the *MCD*. This will mean the agreement will not be subject to *CONC* but some *rules* in *MCOB* will still apply (see ■ [CONC 1.2.9G](#)).

- (4) The ability of a *borrower* to waive the protections and remedies applicable to *regulated credit agreements* – except those that transposed or implemented the *MCD* – is set out in ■ [CONC 1.2.10R](#) (as it applied when the agreement was entered into).

Application where home financing agreements are facilitated by a P2P platform

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CONC does not apply to a *P2P platform operator* in circumstances where *MCOB* applies by virtue of ■ [MCOB 1.2.22R\(1\)](#).

1.2.13

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■ MCOB 1.2.22R(1) provides that a rule in *MCOB* that applies to a *mortgage lender*, a *home purchase plan provider*, a *reversion provider* or a *SRB agreement provider* also applies to a *P2P platform operator* facilitating a *regulated mortgage contract*, *home purchase plan*, *home reversion plan* or *regulated sale and rent back agreement* where the lender, plan provider, reversion provider or agreement provider does not require permission to enter into the transaction. It applies subject to the provisions in ■ MCOB 15.

1.3 Guidance on financial difficulties

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In *CONC* (unless otherwise stated in or in relation to a *rule*), the following matters, among others, of which a *firm* is aware or ought reasonably to be aware, may indicate that a *customer* is in financial difficulties:

- (1) consecutively failing to meet minimum *repayments* in relation to a credit card or store card;
- (2) adverse accurate entries on a credit file, which are not in dispute;
- (3) outstanding county court judgments for non-payment of debt;
- (4) inability to meet *repayments* out of disposable income or at all, for example, where there is evidence of non-payment of essential bills (such as, utility bills), the *customer* having to borrow further to repay existing debts, or the *customer* only being able to meet *repayments* of debts by the disposal of assets or security;
- (5) consecutively failing to meet *repayments* when due;
- (6) agreement to a *debt management plan* or other *debt solution*;
- (7) evidence of discussions with a *firm* (including a *not-for-profit debt advice body*) with a view to entering into a *debt management plan* or other *debt solution* or to seeking *debt counselling*.

