Chapter 1A

CASS firm classification and operational oversight



1A.3 Responsibility for CASS operational oversight

- 1A.3.1 R
- (1) A CASS small firm must allocate to a single director or senior manager of sufficient skill and authority responsibility for:
 - (a) oversight of the firm's operational compliance with CASS; and
 - (b) reporting to the firm's governing body in respect of that oversight.
- (2) [deleted]

[Note: article 7, first paragraph of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

1A.3.1-A

The material in CASS 1A.3.1BG about how CASS 1A.3 fits into the FCA senior managers and certification regime for SMCR firms also applies to a CASS small firm that is an SMCR firm and the function in CASS 1A.3.1R.

1A.3.1A R A CASS medium firm and a CASS large firm must allocate to a single director or senior manager of sufficient skill and authority the function of:

- (1) oversight of the operational effectiveness of that firm's systems and controls that are designed to achieve compliance with CASS;
- (2) reporting to the firm's governing body in respect of that oversight; and
- (3) completing and submitting a CMAR to the FCA in accordance with ■ SUP 16.14.

[Note: article 7, first paragraph of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

1A.3.1B G

- (1) (a) This paragraph CASS 1A.3.1BG describes how CASS 1A.3.1AR applies to SMCR firms.
 - (b) The function in CASS 1A.3.1AR is not a separate controlled function and performing that function does not require approval as an approved person.
 - (c) However, nothing in paragraphs (1A) to (4) affects the requirement for the function in ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR to be allocated to a single director or senior manager of sufficient skill and authority in accordance with ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR and ■ CASS 1A.3.2AR.

CASS 1A/2

- (1A) There are three elements of the regime for *SMCR firms* that are particularly relevant to CASS 1A, although they do not all apply to all *SMCR firms*:
 - (a) a firm's obligation to allocate certain responsibilities to its SMF managers (see ■ SYSC 24 (Senior managers and certification regime: Allocation of prescribed responsibilities));
 - (b) a firm's obligation to ensure that one or more of its SMF managers have overall responsibility for each of its activities, business areas and management functions (see ■ SYSC 26 (Senior managers and certification regime: Overall and local responsibility)); and
 - (c) the certification regime (the certification regime is explained in ■ SYSC 27 (Senior managers and certification regime: Certification regime) and ■ SYSC TP 7 (Bank of England and Financial Services Act 2016: Certification and regulatory references) explains that the certification regime comes into force sometime after other parts of the senior managers and certification regime).
 - (2) (a) This paragraph (2) explains how CASS 1A.3.1AR applies to an *SMCR firm* to which SYSC 24 and SYSC 26 both apply.
 - (b) The firm must allocate responsibility for the firm's compliance with CASS to one of its SMF managers (see ■ SYSC 24.2.1R). That responsibility is an "FCA-prescribed senior management responsibility". The full list of FCA-prescribed senior management responsibilities is in the table in ■ SYSC 24.2.6R.
 - (c) Although the CASS function in SYSC 24.2.1R is different from the function in CASS 1A.3.1AR, the *firm* may allocate the function in CASS 1A.3.1AR to the *SMF manager* in (b).
 - (d) The firm may allocate the CASS FCA-prescribed senior management responsibility described in (b) to an SMF manager who does not perform any other function coming within the FCA regime for SMF managers in SMCR firms. See SUP 10C.7 (Other overall responsibility function (SMF18)) and SUP 10C.8.1R (Other local responsibility function (SMF22)) for details. Where this is the case, the manager will be performing the other overall responsibility function or the other local responsibility function.
 - (e) The firm may choose to allocate the function in CASS 1A.3.1AR to someone who is not an approved person and SMF manager. If so:
 - (i) that person will be subject to the employee certification regime described in ■SYSC 27 (Senior managers and certification regime: (Certification Regime);
 - (ii) that *person* will be subject to supervision by the *SMF* manager in (b); and
 - (iii) the function in CASS 1A.3.1AR will be the CASS oversight FCA certification function in SYSC 27.8.1R.
- (3) In relation to an *SMCR firm* to which SYSC 24 applies but SYSC 26 does not apply, the *guidance* in sub-paragraphs (2)(b), (2)(c), and 2(e) applies, but the *guidance* in sub-paragraph (2)(d) does not apply.
- (4) (a) The position of an *SMCR firm* to which neither SYSC 24 nor SYSC 26 apply is slightly different.

- (b) The firm may choose to allocate the function in CASS 1A.3.1AR to an SMF manager.
- (c) The firm may instead choose to allocate the function in ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR to someone who is not an SMF manager.
- (d) Where (c) applies, the *person* performing the function in ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR will fall into the certification regime. The function in ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR will be the CASS oversight FCA certification function in ■ SYSC 27.8.1R.
- 1A.3.1C R [deleted]
- 1A.3.1D G [deleted]
- 1A.3.2 R [deleted]
- 1A.3.2A R Where a firm allocates the responsibilities in ■ CASS 1A.3.1R or ■ CASS 1A.3.1AR ("the CASS oversight responsibilities") to a director or senior manager ("P"), the firm must not allocate any other responsibilities to P in addition to the CASS oversight responsibilities, unless the firm is satisfied on reasonable grounds that:
 - (1) P will still be able to discharge the CASS oversight responsibilities effectively; and
 - (2) the firm's full compliance with CASS will not be compromised.

[Note: article 7, second paragraph of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

- 1A.3.2B R A firm may allow the CASS oversight responsibilities to be shared amongst one or more directors or senior managers where this is done as part of a job share between those persons.
- 1A.3.3 R (1) Subject to (2), a firm must make and retain an appropriate record of the *person* to whom responsibility is allocated in accordance with ■ CASS 1A.3.1 R or ■ CASS 1A.3.1A R.
 - (2) A CASS small firm must make and retain such a record only where it allocates responsibility to a person other than the person in that firm who performs the compliance oversight function.
 - (3) A firm must ensure that the record made under this rule is retained for a period of five years after it is made.