

|  | Reference number of the intermediary's principal or network | advised <br> 6 digit number | This field only applies if the sale has been made by an intermediary who has a principal or is part of a network. <br> Report the firm reference number (FRN) of the intermediary's principal or network, where they have one. <br> The FRN of the intermediary who sold the product should not be reported here, but in the field 'Reference number of firm that sold the product' above. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 SPECIFI | C REPORTING | FIELDS |
|  | (a) Retail inv | estments |  |
|  | The following data reporting fields must be completed, where applicable, for all retail investment transactions, including structured capital-at-risk products: |  |  |
|  | Data reporting field | Illustrative code (where applicable) | Notes |
|  | Product type | Numeric | Enter relevant product code. If none of the existing codes apply report sale as 'O' for other. |
|  | Post code of customer | e.g. XY45 6XX | Applies to first named customer only. |
|  | Method of premium/contri bution payment | $\begin{aligned} & S=\text { single } \\ & R=\text { regular } \end{aligned}$ | Use code to indicate method of payment. |
|  | Total premium/ contribution amount | Numeric £ | Enter annualised amount rounded to nearest $£$ <br> If the firm facilitates the payment of an adviser charge or consultancy charge, enter the amount paid into the retail investment product, irrespective of whether this amount includes the adviser charge or consultancy charge. |
|  | Date of birth | DD/MM/YYYY | Applies to first named customer at time of sale |


|  |  |  |  | i.e. age obtained at proposal stage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) | Pure protection contracts |  |  |
|  | The following data reporting fields must be completed, where applicable: |  |  |  |
|  | Data reporting field |  | Illustrative code (where applicable) | Notes |
|  | Policy type |  | Numeric | Enter relevant product code. If none of the existing codes apply report sale as 'O' for other |
|  | Method of premium payment |  | $\begin{aligned} & S=\text { single } \\ & R=\text { regular } \end{aligned}$ | Use code to indicate method of payment. |
|  | Total premium amount |  | Numeric | Enter annualised amount rounded to nearest $£$. |
|  | (c) | Mortgages |  |  |
|  | The following data reporting fields must be completed, where applicable for all relevant regulated mortgage contracts: |  |  |  |
|  | Notes: <br> (1) All amounts should be expressed in $£$ (regardless of the currency in which the loan is advanced) and converted as necessary. <br> (2) In the case of mixed interest rate options/combination mortgages or where the loan is otherwise split into more than one part, a reporting field should be completed by reference to the largest portion of the overall mortgage balance unless otherwise stated. <br> (3) In the case of sales data only, reporting fields should not be completed in relation to further advances <br> (4) Where a field is to be completed by reference to a person or persons as "first borrower", "second borrower" or "third and subsequent borrowers", all other fields containing that term should be completed by reference to the same person or persons as are identified as the first borrower, second borrower or third and subsequent borrowers as the case may be. <br> (5) A guarantor should be treated as a borrower where their income has been taken into account in the affordability assessment. <br> (6) Performance data should continue to be reported until the account in relation to the loan (or in relation to the final part of the loan outstanding) is closed or there is only a nominal balance outstanding |  |  |  |


|  | on the account (i.e. where a mortgage account remains open with a nominal balance for administrative reasons). In the case of repossession, it is expected that the relevant account would be closed when the property is sold unless there is a sale shortfall. Where there is a sale shortfall, it is expected that this would take place on discharge of the amount of the shortfall (whether by or on behalf of the borrower or otherwise). <br> (7) Where a date to be inserted in a reporting field in a performance data report would be before 1 January 2015, firms may insert either the earlier date or 1 January 2015. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Data reporting field | Code (where applicable) | Notes |
|  | Sales Data (repo | ort for all regul | mortgage contracts) |
|  | Date mortgage account opened | DD/MM/YYYY | Date of mortgage completion or drawdown of the funds. |
|  | How the sale was made | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}=\text { direct face- } \\ & \text { to-face } \\ & \mathrm{T}=\text { direct } \\ & \text { telephone } \\ & \mathrm{E}=\text { direct } \\ & \text { internet } \\ & \mathrm{P}=\text { direct post } \\ & \mathrm{O}=\text { direct other } \\ & \mathrm{I}=\text { intermediary } \end{aligned}$ | Report how the sale was made. <br> -Direct' refers to sales made by the product provider. <br> ‘Direct internet’ includes direct sales made via email or other electronic means of communication. <br> ‘Intermediary’ refers to sales made by an intermediary. <br> Where a sale has been made through more than one method, e.g., telephone and then post, report the channel where the product choice was made. |
|  | Interest rate type | 01 = fixed rate $02=$ discounted variable rate 04 = capped rate 05 = standard variable rate $06=$ BoE base rate tracker $07=$ LIBOR tracker $08=$ other tracker $\mathrm{O}=$ other | Enter the relevant code <br> If none of the existing codes apply enter sale as ' 99 ' to denote 'other'. <br> Only 1 code can be entered <br> Examples of 'other’ include managed variable rates which are not standard variable rates, and individually negotiated variable rates. |
|  | Date incentivised rate | DD/MM/YYYY | Report for any product where an initial incentivised rate later moves to a |


|  | ends |  | reversion rate. For example, fixed, capped, tracker or discounted rates where the customer is paying an incentivised rate for a set period. <br> Where there are several incentivised rates, e.g. a fixed rate, followed by a tracker rate, which then reverts to a standard variable rate (SVR), report the date when the rate reverts to the SVR. <br> When an incentivised rate lasts for the full term of the mortgage, e.g. a lifetime tracker, or a fixed rate that lasts for the full term, report the end of term date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type of reversion rate | $\begin{aligned} & 01=\text { fixed rate } \\ & 02=\text { discount } \\ & 04=\text { capped rate } \\ & 05=\text { standard } \\ & \text { variable rate } \\ & 06=\text { BoE base } \\ & \text { rate tracker } \\ & 07=\text { LIBOR } \\ & \text { tracker } \\ & 08=\text { other } \\ & \text { tracker } \\ & 98=\text { not } \\ & \text { applicable } \\ & 99=\text { other } \end{aligned}$ | Enter the relevant code. <br> If none of the existing codes apply enter sale as ' 99 ' to denote 'other'. <br> Only 1 code can be entered. <br> Examples of 'other' include managed variable rates which are not standard variable rates (SVR), and individually negotiated variable rates. <br> If there is no reversion rate, e.g. for mortgages sold on a SVR, or a rate that is fixed for the term, report ' 98 ' to denote 'not applicable'. |
|  | Type of mortgage | $\mathrm{L}=$ lifetime mortgage SA = shared appreciation mortgage <br> SO = shared ownership mortgage <br> BM = business loan BL = bridging loan | Use code to indicate mortgage type. Report all relevant codes. <br> Report 'NA' to denote 'not applicable' where codes do not apply. <br> Report a ‘guarantor mortgage’ where the income of a guarantor has been included in the affordability assessment. <br> Report a 'low start mortgage’ where payments are made on an interest-only basis for a set period at the start of the mortgage, but payments contractually |



|  | Was this mortgage advanced under a government supported initiative? | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report whether the mortgage was advanced under a government supported initiative, e.g. through provision of a shared equity loan or indemnity insurance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Post code of the mortgaged property | e.g. XY45 6XX | Report the post code of the mortgaged property. <br> For new build/self build properties only, firms may report only the first half of the postcode, e.g. XY45, if the full postcode has not yet been assigned. For all other properties, the full postcode of the property must be reported, e.g. XY45 6XX. |
|  | Type of borrower | $\mathrm{F}=$ first time Buyers buyer M = home movers ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ or subsequent buyers) $\mathrm{R}=$ <br> remortgagors $\mathrm{C}=\text { council/ }$ <br> registered social landlord tenant exercising their right to buy $\mathrm{O}=\text { other }$ | Use code to indicate type of borrower. A mortgage taken on a previously unencumbered property should be reported as a remortgage. <br> Only 1 code should be entered. <br> Report ' O ' for lifetime mortgages and bridging loans. |
|  | Method of repayment | C = capital and interest <br> I = interest-only <br> M = mix of ‘capital and interest' and 'interest-only’ | Use code to indicate method of mortgage repayment. <br> Only 1 code should be entered. <br> Report low start mortgages (i.e. mortgages where payments are made on an interest-only basis for a set period at the start of the mortgage, but payments contractually revert to a repayment basis after this set period) as interest-only. |
|  | Repayment strategy for interest-only and | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E}=\text { endowment } \\ & \mathrm{P}=\text { pension } \end{aligned}$ | Report where any part of the mortgage has been advanced on an interest-only basis. |


|  | mixed mortgages | S = savings or investments (other than endowments and pensions) <br> $M$ = sale of mortgaged property B = sale of other property (e.g. buy-to-let or second home) <br> A = sale of other asset <br> C = occasional payments from income $\mathrm{R}=$ repaid by capital and interest (for low start mortgages) F = refinancing (for bridging loans) $\mathrm{L}=$ lifetime mortgage $\mathrm{O}=$ other repayment strategy | Where there is more than one repayment strategy, report all. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For mixed mortgages, the percentage that is on an interestonly basis | Numeric | Report the percentage of the loan on an interest-only basis for mixed mortgages (i.e. mortgages that are a mix of capital and interest and interestonly). |
|  | Is this an interest roll-up mortgage? | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report ' Y ' where all or part of the loan is on an interest roll-up basis. |
|  | Term of mortgage in months | Numeric | Report the mortgage term in months. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report the term applying to |



|  |  |  | the value of the previous mortgage outstanding immediately prior to completion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The purpose of extra money withdrawn for remortgages | H = home improvements $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{debt}$ <br> consolidation O = other | Use code codes to indicate the purpose(s) of the extra money withdrawn for remortgages. <br> Report all that apply. |
|  | Amount of debt consolidated | Numeric £ | Report only where the borrower is consolidating debt into the new mortgage. |
|  | County court judgments (CCJs) - first borrower (Value) | Numeric £ | Report where the first borrower has been the subject of one or more CCJs, with a total value greater than $£ 500$, within the last three years (whether satisfied or unsatisfied). <br> Report '0' where the borrower does not have any CCJs. <br> Where a CCJ is registered against the first and second borrower, report for both. <br> A reference to the 'county court' is a reference to the county court in England and Wales, the county court in Northern Ireland and the sheriff court in Scotland. |
|  | County court judgments (CCJs) - second borrower (Value) | Numeric £ | Report where the second borrower has been the subject of one or more CCJs, with a total value greater than $£ 500$, within the last three years (whether satisfied or unsatisfied). <br> Report '0' where the borrower does not have any CCJs. <br> Where a CCJ is registered against the first and second borrower, report for both. <br> A reference to the 'county court' is a reference to the county court in England and Wales, the county court in Northern Ireland and the sheriff court in Scotland. |


|  | Impaired credit history of first borrower | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A = arrears } \\ & \mathrm{V}=\text { IVA } \\ & \mathrm{B}=\text { bankruptcy } \\ & \mathrm{D}=\text { debt relief } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \mathrm{NA}=\text { not } \\ & \text { applicable } \end{aligned}$ | Use code/s to indicate applicable credit history of first borrower. Report all that apply. <br> A = applies where within the last two years, the first borrower has owed overdue payments, of an amount equivalent to three months payments, on a mortgage or other loan (whether secured or unsecured). <br> $\mathrm{V}=$ applies where the first borrower has been subject to an individual voluntary arrangement (IVA) at any time within the last three years. <br> $\mathrm{B}=$ applies where the first borrower has been subject to a bankruptcy order at any time within the last 3 three years. <br> D = applies where the first borrower has been subject to a debt relief order any time within the last three years. <br> Where the impaired credit item relates to both the first and second borrower, report for both. <br> Report 'NA' to denote 'not applicable' where the borrower has no relevant impaired credit history items. <br> For the purposes of this note: <br> a reference to an 'individual voluntary arrangement' includes a protected trust deed in Scotland; <br> a reference to a 'bankruptcy order' includes a declaration as to bankruptcy made by the sheriff or the Accountant in Bankruptcy in Scotland; <br> a reference to a 'debt relief order' includes LILA (Low Income Low Asset) Bankruptcy in Scotland. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Impaired credit history of second borrower | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}=\text { arrears } \\ & \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{IVA} \\ & \mathrm{~B}=\text { bankruptcy } \\ & \mathrm{D}=\text { debt relief } \end{aligned}$ | Use code/s to indicate applicable credit history of second borrower. Report all that apply. <br> A = applies where within the last two years, the second borrower has owed |


|  |  | order NA = not <br> applicable | overdue payments, of an amount equivalent to three months payments, on a mortgage or other loan (whether secured or unsecured). <br> $\mathrm{V}=$ applies where the second borrower has been subject to an individual voluntary arrangement (IVA) at any time within the last three years. <br> B = applies where the second borrower has been subject to a bankruptcy order at any time within the last three years. <br> D = applies where the second borrower has been subject to a debt relief order any time within the last three years. <br> Where the impaired credit item relates to both the first and second borrower, report for both. <br> Report 'NA' to denote 'not applicable' where the borrower has no relevant impaired credit history items. <br> For the purposes of this note: <br> a reference to an 'individual voluntary arrangement' includes a protected trust deed in Scotland; <br> a reference to a 'bankruptcy order' includes a declaration as to bankruptcy made by the sheriff or the Accountant in Bankruptcy in Scotland; <br> a reference to a 'debt relief order' includes LILA (Low Income Low Asset) Bankruptcy in Scotland. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial gross charging rate of interest | Numeric \% | The amount of interest reported should be the initial gross nominal rate charged on the loan and should take into account any discount being provided. Report this number to two decimal places (e.g. 3.49). <br> Where the advance is split, the interest rate applying to the largest part of the advance should be reported. |
|  | Is there an early repayment | $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{yes}$ | Report ' Y ' where there is an early repayment charge. |



| Lender fees | Numeric $£$ | Report fees and charges charged by the <br> lender which are included in the <br> calculation of the annual percentage <br> rate of charge in relation to the <br> mortgage. For example, fees for <br> advising on or arranging the regulated <br> mortgage contract, and product fees <br> such as application, reservation and <br> valuation fees. <br> Do not report in this field mortgage <br> intermediary or other third party fees <br> included in the calculation of the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| annual percentage rate of charge. |  |  |$|$| Report '0' where there are no lender |
| :--- | :--- |
| fees. |


|  | Affordability data <br> Do not report affordability data when affordability assessment has not been undertaken, i.e. for an interest roll-up mortgage. <br> For high net worth mortgage customers and loans solely for a business purpose (where payments will be made from the resources of the customer), report the income/assets used in the affordability assessment in accordance with MCOB 11.6.34R(2)(a) or MCOB 11.6.26R(2)(a)(i) against the relevant borrower in the income fields below. For loans solely for a business purpose, where repayments will be made from the financial resources of the business and affordability has been assessed in accordance with MCOB 11.6.26R(2)(b), do not report the income or expenditure of the customer below. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of borrowers whose incomes have been assessed in affordability assessment | $\begin{aligned} & 1=\text { one } \\ & 2=\text { two } \\ & 3=\text { three or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Report the number of borrowers whose incomes have been assessed in the affordability assessment. <br> A guarantor should be considered as a borrower for the purposes of reporting, where their income has been relied on in the affordability assessment. |
|  | Number of dependent adults | Numeric | Report the number of dependent adults in household whose incomes have not been included in the affordability assessment. <br> Report ' 0 ' where there are no dependent adults. |
|  | Number of dependent children | Numeric | Report the number of dependent children in household. <br> Report ' 0 ' where there are no dependent children. |
|  | Employment status of main first borrower | $\begin{aligned} & E=\text { employed } \\ & S=\text { self- } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & R=\text { retired } \\ & O=\text { other } \end{aligned}$ | Only 1 code can be entered. <br> Where the borrower has more than one employment status, report status that makes up largest portion of verified income. |
|  | Employment | $\mathrm{E}=$ employed | Report only where there is a second |


|  | status of second borrower | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S}=\text { self- } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \mathrm{R}=\text { retired } \\ & \mathrm{O}=\text { other } \end{aligned}$ | borrower. <br> Only 1 code can be entered. <br> Where the borrower has more than one employment status, report status that makes up largest portion of verified income. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Retirement age of first borrower | Numeric | Report planned retirement age of first borrower, whether customer declared, or assumed, for the purposes of assessing affordability. <br> Report only where the income of the first borrower has been taken into account in the affordability assessment. |
|  | Retirement age of second borrower | Numeric | Report planned retirement age of second borrower, whether customer declared, or assumed, for the purposes of assessing affordability. <br> Report only where the income of the second borrower has been taken into account in the affordability assessment. |
|  | Income verification | $\mathrm{Y}=$ income evidenced by lender <br> O = income evidenced by third party | Applies to loans based on one or more incomes. <br> Report ' $O$ ' where the lender has outsourced evidencing of income to a third party. |
|  | First borrower gross basic pay | Numeric £ | Report verified gross basic pay from employment (whether from one or more jobs) for the first borrower. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income that has been verified in accordance with MCOB 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | First borrower - | Numeric $£$ | Report verified gross other income |




|  |  |  | assesses income, but before any reductions are applied (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Second borrower - gross other income | Numeric £ | Report any other verified gross income, such as pensions, investments and state benefits, for the second borrower. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income that has been verified in accordance with MCOB 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | Third and subsequent borrowers gross basic pay | Numeric £ | Report verified gross basic pay from employment (whether from one or more jobs) for the third and any subsequent borrowers. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income that has been verified in accordance with MCOB 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | Third and subsequent borrowers gross other income from employment | Numeric £ | Report verified gross other income from employment (whether from one or more jobs), such as bonus or overtime, for the third and any subsequent borrowers. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income |


|  |  |  | that has been verified in accordance with $M C O B 11.6 .8 \mathrm{R}$, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Third and subsequent borrowers gross income from selfemployment | Numeric £ | Report verified gross income from self-employment (i.e. before deductions for tax and National Insurance) such as profits, dividends and salary, for the third and any subsequent borrowers. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income that has been verified in accordance with MCOB 11.6.8R. The amount reported may be an average of verified income from more than one year, if this is how the product provider assesses income, but before any reductions are applied (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | Third and subsequent borrowers gross other income | Numeric £ | Report any other verified gross income, such as pensions, investments and state benefits, for the third and any subsequent borrowers. <br> The amount reported should be the annual amount of this type of income that has been verified in accordance with $M C O B$ 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a certain percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |


|  | First borrower total verified net income | Numeric £ | Report total annual net income of first borrower that has been verified in accordance with $M C O B$ 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Net income refers to income net of tax and national insurance (not net of financial commitments and expenditure). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Second borrower - total verified net income | Numeric $£$ | Report total annual net income of second borrower that has been verified in accordance with $M C O B$ 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Net income refers to income net of tax and national insurance (not net of financial commitments and expenditure). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | Third and subsequent borrowers total verified net income | Numeric £ | Report total annual net income of third and any subsequent borrowers that has been verified in accordance with MCOB 11.6.8R, before any reductions are applied by the product provider (e.g. where only a percentage of income is taken into account in the affordability assessment). <br> Net income refers to income net of tax and national insurance (not net of financial commitments and expenditure). <br> Report ' 0 ' where there is no relevant income in this category. |
|  | Total outstanding | Numeric £ | Report total amount of credit commitments that will remain |



|  |  |  | expenditure which is hard to reduce and gives a basic quality of life (beyond the absolute basic essential expenditure items). Examples include: clothing; household goods (such as toiletries); basic recreation (television, some allowance for basic recreational activities, some non-essential transport) and childcare. See $M C O B$ 11.6.10R(3) and $M C O B$ 11.6.11G(2) for further information. <br> For high net worth mortgage customers, and loans solely for a business purpose (where payments will be made from the resources of the customer), the amount of expenditure used in the affordability assessment in accordance with $M C O B$ 11.6.34R(2)(b) or MCOB 11.6.26R(2)(a)(ii) may be reported. <br> Report ' 0 ' if there is no expenditure in this category. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stress-tested interest rate used to assess the effect of future interest rate rises on affordability | Numeric \% | Report the actual rate used, e.g. sum of product rate plus any increment or flat rate. <br> If MCOB 11.6.18R does not apply because the interest rate is fixed for five years or more, report the fixed rate. <br> See MCOB 11.6.18R for the requirements for considering the effect of future interest rate increases. |
|  | Were the MCOB 11.7 transitional arrangements used? | $\mathrm{Y}=\text { yes, to }$ <br> existing borrower $\mathrm{T}=$ yes, to new borrower $\mathrm{N}=\text { no }$ | Report where the transitional arrangements were used when entering into the mortgage as set out in MCOB 11.7. |
|  | Data reporting field | Code (where applicable) | Notes |


| Performance Data (report for all regulated mortgage contracts) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reference number of lender that currently holds the mortgage | Numeric | This field must contain the firm reference number of the lender that currently holds the mortgage, whether they originated the mortgage or have bought it from another firm. <br> Where the mortgage is securitised, this includes the lender that retains an interest in the mortgage. |
| Reference number of administrator | Numeric | Where the mortgage is administrated by a third party that is an authorised person, this field must contain the firm reference number of that firm. |
| Post code of the mortgaged property | e.g. XY45 6XX | Report the full post code of the mortgaged property, e.g. XY45 6XX. |
| Date of birth of first borrower | DD/MM/YYYY | Report date of birth of first borrower. |
| Date mortgage account opened | DD/MM/YYYY | Date of mortgage completion or drawdown of funds. <br> This must be reported, where known. <br> If it is not known, for example, because the reporting firm has purchased the loan from another firm, then it does not need to be reported. |
| Original transaction reference | Numeric | Report the unique transaction reference of the original product sales data transaction. <br> This must be reported, where known. <br> If it is not known, for example, because the reporting firm has purchased the loan from another firm, report a current unique reference for the transaction internal to the reporting firm (e.g. the account number), that will enable the firm to provide the FCA with more information concerning the account, if required. |
| Was the loan purchased from | $Y=$ yes | Report Y where the loan has been |


|  | another firm? | $\mathrm{N}=$ no | purchased from another firm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original size of loan | Numeric £ | Report the original interest-bearing balance at completion of the mortgage. <br> This must be reported, where known. <br> If it is not known, for example, because the reporting firm has purchased the loan from another firm then it does not need to be reported. |
|  | Original term of loan (in months) | Numeric | Report number in months as at completion of the mortgage. <br> This must be reported, where known. <br> If it is not known, for example, because the reporting firm has purchased the loan from another firm then it does not need to be reported. |
|  | Reference number of original product provider | Numeric | This field must contain the firm reference number of the original product provider (even where the same product provider still holds the mortgage). <br> This must be reported, where known. <br> If it is not known, for example, because the reporting firm has purchased the loan from another firm who was not the original product provider, then it does not need to be reported. |
|  | Current balance outstanding | Numeric £ | This is the interest bearing balance of the mortgage that is outstanding at the end of the reporting period, represented as a sterling equivalent amount. This amount should include arrears, and fees and charges added to the loan. <br> For repossessions with a sale shortfall, continue to report the amount of the sale shortfall until the mortgage account is closed. <br> For accounts closed during the reporting period, report ' 0 '. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report the total current |



|  |  | $07 \text { = LIBOR }$ <br> tracker <br> $08=$ other <br> tracker <br> $99=$ other | variable rates, and individually negotiated variable rates. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report the rate type applying to the largest part. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Is the current rate an incentivised rate? | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report ' Y ' where the product has an initial incentivised rate which later moves to a reversion rate. For example, fixed, capped, tracker or discounted rates where the customer is paying an incentivised rate for a set period. |
|  | entivised rate <br> s | DD/MM/YYYY | Report for any product where an initial incentivised rate later moves to a reversion rate. For example, fixed, capped, tracker or discounted rates where the customer is paying an incentivised rate for a set period. <br> Where there are several incentivised rates, e.g. a fixed rate, followed by a tracker rate, which then reverts to a standard variable rate (SVR), report the date when the rate reverts to the SVR. <br> Where an incentivised rate lasts for the full term of the mortgage, e.g. a lifetime tracker, or a fixed rate that lasts for the full term, report the end of term date. |
|  | Remaining term of mortgage | Numeric | Report remaining terms in months. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report the term applying to the largest part of the loan. |
|  | Months past maturity | Numeric | Report months past expected maturity date, for mortgages that have not been repaid after the contractual term had expired, where the term has not been extended. <br> Keep reporting the account until closed, or until the term is extended. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report where one part has passed maturity. Where more than one |




|  | Capitalisation of payment shortfall | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Where a formal arrangement is extended, continue to report the date of the original arrangement. <br> Report ' Y ' where a payment shortfall has been capitalised during the reporting period. (Note that this differs to the basis on which capitalisation is reported in the Mortgage Lending and Administration Return, as there is no requirement to delay reporting until the loan has been fully performing for a period of six consecutive months). <br> Capitalisation is an arrangement agreed with the borrower to add all or part of a payment shortfall to the loan. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report ' $Y$ ' where there has been a capitalisation on any part. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date of capitalisation of payment shortfall | DD/MM/YYY | Report date of most recent capitalisation event where this occurred during the reporting period. <br> Capitalisation is an arrangement agreed with the borrower to add all or part of a payment shortfall to the loan. |
|  | Temporary switch to interest-only | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report ' Y ' where a temporary switch of all or part of the mortgage to interest-only has been in place at any time during the reporting period. <br> A 'temporary' switch refers to all nonpermanent switches to interest-only. It does not cover contract variations where there has been a permanent change to interest-only. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report ' $Y$ ' where there has been a temporary switch to interestonly on any part. |
|  | Date of temporary switch to interest-only | DD/MM/YYYY | Report date of most recent switch of all or part of the mortgage to interest-only (where relevant). <br> Once reported, this same date should be reported for each reporting period during which the switch is in place |


|  |  |  | (including the reporting period in which the switch terminates). Where a temporary switch to interest-only is extended, continue to report the date of the original switch. <br> A 'temporary' switch refers to all nonpermanent switches to interest-only. It does not cover contract variations where there has been a permanent change to interest-only. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ments pended | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report ' Y ' where a suspension of mortgage payments has been in place at any time during the reporting period, for reasons of forbearance. <br> Do not report payment holidays allowed under the mortgage contract for non-forbearance reasons. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report ' Y ' where there has been a payment suspension on any part. |
|  | te payments spended | DD/MM/YYYY | Date when most recent payment suspension was put in place (where relevant). <br> Once reported, this same date should be reported for each reporting period during which the suspension is in place (including the reporting period in which the suspension terminates) Where a suspension is extended, continue to report the date of the original suspension. <br> Do not report payment holidays allowed under the mortgage contract for non-forbearance reasons. |
|  | Reduced payments other than payment suspension and switches | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report where reduced payments, other than a payment suspension and/or a temporary switch to interest-only (whether in whole or in part), have been in place at any time during the reporting period, for reasons of forbearance. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report ' Y ' where there has |


|  |  |  | been a reduced payment on any part. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date of reduced payment | DD/MM/YYYY | Date when most recent reduced payments (other than a payment suspension or a temporary switch to interest-only) were put in place (where relevant). <br> Once reported, this same date should be reported for each reporting period during which the reduction is in place (including the reporting period in which the reduction ends) Where a reduction is extended, continue to report the date of the original reduction. |
|  | Term extension | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Report ' Y ' where there has been a term extension for reasons of forbearance during the reporting period. <br> Also report ' Y ' for term extensions applied to interest-only mortgages reaching maturity during the reporting period because the borrower is unable to repay the capital at the end of the original term. <br> Do not report other term extensions made for non-forbearance reasons. <br> Where the loan is split into more than one part, report ' Y ' where there has been a term extension on any part. |
|  | Date of term extension | DD/MM/YYY | Date when most recent term extension was put in place for reasons of forbearance where this occurred during the reporting period. |
|  | Other forbearance | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{no} \end{aligned}$ | Report ' $Y$ ' where other forbearance is in place or has been in place at any point during the reporting period. <br> Other forbearance includes any kind of forbearance in relation to the mortgage (other than a formal arrangement, capitalisation, temporary switch to interest-only, suspended payments, reduced payments and term extension). For example, a reduced interest rate; matched payments; writing-off part of |



|  |  |  | In the case of a receiver of rent being <br> appointed, this same date should be <br> reported for each reporting period <br> during which the appointment <br> continues (including the reporting <br> period in which the appointment <br> terminates). |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sale value <br> achieved (for <br> repossessions) | Numeric £ | Report the sale price received for the <br> repossessed property, where the <br> property has been sold during the <br> reporting period. <br> In practice, this may be several <br> reporting periods after the property has <br> been taken into possession, according <br> to how long it has taken to sell the <br> property. |  |
|  | i) Other home finance transactions <br> Home Reversion Plans  <br> The following data reporting fields must be completed, where  <br> applicable:  |  |  |


| Data reporting field | Illustrative Code (where applicable) | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date reversion plan commenced | DD/MM/YYYY |  |
| Reversion Characteristics | F = Full <br> Reversion FI = Full <br> reversion linked to an investment with a view to providing income $\mathrm{P}=\text { Partial }$ <br> reversion <br> PI = Partial reversion linked to an investment with a view to providing income O = Other | Only 1 code can be entered |
| Property postcode | e.g. XY45 6XX |  |
| Reversion Sum | Numeric £ | Amount of reversion lump sum or sum used to provide income |
| Full market value of property | Numeric £ | The actual market value of the property or portion of property that is intended for reversion |
| Discounted value of reverted property | Numeric £ | The actual discounted value of the property or portion of property on which the reversion plan is based |
| Date of birth of main XXX | DD/MM/YYYY | Report the age of the main plan holder only |
| Purpose of reversion | H = Extra <br> money for home improvements <br> D = Extra money for debt consolidation | Only 1 code can be entered |



|  | ii) | Home Pu <br> The follo applicabl | rchase Plans <br> wing data reporti e: | ing fields must be completed, where |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Data reporting field |  | Illustrative Code (where applicable) | Notes |
|  | Date HPP account opened |  | DD/MM/YYYY |  |
|  | Type of rental rate |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}=\text { Variable } \\ & \mathrm{F}=\text { Fixed } \\ & \mathrm{O}=\text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | Only 1 code can be entered |
|  | HPP <br> Characteristics |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}=\text { Ijara } \\ & \mathrm{D}=\text { Diminishing } \end{aligned}$ <br> Musharaka $\mathrm{O}=\mathrm{Other}$ |  |
|  | Type of home buyer |  | F = First time buyer <br> H = Home <br> mover <br> $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Re}$-finance <br> $\mathrm{C}=$ <br> Council/Register <br> ed social <br> landlord <br> exercising their <br> right to buy <br> O = Other <br> $\mathrm{N}=$ Not known | Only 1 code can be entered |
|  | Term of HPP |  | Numeric | Number in whole years |
|  | Amount granted to home buyer |  | Numeric £ | The sum of money advanced to the consumer in respect of their house purchase |
|  | Value of property |  | Numeric £ | The value should be based on: <br> - The surveyors valuation (or from a valuation index) <br> - From the customers estimated |


|  |  | value as captured on the application form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income basis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S = Single } \\ & \text { income } \\ & \mathrm{J}=\text { Joint income } \end{aligned}$ | Use code to indicate whether the income assessment has been made on a single or joint basis. |
| Date of birth of main home buyer | DD/MM/YYYY | Report the age of the main home buyer only |
| Main home buyer employment status | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}=\text { Full time } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \mathrm{S}=\text { Self } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \mathrm{R}=\text { Retired } \\ & \mathrm{O}=\text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | Applies to main home buyer only Only 1 code can be entered |
| Total gross income | Numeric £ | The total gross income of all home buyers whose income was used in the credit assessment (see guidance notes for further explanation) |
| Income verification | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Y = Income } \\ \text { evidenced } \\ \text { N = Income note } \\ \text { evidenced } \end{array}$ | Applies to plans based on one or more persons' incomes (see guidance notes relating to where income is not evidenced) |
| County court judgements (CCJs) Value | Numeric £ | Applies where home buyer/s has had one or more CCJs within the last 3 years - either satisfied or unsatisfied with a total value greater than $£ 500$ |
| Impaired credit history of main home buyer | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}=\text { Arrears } \\ & \mathrm{V}=\text { IVA } \\ & \mathrm{B}=\text { Bankruptcy } \end{aligned}$ | Use codes to indicate applicable credit history <br> A = applies to previous home finance transactions where the home buyer/s has had arrears within the last 2 years where the cumulative amount overdue at any point reached three or more monthly payments or $\mathrm{V}=$ applies where the home buyer/s have been subject to an individual voluntary arrangement at anytime within the last 3 years <br> B = applies where the home buyer/s have been subiect to a bankruptcy order |



|  | status | benefits, $\mathrm{R}=$ retired, $0=$ other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total net disposable income | Numeric £ | The total net disposable income for all parties to the sale and rent back agreement used in the affordability assessment. |
|  | Date of birth of main sale and rent back seller | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DD/MM/YYY } \\ & \text { Y } \end{aligned}$ | Report the age of the main sale and rent back seller only. |
|  | Product incentives | $\mathrm{CB}=$ cash back, <br> BB = buy back option, <br> SA = share of appreciation | Use code to indicate incentives that form part of the sale and rent back agreement, if applicable. <br> Where more than one code applies, report all. <br> 'Cash back' is the promise of a future payment to the sale and rent back seller, for example a portion of the original discount. <br> 'Buy back' is where the sale and rent back seller is offered the option to buy the property back. <br> 'Share of appreciation' is where the sale and rent back seller is promised a share in the appreciation of the property value. |
|  | Funding source for sale and rent back agreement | $\mathrm{C}=$ <br> commercial <br> funding, $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{BTL}$ <br> mortgage, $\mathrm{O}=$ other | Use code to indicate the source of funding used for the sale and rent back agreement. |
|  | Fees charged to customer | Numeric £ | This is the fee charged by the provider to the customer. It includes administration and legal fees. |


|  | (e) | High-cost short-term credit and home credit loan agreements |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | The following data reporting fields must be completed, where applicable for all high-cost short-term credit and home credit loan agreements |  |  |
|  |  | Data reporting field | Code (where applicable) | Notes |
|  |  | Loan amount | Numeric £ | Provide the total amount of credit (i.e. the total sum made available under the loan) |
|  |  | Transaction date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DD/MM/YYY } \\ & \text { Y } \end{aligned}$ | Provide the date of the transaction |
|  |  | Loan type | HCST $=$ High - <br> Cost Short- <br> Term Loan <br> $\mathrm{H}=$ Home credit loan agreement | Select one code only for each loan |
|  |  | APR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numeric \% } \\ & \text { 2dp } \end{aligned}$ | Provide the annual percentage rate of charge in relation to the credit agreement calculated in accordance with CONC App 1.2 in the Consumer Credit sourcebook. Where a firm calculates the APR to one decimal place, it should add a further zero in the APR reporting field. |
|  |  | Arrangement fee | Numeric £ | Provide the amount of any arrangement fee that is payable in relation to the loan in addition to interest or a fixed charge in lieu of interest |
|  |  | Total amount payable | Numeric $£$ | The total amount payable by the borrower being the sum of the total amount of credit and the total charge for credit payable under the agreement, as well as any advance payment |
|  |  | Rollover | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}=\text { yes } \\ & \mathrm{N}=\text { no } \end{aligned}$ | Indicate if the loan is rolled over from a previous loan. For this purpose, a loan is rolled |




1. The following data items are not required for regulatory purposes and should only be reported by mortgage lenders who currently support the RMS (Regulated Mortgage Survey) and other home finance providers.

| Data reporting <br> field | Code (where <br> applicable) | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type of <br> dwelling | B= bungalow <br> D= detached <br> house <br> S = semi - <br> detached <br> house <br> T = terraced <br> house <br> F = flat or <br> maisonette in <br> converted <br> house <br> P= purpose <br> built flat or <br> maisonette <br> O = other | Use code to indicate property type. <br> Only 1 code can apply. |



