COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES SOURCEBOOK (MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS) INSTRUMENT 2020

Powers exercised

- A. The Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA") makes this instrument in the exercise of the following powers and related provisions in or under:
 - (1) the following sections of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (a) section 137A (The FCA's general rules);
 - (b) section 137D (FCA general rules: product intervention);
 - (c) section 137T (General supplementary powers);
 - (d) section 139A (Power of the FCA to give guidance);
 - (e) section 214 (General);
 - (f) section 247 (Trust scheme rules);
 - (g) section 248 (Scheme particulars rules);
 - (h) section 261I (Contractual scheme rules);
 - (i) section 261J (Contractual scheme particulars rules); and
 - (j) section 277A (Regular provision of information relating to compliance with requirements for recognition);
 - regulation 6(1) of the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228);
 - (3) the other rule and guidance making powers listed in Schedule 4 (Powers exercised) to the General Provisions of the FCA's Handbook.
- B. The rule-making provisions listed above are specified for the purposes of section 138G(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

Commencement

C. This instrument comes into force on 1 July 2020.

Amendments to the Handbook

D. The Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook (COLL) is amended in accordance with the Annex to this instrument.

Notes

E. In the Annex to this instrument, the notes (indicated by "**Note:**") are included for the convenience of the reader and do not form part of the legislative text.

Citation

F. This instrument may be cited as the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (Miscellaneous Amendments) Instrument 2020.

By order of the Board 25 June 2020

Annex

Amendments to the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook (COLL)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

5	Investment and borrowing powers
5.2	General investment powers and limits for UCITS schemes

5.2.2 R This table belongs to *COLL* 5.2.1R

Rule	ICVC	ACD	Authorised fund manager of an AUT or ACS	Depositary of an ICVC, AUT or ACS	Authorised fund manager of an AUT or ACS, or ACD of an ICVC, that is a regulated money market fund
5.2.23- AG	<u>X</u>	<u>x</u>	X		<u>X</u>
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Investment powers: general

- 5.2.4 R The *scheme property* of each *UCITS scheme* must be invested only in accordance with the relevant provisions in sections *COLL* 5.2 to *COLL* 5.5 that are applicable to that *UCITS scheme* and up to any maximum limit so stated, but, the *instrument constituting the fund* may further restrict:
 - (1) ...
 - (2) the proportion of the *capital property* of the *UCITS scheme* that may be invested in assets of any description;

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OTC transactions in derivatives

- 5.2.23 R A transaction in an *OTC derivative* under *COLL* 5.2.20R(1)(b) or, for the purposes of (1) only, executed by or on behalf of a *regulated money market fund*, must be:
 - (1) with an approved counterparty; a counterparty to a transaction in *derivatives* is approved only if the counterparty is:
 - (a) an eligible institution or an approved bank; or
 - (b) a person whose *permission* (including any *requirements* or *limitations*), as published in the *Financial Services Register*, or whose *Home State authorisation*, permits it to enter into the transaction as *principal off-exchange*;
 - (c) a *CCP* that is authorised in that capacity for the purposes of *EMIR*;
 - (d) a *CCP* that is recognised in that capacity in accordance with the process set out in article 25 of *EMIR*; or
 - (e) to the extent not already covered above, a *CCP* supervised in a jurisdiction that:
 - (i) has implemented the relevant G20 reforms on overthe-counter derivatives to at least the same extent as the *United Kingdom*; and
 - (ii) is identified as having done so by the Financial
 Stability Board in its summary report on progress in
 implementation of G20 financial regulatory reforms
 dated 25 June 2019;

(4) ...

[Note: articles (8)(1)(b), 8(3) and 8(4) of the *UCITS eligible assets Directive*.

In relation to *COLL* 5.2.23R(1)(e), see the table on page 3 of the Financial Stability Board's report of 25 June 2019 which is available here: https://www.fsb.org/wp-content/uploads/P250619-2.pdf]

5.2.23-A G The non-EEA jurisdictions that fall within COLL 5.2.23R(1)(e) are

Australia, Hong Kong, Japan, Singapore, Switzerland, and the United States of America.

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6 Operating duties and responsibilities

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6.2	Dealing

Property Authorised Investment Funds

- 6.2.23 R (1) The authorised fund manager of a property authorised investment fund must take reasonable steps to ensure that no body corporate holds more than 10% of the net asset value of that fund (the "maximum allowable").
 - (1A) For the purposes of (1), a *body corporate* shall not be treated as holding more than the maximum allowable to the extent that:
 - (a) the body corporate holds units in a unit trust scheme which holds shares in the property authorised investment fund; and
 - (b) in their capacity as *trustees* of the *unit trust scheme*, the *trustees* are chargeable in the *United Kingdom* either to income tax or to corporation tax.

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6.6 Powers and duties of the scheme, the authorised fund manager, and the depositary

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Control by the depositary over the scheme property

- 6.6.12 R (1) The *depositary* of an *authorised fund* is responsible for the safekeeping of all the *scheme property* (other than tangible movable property) entrusted to it and must:
 - (a) ...;
 - (b) ensure that *scheme property* in registered form is, as soon as practicable, registered in the name of the *depositary*, its nominee, or (in the case of a *non-UCITS retail scheme* managed by a *small authorised UK AIFM*) a *person* retained by it under *COLL* 6.6.15R(1) *COLL* 6.6.15R(4) (Committees and delegation);

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(3) ...

- (4) Where the *authorised fund* is a *UCITS scheme*, this *rule* applies to the *scheme's depositary* to the extent the provisions are consistent with the requirements of the *UCITS level 2 regulation*.
- (5) Where the *authorised fund* is a *non-UCITS retail scheme* managed by a *full-scope UK AIFM*, this *rule* applies to the *scheme's* depositary to the extent the provisions are consistent with the requirements of the *AIFMD level 2 regulation*.

[Note: Articles 12 to 14 of the *UCITS level 2 regulation* and articles 88 to 90 of the *AIFMD level 2 regulation* make provision relating to custody and safekeeping of *scheme property*. The *AIFMD level 2 regulation* does not apply to the *depositary* of a *non-UCITS retail scheme* managed by a *small authorised UK AIFM*.]

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8 Qualified investor schemes

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8.5 Powers and responsibilities

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Duties of the depositary

8.5.4 R ...

(4) This *rule* applies to the *depositary* of a *scheme* managed by a *full-scope UK AIFM* to the extent the provisions are consistent with the requirements of the *AIFMD level 2 regulation*.

[Note: Articles 88 to 90 of the AIFMD level 2 regulation make provision relating to custody and safekeeping of scheme property. The AIFMD level 2 regulation does not apply to the depositary of a qualified investor scheme managed by a small authorised UK AIFM.]

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Property Authorised Investment Funds

- 8.5.12A R (1) The authorised fund manager of a property authorised investment fund must take reasonable steps to ensure that no body corporate holds more than 10% of the net asset value of that fund (the "maximum allowable").
 - (1A) For the purposes of (1), a *body corporate* shall not be treated as holding more than the maximum allowable to the extent that:

- (a) the body corporate holds units in a unit trust scheme which holds shares in the property authorised investment fund; and
- (b) in their capacity as *trustees* of the *unit trust scheme*, the *trustees* are chargeable in the *United Kingdom* either to income tax or to corporation tax.

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9 Recognised schemes

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9.3 Section 272 recognised schemes

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Preparation of a key information document in accordance with the PRIIPs regulation

9.3.4 ...

Annual certificate of compliance

- 9.3.5 D (1) An operator of a scheme recognised under section 272 of the Act must provide a certificate to the FCA in writing that:
 - (a) sets out what steps it has taken to inform itself of any changes to the regulatory requirements for the relevant type of comparable authorised *scheme* taking effect during the most recent financial year of the *scheme*; and
 - (b) explains whether, and if so how, any such changes, together with any changes to the *scheme* that have occurred during this period, may affect the *scheme*'s ability to satisfy the requirements referred to in section 272(1)(d) of the *Act*.
 - (2) The certificate must be provided to the FCA no later than:
 - (a) one *month* following the publication of the *annual report* and accounts of the scheme; or
 - (b) if the publication of the *annual report and accounts* of the *scheme* is delayed, one *month* after the last day on which the publication of the *annual report and accounts* of the *scheme* was due.
 - (3) The certificate must be signed by an authorised signatory of the *operator*.

- (4) The certificate may apply to multiple *sub-funds* in an *umbrella* that are recognised under section 272 of the *Act*, if the names of each relevant *sub-fund* and of the *umbrella* are clearly stated.
- (5) The certificate must be delivered to the FCA by:
 - (a) sending a copy by email addressed to recognisedcis@fca.org.uk, including the subject line:

 "S.277A Certificate [insert full name(s) of scheme]"; or
 - (b) by *post* to: Financial Conduct Authority, attn. S.277A

 Certificates, Fund Authorisations Team, Asset Management

 Department, Wholesale Supervision, 12 Endeavour Square,

 London E20 1JN, United Kingdom.
- 9.3.6 <u>An operator of a scheme recognised under section 272 of the Act need not provide a certificate under COLL 9.3.5D if it has already sent the required information to the FCA within the last 12 months as the result of:</u>
 - (1) a requirement relating to an application for recognition of the *scheme* under section 274(2)(c) of the *Act*;
 - (2) <u>a direction relating to a proposed alteration of the scheme or to a change to the operator, trustee or depositary under section 277(5)(b) of the Act; or</u>
 - (3) <u>a previous certificate being provided under section 277A of the Act.</u>
- 9.3.7 G The *operator* of a *scheme* recognised under section 272 of the *Act* should seek advice from professionals with appropriate qualifications or professional knowledge, such as a qualified solicitor, chartered accountant or compliance consultant, before submitting the certificate to the *FCA* under *COLL* 9.3.5D.

TP 1 Transitional Provisions

TP 1.1

(1)	(2) Material to which the transitional provision applies	(3)	(4) Transitional provision	(5) Transitional provision: dates in force	(6) Handbook provision: coming into force

Amendments made by the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (Miscellaneous Amendments) Instrument 2020

be) published on or after 1 July 2020.	<u>50</u>	<u>COLL</u> <u>9.3.5D</u>	D		From 1 July 2020	1 July 2020
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Sch 2 Notification requirements

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Sch 1 Notification requirements 2.2G

Handbook reference	Matter to be notified	Contents of notification	Trigger event	Time allowed
COLL 9.3.1D	Application under section 272 of the <i>Act</i>	Details	Intention to market <i>scheme</i> in the <i>UK</i>	Up to 6 months before commencing marketing
<u>COLL 9.3.5D</u>	Annual certificate of compliance for a scheme recognised under section 272 of the Act	Details in COLL 9.3.5D(1)	Date on which the annual report and accounts of the scheme is (or is due to be) published (see COLL 9.3.5D(2))	One month