Supervision

## Chapter 15

## Notifications to the FCA

		15.6 Inaccurate, false or misleading information
15.6.1	R	A <i>firm</i> must take reasonable steps to ensure that all information it gives to the <i>FCA</i> in accordance with a <i>rule</i> in any part of the <i>Handbook</i> (including <i>Principle</i> 11) is: (1) factually accurate or, in the case of estimates and judgements, fairly
		and properly based after appropriate enquiries have been made by the <i>firm</i> ; and
		(2) complete, in that it should include anything of which the FCA would reasonably expect notice.
15.6.1A	R	■ SUP 15.6.1R also applies to all information given, or to be given, by a <i>firm</i> in accordance with any of the following:
		(1) an applicable provision imposed by <i>MiFIR</i> or any <i>onshored regulations</i> which were previously <i>EU regulations</i> adopted under <i>MiFID</i> or <i>MiFIR</i> ; or
		(2) a breach of any requirement imposed by or under either the <i>MiFI</i> <i>Regulations</i> or the <i>DRS Regulations</i> .
15.6.2	G	<ul> <li>SUP 15.6.1 R applies also in relation to <i>rules</i> outside this chapter, and even if they are not <i>notification rules</i>. Examples of <i>rules</i> and chapters to which</li> <li>SUP 15.6.1 R is relevant, are:</li> </ul>
		<ol> <li>Principle 11, and the guidance on Principle 11 in ■ SUP 2 (Information gathering by the FCA and PRA on their own initiative);</li> </ol>
		(2) $\blacksquare$ SUP 15 (Notifications to the FCA):
		(3) ■ SUP 16 (Reporting requirements);
		(4) [deleted]
		<ul><li>(5) any notification rule (see Schedule 2 which contains a consolidated summary of such rules);</li></ul>
		(6) ■ DISP 1.9 (Complaints record rule); and
		(7) ■ DISP 1.10 (Complaints reporting rule).

## SUP 15 : Notifications to the FCA

15.6.3	G	If a <i>firm</i> is unable to obtain the information required in $\blacksquare$ SUP 15.6.1 R(2), then it should inform the <i>FCA</i> that the scope of the information provided is, or may be, limited.
15.6.4	R	If a <i>firm</i> becomes aware, or has information that reasonably suggests that it has or may have provided the <i>FCA</i> with information which was or may have been false, misleading, incomplete or inaccurate, or has or may have changed in a material particular, it must notify the <i>FCA</i> immediately. Subject to <b>SUP</b> 15.6.5 R, the notification must include:
		<ol> <li>details of the information which is or may be false, misleading, incomplete or inaccurate, or has or may have changed;</li> </ol>
		(2) an explanation why such information was or may have been provided; and
		(3) the correct information.
15.6.5	R	If the information in ■ SUP 15.6.4 R (3) cannot be submitted with the notification (because it is not immediately available), it must instead be submitted as soon as possible afterwards.
15.6.6	G	The <i>FCA</i> may request the <i>firm</i> to provide revised documentation containing the correct information, if appropriate.
15.6.6A	G	■ SUP 15.11.13R(4) adjusts the time when, and how, an <i>SMCR firm</i> should make updates under ■ SUP 15.6.4R about notifications under section 64C of the <i>Act</i> (Notification of disciplinary action against certain employees).
15.6.7	G	<i>Firms</i> are reminded that section 398 of the <i>Act</i> (Misleading the FCA or PRA: residual cases) makes it an offence for a <i>firm</i> knowingly or recklessly to provide the <i>FCA</i> with information which is false or misleading in a material particular in purported compliance with the <i>FCA</i> 's <i>rules</i> or any other requirement imposed by or under the <i>Act</i> . An offence by a <i>body corporate</i> , <i>partnership</i> or unincorporated association may be attributed to an <i>officer</i> or certain other <i>persons</i> (section 400 of the <i>Act</i> (Offences by bodies corporate etc)).

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