

# Chapter 11

## Controllers and close links



## 11.2 Purpose

- 11.2.1** G Part XII of the Act (Control Over Authorised Persons) places an obligation on the *controllers* and proposed *controllers* of those *UK domestic firms* not listed in ■ SUP 11.1.1 R (1) to ■ SUP 11.1.1R(8) to notify the *appropriate regulator* of changes in *control*, including acquiring, increasing or reducing *control* or ceasing to have *control* over a *firm*. Furthermore, those *persons* are required to obtain the *appropriate regulator's* approval before becoming a *controller* or increasing their *control* over a *firm*. ■ SUP 11.3 is intended to assist those *persons* in complying with their obligations under Part XII of the Act.
- 11.2.2** G The *rules* in ■ SUP 11.4 to ■ SUP 11.6 are aimed at ensuring that the *appropriate regulator* receives the information that it needs to fulfil its responsibility to monitor and, in some cases, give prior approval to *firms' controllers*.
- 11.2.2A** G [deleted]
- 11.2.3** G As the approval of the *appropriate regulator* is not required under the Act for a new *controller* of an *overseas firm*, the *notification rules* on such *firms* are less prescriptive than they are for *UK domestic firms*. Nevertheless, the *appropriate regulator* still needs to monitor such an *overseas firm's* continuing satisfaction of the *threshold conditions*, which normally includes consideration of a *firm's* connection with any *person*, including its *controllers* and *parent undertakings* (see the *threshold conditions* set out in paragraphs 3B, 4F and 5F of Schedule 6 to the Act). The *appropriate regulator* therefore needs to be notified of *controllers* and *parent undertakings* of *overseas firms*.
- 11.2.4** G As part of the *appropriate regulator's* function of monitoring a *firm's* continuing satisfaction of the *threshold conditions*, the *appropriate regulator* needs to consider the impact of any significant change in the circumstances of one or more of its *controllers*, for example, in their financial standing and, in respect of corporate *controllers*, in their *governing bodies*. Consequently, the *appropriate regulator* needs to know if there are any such changes. ■ SUP 11.8 therefore requires a *firm* to tell the *appropriate regulator* if it becomes aware of particular matters relating to a *controller*.
- 11.2.5** G Similarly, the *appropriate regulator* needs to monitor a *firm's* continuing satisfaction of the *threshold conditions* set out in paragraphs 3B, 4F and 5F of Schedule 6 to the Act (as applicable) (in relation to *threshold conditions*

for which the *FCA* is responsible, see ■ COND 2.3), which requires that a *firm's close links* are not likely to prevent the *appropriate regulator's* effective supervision of that *firm*. Accordingly the *appropriate regulator* needs to be notified of any changes in a *firm's close links*. This requirement is contained in ■ SUP 11.9.

11.2.6 **G** Every *firm*, other than a *firm* listed in ■ SUP 11.1.1 R (1) to ■ SUP 11.1.1R(8) or a *firm* excluded from the operation of ■ SUP 16.4 or ■ SUP 16.5 by ■ SUP 16.1.3 R, is required to submit an annual report on its *controllers* and *close links* as set out in ■ SUP 16.4 and ■ SUP 16.5.

11.2.7 **G** The requirements in ■ SUP 11 implemented certain provisions relating to changes in *control* and *close links* which were required under the *Single Market Directives*.

11.2.8 **G** An event described in ■ SUP 11.4.2R, ■ SUP 11.4.2A R and ■ SUP 11.4.4Ris referred to in this chapter as a "change in *control*".