

Chapter 12

Financial resources
requirements for operators
of electronic systems in
relation to lending.



12.3 CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

- 12.3.1
- R
- (1) A firm must at all times have available the amount and type of **financial resources** required by this chapter (see ■ IPRU-INV 12.3.2R).

(2) In arriving at its calculation of its **financial resources**, a firm must deduct certain items (see ■ IPRU-INV 12.3.3R).

- 12.3.2
- R
- Table: Items which are eligible to contribute to the financial resources of a firm

Item		Additional explanation
1.	Share capital	<div>This must be fully paid and may include:<div>(1) ordinary <i>share</i> capital; or</div><div>(2) preference <i>share</i> capital (excluding preference <i>shares</i> redeemable by shareholders within two years).</div></div>
2.	Capital other than <i>share</i> capital (for example, the capital of a <i>sole trader</i> , <i>partnership</i> or <i>limited liability partnership</i>)	<div>The capital of a <i>sole trader</i> is the net balance on the <i>firm's</i> capital account and current account. The capital of a <i>partnership</i> is the capital made up of the <i>partners'</i>:<div>(1) capital account, that is the account:<div>(a) into which capital contributed by the <i>partners</i> is paid; and</div><div>(b) from which, under the terms of the <i>partnership</i> agreement, an amount representing capital may be withdrawn by a <i>partner</i> only if:<div>(i) he ceases to be a <i>partner</i> and an equal amount is transferred to another such account by his former <i>partners</i> or any <i>person</i> replacing him as their <i>partner</i>; or</div></div></div></div>

Item	Additional explanation
	<p>(ii) the <i>partnership</i> is otherwise dissolved or wound up; and</p> <p>(2) current accounts according to the most recent financial statement.</p> <p>For the purpose of the calculation of financial resources, in respect of a <i>defined benefit occupational pension scheme</i>:</p> <p>(1) a <i>firm</i> must derecognise any <i>defined benefit asset</i>;</p> <p>(2) a <i>firm</i> may substitute for a <i>defined benefit liability</i> the <i>firm's deficit reduction amount</i>, provided that the election is applied consistently in respect of any one financial year.</p>
3. Reserves (Note 1)	<p>These are, subject to Note 1, the audited accumulated profits retained by the <i>firm</i> (after deduction of tax, dividends and proprietors' or <i>partners</i>' drawings) and other reserves created by appropriations of share premiums and similar realised appropriations. Reserves also include gifts of capital, for example, from a <i>parent undertaking</i>.</p> <p>For the purposes of calculating financial resources, a <i>firm</i> must make the following adjustments to its reserves, where appropriate:</p> <p>(1) a <i>firm</i> must deduct any unrealised gains or, where applicable, add back in any unrealised losses on debt instruments held, or formerly held, in the available-for-sale financial assets category;</p> <p>(2) a <i>firm</i> must deduct any unrealised gains or, where applicable, add back in any unrealised losses on cash flow hedges of financial instruments measured at cost or amortised cost;</p> <p>(3) in respect of a <i>defined benefit occupational pension scheme</i>:</p> <p>(a) a <i>firm</i> must derecognise any <i>defined benefit asset</i>;</p> <p>(b) a <i>firm</i> may substitute for a <i>defined benefit liability</i> the <i>firm's deficit reduction amount</i>, provided that the election is applied consistently in respect of any one financial year.</p>

Item	Additional explanation
4. Interim net profits (Note 1)	If a <i>firm</i> seeks to include interim net profits in the calculation of its financial resources , the profits have, subject to Note 1, to be verified by the <i>firm's</i> external auditor, net of tax, anticipated dividends or proprietors' drawings and other appropriations.
5. Revaluation reserves	
6. Subordinated loans/debt	Subordinated loans/debt must be included in financial resources on the basis of the provisions in this chapter that apply to subordinated loans/debt.
Note	
1	Reserves must be audited and interim net profits, general and collective provisions must be verified by the <i>firm's</i> external auditor unless the <i>firm</i> is exempt from the provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 (section 249A (Exemptions from audit)) or, where applicable, Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 (section 477 (Small companies: Conditions for exemption from audit)) relating to the audit of accounts.

12.3.3 R Table: Items which must be deducted in arriving at financial resources

1	<i>Investments in own shares</i>
2	<i>Investments in subsidiaries</i> (Note 1)
3	Intangible assets (Note 2)
4	Interim net losses (Note 3)
5	Excess of drawings over profits for a <i>sole trader</i> or a <i>partnership</i> (Note 3)
Notes	<p>1. <i>Investments in subsidiaries</i> are the full balance sheet value.</p> <p>2. Intangible assets are the full balance sheet value of goodwill, capitalised development costs, brand names, trademarks and similar rights and licences.</p> <p>3. The interim net losses in row 4, and the excess of drawings in row 5, are in relation to the period following the date as at which the capital resources are being computed.</p>

Subordinated loans/debt

12.3.4 R A subordinated loan/debt must not form part of the **financial resources** of the *firm* unless it meets the following conditions:

- (1) it has an original maturity of:
 - (a) at least five years; or
 - (b) it is subject to five years' notice of repayment;

- (2) the claims of the subordinated creditors must rank behind those of all unsubordinated creditors;
- (3) the only events of default must be non-payment of any interest or principal under the debt agreement or the winding up of the *firm* and such event of default must not prejudice the subordination in (2);
- (4) the remedies available to the subordinated creditor in the event of non-payment or other default in respect of the subordinated loan/ debt must be limited to petitioning for the winding up of the *firm* or proving the debt and claiming in the liquidation of the *firm*;
- (5) the subordinated loan/debt must not become due and payable before its stated final maturity date except on an event of default complying with (3);
- (6) the agreement and the debt are governed by the law of England and Wales, or of Scotland or of Northern Ireland;
- (7) to the fullest extent permitted under the rules of the relevant jurisdiction, creditors must waive their right to set off amounts they owe the *firm* against subordinated amounts owed to them by the *firm*;
- (8) the terms of the subordinated loan/debt must be set out in a written agreement that contains terms that provide for the conditions set out in this *rule*; and
- (9) the loan/debt must be unsecured and fully paid up.

12.3.5 R

When calculating its **financial resources**, the *firm* must exclude any amount by which the aggregate amount of its subordinated loans/debts exceeds the amount calculated as follows:

a – b

where:

a

=

Items 1 -5 in the table of items which are eligible to contribute to a *firm’s financial resources* (see IPRU-INV 12.3.2R)

b

=

Items 1- 5 in the table of items which must be deducted from a *firm’s financial resources* (see IPRU-INV 12.3.3R)

12.3.6 G

■ IPRU-INV 12.3.5R can be illustrated as follows:

Share Capital	£20,000
Reserves	£30,000
Subordinated loans/debts	£10,000
Intangible Assets	£10,000
As subordinated loans/debts (£10,000) are less than the total of share capital + reserves – intangible assets (£40,000) the <i>firm</i> need not exclude any	

of its subordinated loans/debts pursuant to IPRU-INV 12.3.5R. Therefore, total **financial resources** will be £50,000.

Share Capital	£20,000
Reserves	£30,000
Subordinated loans/debts	£60,000
Intangible Assets	£10,000

As subordinated loans/debts (£60,000) exceed the total of share capital + reserves – intangible assets (£40,000) by £20,000, the *firm* should exclude £20,000 of its subordinated loans/debts when calculating its **financial resources**. Therefore, total **financial resources** will be £80,000.