The Decision Procedure and Penalties manual

Chapter 1

Application and Purpose

1.2 Introduction to statutory notices Statutory and related notices 1.2.1 G Section 395 of the Act (The FCA's and PRA's procedures) requires the FCA to publish a statement of its procedure for the giving of statutory notices. The procedure must be designed to secure, among other things, that the decision which gives rise to the obligation to give a statutory notice is taken by a person not directly involved in establishing the evidence on which that decision is based or by two or more persons who include a person not directly involved in establishing that evidence. The types of *statutory notices* and related notices, and the principal references to them in the Act and DEPP are set out in ■ DEPP 1.2.2 G. 1.2.2 G Table: Summary of statutory and related notices Section 387 Warning notice Gives the recipi-**DEPP 2.2** ent details about action that the FCA proposes to take and about the right to make representations. Decision notice Gives the recipi-Section 388 **DEPP 2.3** ent details about action that the FCA has decided to take. The FCA may also give a further decision notice if the recipient of the original decision notice consents. Notice of discon-Identifies pro-Section 389 DEPP 1.2.4 G and tinuance ceedings set out DEPP 3.2.26 G in a warning notice or decision notice and which are not being taken or are being discontinued.

		Notice	Description	Act reference	Further in- formation
		Final notice	Sets out the terms of the ac- tion that the FCA is taking.	Section 390	DEPP 1.2.4 G
		Supervisory notice	Gives the recipi- ent details about action that the FCA has taken or proposes to take, for ex- ample to vary a Part 4A permission.	Section 395(13)	DEPP 2.2 and DEPP 2.3
1.2.3	G	In <i>DEPP</i> the <i>supervisory notice</i> about a matter first given to the recipient is referred to as the "first <i>supervisory notice</i> " and the <i>supervisory notice</i> given after consideration of any representations is referred to as the "second <i>supervisory notice</i> ".			
1.2.4	G	The requirement in section 395 of the Act to publish a procedure for the giving of notices does not extend to the giving of a <i>notice of discontinuance</i> or a <i>final notice</i> . Neither of these notices is a <i>statutory notice</i> for the purposes of <i>DEPP</i> ; nor is the decision to give such a notice a <i>statutory notice associated decision</i> .			
		Decisions relat made to the Pl	ing to applicatior RA	ıs for authorisa	tion or approva
1.2.4A	G	Section 395 of the Act also requires the FCA to publish a statement of procedure for decisions which give rise to an obligation for the PRA to include a statement under section 387(1A) in a warning notice or a statement under section 388(1A) in a decision notice as follows:			
		consent fo give condi 61(2D), the	7(1A) provides that ware the purposes of sectional consent as mere warning notice give we the reasons for the the reasons for the the reasons for the	tion 55F, 55I or 59 o ntioned in section 5 n by the <i>PRA</i> must	of the <i>Act</i> , or to 55F(5), 55I(8) or
		consent fo give condi 61(2D), the	8(1A) provides that w or the purposes of sec tional consent as mer e <i>decision notice</i> give ye the reasons for the	tion 55F, 55I or 59 o ntioned in section 5 n by the <i>PRA</i> must	of the <i>Act</i> , or to 55F(5), 55I(8) or
1.2.4B	G	appropriate regul permission with t can be conditiona	tion for <i>Part 4A perm</i> ator (section 55A(2)(a he consent of the <i>FCA</i> al on the <i>PRA</i> imposin certain regulated activ	a) of the <i>Act</i>), the <i>F</i> A (section 55F of th g limitations or spe	PRA may only give e Act). FCA consent

1.2.4C	G	Where an application to vary a <i>Part 4A permission</i> is made to the <i>PRA</i> as the appropriate regulator (section 55A(2)(a) of the <i>Act</i>), the <i>PRA</i> may only give permission with the consent of the <i>FCA</i> (section 55I of the <i>Act</i>). The <i>FCA</i> may withhold its consent to a proposed variation if it appears to it that it is desirable to do so in order to advance one or more of its operational objectives. <i>FCA</i> consent can be conditional on the <i>PRA</i> imposing limitations, or the <i>PRA</i> specifying the permission is for certain regulated activities only.
1.2.4D	G	Where an application to perform a <i>controlled function</i> is made to the <i>PRA</i> as the appropriate regulator, the <i>PRA</i> can only approve a person to perform a <i>controlled function</i> with the consent of the <i>FCA</i> (section 59(4)(b) of the <i>Act</i>). Where the application is a <i>relevant senior management application</i> , the <i>FCA</i> 's consent can be conditional on the <i>PRA</i> imposing conditions, or the <i>PRA</i> giving approval only for a limited period.
1.2.4E	G	The procedure must be designed to secure, among other things, that the decision is taken by a person not directly involved in establishing the evidence on which that decision is based, or by two or more persons who include a person not directly involved in establishing that evidence.
		The decision makers
1.2.5	G	Decisions on whether to give a <i>statutory notice</i> will be taken by a 'decision maker'. The <i>FCA</i> 's assessment of who is the appropriate decision maker is subject to the requirements of section 395 of the <i>Act</i> and will depend upon the nature of the decision, including its complexity, importance and urgency. References to the 'decision maker' in <i>DEPP</i> are to:
		(1) FCA staff under executive procedures; or
		(2) the Regulatory Decisions Committee (RDC); or
		(3) FCA staff under the settlement decision procedure.
1.2.6	C	The decision maker will also take decisions associated with a <i>statutory notice</i> (a ' <i>statutory notice associated decision</i> '). <i>Statutory notice associated decisions</i> include decisions:
		(1) to set or extend the period for making representations;
		(2) on whether the FCA is required to give a copy of the <i>statutory notice</i> to any third party and, if so, the period for the third party to make representations; and
		(3) on whether to refuse access to FCA material, relevant to the relevant <i>statutory notice</i> , under section 394 of the <i>Act</i> .
1.2.6A	G	<i>Statutory notice associated decisions</i> do not include decisions relating to the publication of a <i>statutory notice</i> .
1.2.7	G	In each case, the decision maker will make decisions by applying the relevant statutory tests, having regard to the context and nature of the matter, that

is, the relevant facts, law, and FCA priorities and policies (including on matters of legal interpretation).

- **1.2.8 G** The *FCA* will make and retain appropriate records of those decisions, including records of meetings and the representations (if any) and materials considered by the decision makers.
- **1.2.9 G** DEPP 2 to DEPP 5 set out:
 - which decisions require the giving of statutory notices and who takes them (
 DEPP 2);
 - (2) the nature and procedures of the RDC (DEPP 3);
 - (3) the procedure for decision making by FCA staff under executive procedures (DEPP 4);
 - (4) the procedure for decision making by FCA staff under the settlement decision procedure (DEPP 5).