Consumer Credit sourcebook

Chapter 7

Arrears, default and recovery (including repossessions)

| | | 7.7 Application of interest and charges |
|-------|---|---|
| 7.7.1 | G | When levying charges for debt recovery on <i>customers</i> in default or arrears difficulties <i>firms</i> should consider their obligation under <i>Principle</i> 6 to pay due regard to the interests of <i>customers</i> and treat them fairly. |
| 7.7.2 | R | [Note: paragraphs 3.1 and 3.10 of <i>DCG</i>] A <i>firm</i> must not claim the costs of recovering a debt from a <i>customer</i> if it has no contractual right to claim such costs. [Note: paragraph 3.11b of <i>DCG</i>] |
| 7.7.3 | R | A <i>firm</i> must not cause a <i>customer</i> to believe that the <i>customer</i> is legally liable to pay the costs of recovery where no such obligation exists. [Note: paragraph 3.11a of <i>DCG</i>] |
| 7.7.4 | G | Where a <i>firm</i> has a contractual right to levy default charges, a <i>regulated credit agreement</i> must state the charges and the conditions for making the charge under, as the case may be, the Consumer Credit (Agreements) Regulations 2010 (SI 2010/1014) or the Consumer Credit (Agreements) Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1553). |
| 7.7.5 | R | A <i>firm</i> must not impose charges on <i>customers</i> in default or arrears difficulties unless the charges are no higher than necessary to cover the reasonable costs of the <i>firm</i> . [Note: paragraphs 3.11 of <i>DCG</i> and 7.15 of <i>ILG</i>] |
| | | |