Consumer Credit sourcebook

Chapter 7

Arrears, default and recovery (including repossessions)

aim in rthern n
ts and
made
npt to the
uring debt.
s to

CONC 7 : Arrears, default and recovery (including repossessions)

7.15.7	G	It is misleading for a <i>firm</i> to suggest or state that a <i>customer</i> may be the subject of court action for the sum of the statute barred debt when the <i>firm</i> knows, or reasonably ought to know, that the relevant limitation period has expired. [Note: paragraph 3.15b of <i>DCG</i>]
7.15.8	R	A <i>firm</i> must not continue to demand payment from a <i>customer</i> after the <i>customer</i> has stated that he will not be paying the debt because it is statute barred.
		[Note: paragraph 3.15b of DCG]
7.15.9	R	A <i>firm</i> must identify for prospective purchasers of debts arising under <i>credit</i> agreements or <i>consumer hire agreements</i> or <i>P2P agreements</i> those debts which it knows or ought reasonably to know are statute barred, so as to avoid a <i>firm</i> taking inappropriate action against <i>customers</i> in relation to such debts.
		[Note: paragraph 3.23c of DCG]
		Complaints to the Financial Ombudsman Service and initiating legal proceedings
7.15.10	R	A <i>lender</i> must not initiate legal proceedings in relation to a <i>regulated credit</i> agreement where the <i>lender</i> is aware that the <i>customer</i> has submitted a valid complaint or what appears to the <i>firm</i> may be a valid complaint relating to the agreement in question that is being considered by the <i>Financial Ombudsman Service</i> .
		[Note: paragraph 7.9 (box) of <i>ILG</i>]