## Chapter 9

## Time limits on payment and postponing payment



## When must compensation be paid? 9.2

- 9.2.1 [deleted]
- R 9.2.1A [deleted]
- 9.2.1B R The FSCS must pay a claim as soon as reasonably possible after:
  - (1) it is satisfied that the conditions in COMP 3.2.1 R have been met; and
  - (2) it has calculated the amount of compensation due to the claimant; and in any event within:
  - (3) three months of that date, unless the FCA has granted the FSCS an extension, in which case payment must be made no later than six months from that date.
- 9.2.2 R The FSCS may postpone paying compensation if:
  - (1) in the case of a *claim* against a *relevant person* who is an *appointed* representative, the FSCS considers that the claimant should make and pursue an application for compensation against the appointed representative's relevant principal; or
  - (2) in the case of a claim relating to protected investment business which is not an ICD claim, a claim relating to protected home finance mediation, a claim relating to protected non-investment insurance distribution, a claim relating to protected debt management business or a claim relating to protected funeral plan business, the FSCS considers that the claimant should first exhaust their rights against the relevant person (or, where applicable, a successor) or any third party, or make and pursue an application for compensation to any other *person*; or
  - (3) [deleted]
  - (4) the claim is one which falls within COMP 12.4.5 R or COMP 12.4.7 R and it is not practicable for payment to be made within the usual time limits laid out in ■ COMP 9.2.1 R; or
  - (5) the claimant has been charged with an offence arising out of or in relation to money laundering, and those proceedings have not yet been concluded: or.

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- (6) [deleted]
- (7) it or an insolvency practitioner appointed to the *relevant person* (or, where applicable, a *successor*) is seeking to secure continuity of the relevant *funeral plan contract*.
- 9.2.3 R Notwithstanding COMP 9.2.2 R(2), the FSCS may pay compensation to a claimant in respect of assets held by a relevant person (or, where applicable, a successor) if an insolvency practitioner has been appointed to the relevant person (or, where applicable, a successor), and:
  - (1) the FSCS considers it likely that the insolvency practitioner would, in due course, return the assets to the claimant;
  - (2) the claimant has agreed to be compensated for the assets on the basis of the valuation provided by the FSCS; and
  - (3) the claimant has agreed, to the satisfaction of the FSCS, that his rights to the assets in respect of which compensation is payable should pass to it.