Compensation

Chapter 5

Protected claims



5.2 What is a protected claim?

- 5.2.1 A protected claim is:
 - (1) [deleted]
 - (2) [deleted]
 - (3) a claim in connection with protected investment business (see ■ COMP 5.5); or
 - (4) a claim in connection with protected home finance mediation (see ■ COMP 5.6); or
 - (5) a claim in connection with protected non-investment insurance distribution (see ■ COMP 5.7); or
 - (6) a claim in connection with protected debt management business (see ■ COMP 5.8); or
 - (7) a claim in connection with protected funeral plan business (see ■ COMP 5.9).
- 5.2.2 G () [deleted]
 - Claims in respect of Law Society members
- 5.2.3 R Notwithstanding ■ COMP 5.2.1 R and paragraph (1)(d) of the definition of participant firm, where the relevant person is in default:
 - (1) is an authorised professional firm that is subject to the rules of the Law Society (England and Wales) or the Law Society of Scotland; and
 - (2) with respect to its regulated activities, does not participate in the relevant society's compensation scheme:

a claim with respect to that person is only a protected claim if, when the basis for the claim arose, that person did not participate in the relevant society's compensation scheme with respect to its regulated activities.

- Claims in respect of successors
- 5.2.4 G Where a claim for compensation is in respect of a claim against a successor, the following rules apply to the relevant person for whose liabilities the

successor has assumed responsibility (or to such relevant person's activities, as the case may be):

- (1) COMP 5.5.1R;
- (2) COMP 5.5.2R;
- (3) COMP 5.5.3R;
- (4) COMP 5.6.1R;
- (5) COMP 5.6.2R;
- (6) COMP 5.7.2R;
 - COMP 5.8.1R; and
- (8) COMP 5.9.1R and COMP 5.9.2R.