Chapter 6
Custody rules



6.4 Use of safe custody assets

6.4.1 R

- (1) A firm must not enter into arrangements for securities financing transactions in respect of safe custody assets held by it on behalf of a client or otherwise use such safe custody assets for its own account or the account of any other person or client of the firm, unless:
 - (a) the *client* has given express prior consent to the use of the *safe* custody assets on specified terms; and
 - (b) the use of that client's safe custody assets is restricted to the specified terms to which the *client* consents.
- (2) A firm must not enter into arrangements for securities financing transactions in respect of safe custody assets held by it on behalf of a client in an omnibus account maintained by a third party, or otherwise use safe custody assets held in such an account for its own account or for the account of any other person unless, in addition to the conditions set out in (1):
 - (a) each *client* whose *safe custody assets* are held together in an omnibus account has given express prior consent in accordance with (1)(a); or
 - (b) the *firm* has in place systems and controls which ensure that only safe custody assets belonging to clients who have given express prior consent in accordance with (1)(a) are so used.
- (3) For the purposes of obtaining the express prior consent of a *client* under this *rule*, the consent must be clearly evidenced in writing and the signature of the client or an equivalent alternative means of affirmative execution is required.
- (4) [deleted]

[Note: article 5(1) and (2) of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

- 6.4.1A G
- The FCA expects firms which enter into arrangements under CASS 6.4.1 R with retail clients to only enter into securities financing transactions and not otherwise use retail clients' safe custody assets.
- G 6.4.1B
- (1) Prior express consent by *clients* should be given and recorded by *firms* in order to allow the *firm* to demonstrate clearly what the *client* agreed to and to help clarify the status of safe custody assets.

- (2) Clients' consent may be given once at the start of the commercial relationship, as long as it is sufficiently clear that the client has consented to the use of their safe custody assets.
- (3) Where a *firm* is acting on a *client* instruction to lend *safe custody* assets and where this constitutes consent to entering into the transaction, the *firm* should hold evidence to demonstrate this.

[Note: recital 10 to the MiFID Delegated Directive]

6.4.1C R

A *firm* must take appropriate measures to prevent the unauthorised use of *safe custody assets* for its own account or the account of any other *person*, such as:

- (1) the conclusion of agreements with *clients* on measures to be taken by the *firm* in case the *client* does not have enough provision on its account on the settlement date, such as borrowing of the corresponding securities on behalf of the *client* or unwinding the position;
- (2) the close monitoring by the *firm* of its projected ability to deliver on the settlement date;
- (3) the putting in place of remedial measures if the *firm* cannot deliver on the settlement date; and
- (4) the close monitoring and prompt requesting of undelivered securities outstanding on the settlement day and beyond.

[Note: article 5(3) of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

6.4.1D G

Examples of remedial measures in ■ CASS 6.4.1CR(3) can be found in ■ CASS 6.6.54R.

6.4.2 G

Firms are reminded of the *client's best interests rule*, which requires the *firm* to act honestly, fairly and professionally in accordance with the best interests of their *clients*. For any transactions involving *retail clients* carried out under this section the *FCA* expects that:

- (1) the *firm* ensures that *relevant collateral* is provided by the borrower in favour of the *client*:
- (2) the current realisable value of the *safe custody asset* and of the *relevant collateral* is monitored daily; and
- (3) the *firm* provides *relevant collateral* to make up the difference where the current realisable value of the collateral falls below that of the *safe custody asset*, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the *client*.

6.4.2A



A *firm* must adopt specific arrangements for all *clients* to ensure that the borrower of *client safe custody assets* provides the appropriate collateral and that the *firm* monitors the continued appropriateness of such collateral and

takes the necessary steps to maintain the balance with the value of the client safe custody assets.

[Note: article 5(4) of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

G 6.4.2B The requirement to monitor collateral under ■ CASS 6.4.2AR applies to a firm where it is party to a securities financing transaction, including when acting as an agent for the conclusion of a securities financing transaction or in the case of a tripartite transaction between a borrower, a client and the firm.

[Note: recital 9 to the MiFID Delegated Directive]

6.4.3 Where a firm uses safe custody assets as permitted in this section, the records of the firm must include details of the client on whose instructions the use of the safe custody assets has been effected, as well as the number of safe custody assets used belonging to each client who has given consent, so as to enable the correct allocation of any loss.

[Note: article 5(2), second sub-paragraph of the MiFID Delegated Directive]

CASS 6/4